Development Partner Profile

Caribbean Development Bank

Summary
This development partner profile showcases different dimensions of performance and the distribution of development finance of the Caribbean Development Bank. The information below was compiled from two sources: AidData’s 2014 Reform Efforts Survey and 2004-2013 Core Database. The 2014 Reform Efforts Survey asked public, private, and civil society leaders in 126 low- and middle-income countries questions about the most pressing problems they face, their top policy priorities, and how aid agencies can partner with them most effectively. Leaders evaluated the degree to which the Caribbean Development Bank’s influenced the policy agenda (n=47), provided useful advice (n=36), and how helpful this development partner was in implementation (n=17). The 2004-2013 Core Database represents the most comprehensive dataset tracking international development finance.

Where does the Caribbean Development Bank's Development Finance go?

Top Partner Countries
(in millions USD by % of development finance)
1. Jamaica (30%, 353.6)
2. St. Lucia (9%, 100.3)
3. St. Vincent & Grenadines (8%, 95.2)
4. Belize (8%, 93.6)
5. Grenada (8%, 90.7)
6. Barbados (6%, 74.7)
7. Antigua & Barbuda (5%, 56.6)
8. St. Kitts & Nevis (5%, 56.1)
9. Dominica (4%, 45.9)
10. Anguilla (3%, 34.8)

Source: AidData’s 2004-2013 Core Database

Distribution of the Caribbean Development Bank's Development Finance, 2004-2013 (millions of USD)

Source: AidData’s 2004-2013 Core Database

In which countries is the Caribbean Development Bank performing the best?

Influences the policy agenda (0-5)

Jamaica
Belize
Guyana
Haiti

Provides useful advice* (1-5)

Jamaica
Haiti
Belize
Guyana

Helpful in implementation (0-5)

Jamaica
Belize
Guyana

Source: AidData’s 2014 Reform Efforts Survey, Q14, Q21, Q25

* The usefulness of advice scale ranged from 1 to 5.

Source: AidData’s 2014 Reform Efforts Survey, Q14, Q21, Q25

The amount of development finance is log-transformed to account for skewed distribution of aid across sectors.

Source: AidData’s 2004-2013 Core Database and 2014 Reform Efforts Survey, Q14, Q21
How do in-country stakeholders perceive the Caribbean Development Bank’s performance?

**Influences the policy agenda**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Caribbean Development Bank</th>
<th>Average Development Partner</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Survey respondents gave an average score of 2.5 to the Caribbean Development Bank’s agenda-setting influence, 0.6 above the average country.

Source: AidData’s 2014 Reform Efforts Survey, Q14, Q21, Q25

**Provides useful advice***

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Caribbean Development Bank</th>
<th>Average Development Partner</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Survey respondents gave a score of 4.0 to the Caribbean Development Bank’s usefulness of advice.

*The usefulness of advice scale ranged from 1 to 5.

**Helpful in implementation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Caribbean Development Bank</th>
<th>Average Development Partner</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Survey respondents gave a score of 3.5 to the Caribbean Development Bank’s helpfulness in policy reform implementation.

The Caribbean Development Bank’s Useful Advice, Amount of Development Finance, and Influence by Policy Area

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level of Usefulness of Advice (1-5)</th>
<th>Log of Development Finance (USD in millions)**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Governance: land, decentralization, anti-corruption & transparency, democracy, public administration, justice & security, tax, customs, and public expenditure management
Economic: macroeconomic management, trade, business regulatory environment, investment, labor, energy & mining, infrastructure, and finance, credit & banking
Environment & Social: health, education, family & gender, social protection & welfare, environmental protection, and agriculture & rural development

* The amount of development finance is log-transformed to account for skewed distribution of aid across sectors.

Source: AidData’s 2004-2013 Core Database and 2014 Reform Efforts Survey, Q14, Q21

Citation