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FINAL EVALUATION OF USAID/CAMBODIA'S POLITICAL PROCESSESS AND REFORMS PROGRAM

February 2019

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FINAL EVALUATION OF USAID/CAMBODIA'S POLITICAL PROCESSES AND REFORMS PROGRAM

FINAL REPORT

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ACRONYMS

CNRP	Cambodian National Rescue Party
CPP	Cambodian People's Party
CPPR	Cambodia Political Processes and Reforms Program
CSO	Civil Society Organization
FUNCINPEC	National United Front for an Independent, Neutral, Peaceful and Cooperative Cambodia
FY	Fiscal Year
LDP	League for Democracy Party
NDI	National Democratic Institute
MOC	My Own Commune program
SMS	Short Message Service (text messaging using standard communication protocols)
SOW	Statement of Work
TNS	Kantar TNS Cambodia
USAID	United States Agency for International Development

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents the results of a randomized control trial to evaluate new community-based interventions for women's political engagement in Cambodia, which dovetails with USAID-funded efforts to work with the parties to increase women's representation in politics. The intervention focuses on treating entire communes: individuals are asked to nominate women in their community to run for office, and these women are subsequently notified and encouraged to put themselves forward for the party lists for commune council. A second treatment arm combines these nominations with facilitated workshops to explore synergies between different types of community-based interventions.

EVALUATION PURPOSE AND EVALUATION QUESTIONS

This evaluation focuses on two main questions corresponding to two potential barriers that can hinder women from putting themselves forward as candidates: 1) extrinsic, where women are not actively encouraged to run for office; and 2) intrinsic, where women lack political efficacy¹ or interest in running for office. The first explores ways to lower community barriers to entry for female candidates in local office, while the second explores ways to improve the civic engagement of women.

The evaluation questions for this study are as follows:

Lowering barriers to entry for female candidates in local office

- Did the intervention increase the number (and share) of women running for commune council?
- Are there differences in these figures among parties?

Improving civic engagement of women

- Did the intervention improve the political efficacy of women?
 - Improved political knowledge
 - Improved awareness of policy issues
- Did the intervention reduce gaps in political participation and access for women?
 - Participation in community activities
 - Voting and participation in political activities

PROJECT BACKGROUND

Addressing the political participation of women is important because the gender imbalance among Cambodian elected representatives is especially acute at the local level: elections results from 2007 indicate that less than 15% of members of commune council are female. While the

¹ Used here in the broadest sense – whether citizens believe that they have a say in government and what is their sense of confidence in understanding and influence government affairs.

number of women candidates increased in 2012 to 25.4%, only 18% actually won office (NEC 2012). In addition to empowering groups traditionally excluded from politics, encouraging women to run for office has the added benefit of improving electoral competition. For the women involved, these interventions also have the potential to contribute to a greater sense of political efficacy and continued involvement in politics.

Further, while there have been a number of information campaigns targeted at educating and empowering women for politics, there are no similar initiatives aimed at improving the candidate selection process. For political reforms to succeed, it is important not only to educate women about responsible voting, but also to provide them with viable choices on the ballot.

EVALUATION DESIGN, METHODS AND LIMITATIONS

Consistent with the evaluation questions outlined above, the first part of the treatment used a community-based treatment to address the external factors motivating candidacy. Entire communities were treated with a community-based nomination intervention. Individuals were asked to nominate a woman that they know to run for office by texting the person's name and number into an SMS-based system, which aggregated all of the nominations and created a list of potential nominees for further contact. Those women nominated were subsequently encouraged to seek office.

In each interaction, an enumerator administered a short information treatment about the importance of encouraging women to run for office. Then respondents were asked to provide nominations that meet the following criteria: (i) women that they think would be good candidates for commune council; and (ii) women that they know personally (i.e. the nominee's cell phone number is an existing contact in the respondent's phone). They submitted these nominations via our SMS text system, which aggregated the nominations and counted the number of referrals and nominations for each individual.

The second phase of this work then addressed the concern that women may be choosing not to run because of a perceived lack of political knowledge or experience. Using the list generated from our SMS text system, the team then contacted the individual nominees and informed them that members of their community have nominated them to run for commune council. Individuals nominated were provided with information on the candidacy process as well as the role of political parties. They were also invited to opt into a list of candidates that was shared directly with parties, in order to provide parties with a broader pool of candidates to select for their party lists. The nominees were able to choose to share their information with one or more parties, or no parties at all. Nominees could also opt out of further contact and could stop participation in the program at any point.

This intervention has natural synergies with existing programs under CPPR, and as such was implemented as a two-arm treatment with the My Own Commune (MOC) program, implemented by the National Democratic Institute (NDI). MOC consists of workshops and other programming centered around civil society partners in the communes.

Communes were randomly assigned to treatment and control status. For this, secondary data was used to generate the partition of three-commune sets that minimize the differences between the communes in each set (analogous to pair-wise matching using Mahalanobis distance).

Within each triplet of three communes, one was randomly assigned to receive the first treatment arm (SMS only), one randomly assigned to receive the second treatment arm (SMS and MOC), and the third designated as a control commune in which no interventions were implemented. 50 communes were assigned to each of these 3 groups. There was no placebo status.

The data collection for the evaluation combined both household survey results and secondary data from election results (such as the number and gender breakdown of candidates for office). The surveys consisted of a midline and an endline.²

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

Across the 100 communes in the two treatment groups, 494 women agreed to put themselves forward for consideration for the candidate lists of a party after being notified that members of their community nominated them to run for office. 433 of these women opted for the CPP, while 61 women chose the CNRP or other parties. Out of the 433 women choosing to submit their information for the CPP lists, 87 also chose to share their information with at least one other party in addition to the CPP.

The CPP accepted 106 women out of the 433 (24.4%), while the CNRP accepted 3 women out of the 126 (2.4%). At the same time, the CNRP also tended to place these women higher on their lists, suggesting that while the party was very careful about whether to accept women interested in running under their banner, they prioritized their ranking on their list. Out of the women participating in our program, 43 were elected, with 40 elected under the CPP and 3 elected under the CNRP.

In terms of the main treatment effects, the intervention significantly increased women's candidacy for commune council, both in terms of the total number of women running and the share of women candidates. The treatment communes have 3 more female candidates than comparable control communes, an increase of 19% over the average number of female candidates in the control communes. The treatment also increased the relative share of female candidates by almost 2.5 percentage-points.

At the same time, there is no evidence of synergies with existing workshop-based interventions. The treatment effects are largely driven by the community-based SMS nominations intervention, and the treatment arm that combines this intervention with community workshops has smaller treatment effects. Note that this does not necessarily imply that the workshops are ineffective: to the contrary, the MOC part of the treatment faced even more implementation difficulties.

² Initially a baseline survey was planned, but was canceled due to sensitive political conditions. Given that the baseline survey was canceled, the analysis of the survey data focuses on results from the endline survey instead of panel analysis.

Many of the workshop activities were cancelled and the implementing partner was forced to cease all in-country operations in the middle of our study period.

The results on individual-level political and social engagement were more modest. Women in treatment groups were not significantly more likely to engage in other political activities (such as attending and participating in village meetings, contacting politicians, or voting) than women in the control group. There were modest effects on social engagement: women in treatment groups were more likely to report associational memberships and tended to have more contacts on their phones than women in the control group. Notably, there were also changes in the perception of social issues: women in the treatment group were more likely to report that women's rights are one of the most important issues facing the country.

EVALUATION PURPOSE & EVALUATION QUESTIONS

EVALUATION PURPOSE

This evaluation is the first application of a randomized control trial to evaluate the impact of programs under the Cambodia Political Processes and Reforms (CPPR) initiative. The CPPR is intended to "improve political competition and government accountability" in Cambodia, with particular attention to increasing the participation of women and underrepresented groups in electoral and political processes. Although there are no government policies actively restricting civic engagement of women, there are still substantial gaps across a number of issue areas. Many of the barriers are linked to socio-economic circumstances, such as adverse work environments or lack of education, but culture and norms can play a role as well. In addition to empowering groups traditionally excluded from politics, encouraging women to participate in politics promotes improved electoral competition and increased incentives for politicians to address issues of concern for these groups.

A number of interventions promoting civic engagement of women have been attempted in Cambodia. Examples include voter education programs, citizen and candidate forums, community-level workshops, and information campaigns. These programs are popular and largely successful in terms of participation—recipients are engaged and participate readily, and many of the activities have been successfully sustained and extended to other areas. However, rigorous impact evaluation results are not available in order to link these programs to broader outcomes for civic engagement of women. The lack of data and the fact that there are numerous civil society organizations (CSOs) and development agencies operating in the governance space make it difficult to attribute causal effects to any single program. Furthermore, the inability to identify effective program components makes it difficult to generate policy-relevant and actionable lessons from these activities.

This evaluation focuses on community-based approaches to lowering the social barrier to entry for women in Cambodian politics. The treatment uses a community-based SMS nominations system to address the external factors motivating candidacy by involving the community in nominating women that they think would be good candidates for local office, and encouraging these women to put themselves forward as candidates. In a second treatment arm, this community nomination intervention is combined with more traditional workshop-based programming supported by USAID Cambodia and implemented by the National Democratic Institute (NDI).

EVALUATION QUESTIONS

This evaluation focuses on two main questions corresponding to two potential barriers that can hinder women from putting themselves forward as candidates: 1) extrinsic, where women are not actively encouraged to run for office; and 2) intrinsic, where women lack political efficacy³ or interest in running for office. The first explores ways to lower community barriers to entry for female candidates in local office, while the second explores ways to improve the civic engagement of women. Building on these potential barriers, the two treatment arms focus on interventions not only for women considering running for office, but for their community as a whole. The first treatment arm uses a community-based SMS nominations system to address the external factors motivating candidacy by involving the community in nominating women that they think would be good candidates for local office, and encouraging these women to put themselves forward as candidates. The second treatment arm combines this intervention with more traditional workshop-based programming.

The evaluation questions for this study are as follows:

Lowering barriers to entry for female candidates in local office

- Did the intervention increase the number (and share) of women running for commune council?
- Are there differences in these figures among parties?

Improving civic engagement of women

- Did the intervention improve the political efficacy of women?
 - Improved political knowledge
 - Improved awareness of policy issues
- Did the intervention reduce gaps in political participation and access for women?
 - Participation in community activities
 - Voting and participation in political activities

In terms of measurement, because civic engagement is a broad concept, in addition to examining the direct effect of the intervention on women's candidacy, the evaluation also measured indicators corresponding to other related program objectives under CPPR, such as individual perceptions and political views, and community-level engagement, measured using midline and endline surveys. At the same time, our ability to explore many of the broader civic engagement outcomes is limited because of political sensitivity. This sensitivity impacted the evaluation in two main aspects. First, many of the modules on political activities and political attitudes were removed from the midline and endline. Second, we were unable to conduct the follow-up survey of nominees and candidates, limiting our ability to explore specific mechanisms at the individual nominee level.

³ Used here in the broadest sense – whether citizens believe that they have a say in government and what is their sense of confidence in understanding and influence government affairs.

PROJECT BACKGROUND

The CPPR initiative is intended to "improve political competition and government accountability" in Cambodia, with particular attention to increasing the participation of women and youth in electoral and political processes. The focus on the civic engagement of women and youth stems from country-specific objectives to bridge gaps in participation and engagement. Although there are no government policies actively restricting civic engagement of women and youth, there are still substantial gaps across a number of issue areas. Many of the barriers are linked to socio-economic circumstances, such as adverse work environments or lack of education, but culture and norms can play a role as well. In addition to empowering groups traditionally excluded from politics, encouraging women and youth to participate in politics promotes improved electoral competition and increased incentives for politicians to address issues of concern for these groups.

At the same time, because the research on participation in Cambodia suggests that the participation gap for youth may stem largely from life-cycle effects,⁴ this evaluation focuses on the effectiveness of interventions for increasing women's political engagement. In addition, because these groups differ in their mode of engagement (even if there is substantial overlap between the groups in the form of young women), focusing on one or the other allows the use of more targeted interventions. Furthermore, designing an intervention and evaluation targeted to one group allows for a clearer test of the specific hypotheses.

Addressing the political participation of women is important because the gender imbalance among Cambodian elected representatives is especially acute at the local level: elections results from 2007 indicate that less than 15% of members of commune council are female. While the number of women candidates increased in 2012 to 25.4%, only 18% actually won office (NEC 2012).

In addition to empowering groups traditionally excluded from politics, encouraging women to run for office has the added benefit of improving democratic processes by better reflecting the viewpoints of constituents and adding new perspectives to policy-making (Holman 2015; Barnes 2012; Barnes 2016; O'Brien 2018; Barnes and Holman 2019). Clayton, O'Brien, and Piscopo also find implications for legitimacy: their survey experiments show that the presence of women on decision-making panels can legitimize decisions.

Furthermore, research from other decentralized consolidating democracies (such as the Philippines and Indonesia) demonstrates that national level politicians tend to get their start in local-level offices (Labonne et. al. 2019). This suggests an important implication of local level initiatives to broaden the pool of candidates for office: if candidate quality and competition can be increased at the lowest level of government, the quality of future leaders at higher levels can

⁴ See, e.g., Eng and Hughes (2017) on how Cambodian youth are engaging with politics in different ways and through different avenues, such as social media.

be improved. Furthermore, the practice of engaging in politics, even at the local level, will contribute to a greater sense of political efficacy and continued involvement in politics.

This intervention builds on efforts in other countries to improve the numbers of women holding political office. In terms of candidacy, Fox and Lawless (2010) find a wide gender gap for political recruitment: even qualified and well-connected women are less likely to be recruited to run for office than men in similar circumstances. Nor are women seeking office on their own: Preece, Stoddard and Fisher (2016) show that women were less likely to respond to recruitment efforts than men. Relatedly, using survey experiments, Kanthak and Woon (2015) find that men and women volunteer for positions at similar rates, but when a position required an election, women's willingness to volunteer dropped from 82.2% to 50% even if the positions were identical. By contrast, men were willing to be considered for election at similar rates that they were willing to volunteer, suggesting that women are more risk averse, which translates to election aversion. Fox and Lawless (2011) similarly present evidence for greater "internal" barriers for women's participation using survey data. They find that even when men and women have similar professions, education, income, and levels of political interest, women are less likely to see themselves as qualified for political participation. These differences in perception could not be explained by differences in credentials or other factors, suggesting that many of the barriers to women's participation are perceptions-based. But "external" barriers and perceptions also matter: Huddy and Terkildsen (1993) find evidence of stereotypical voter expectations, that men have more expertise on military matters while women have more expertise on "soft" issues, that are linked to gender stereotypes about men and women's personality traits. Bauer (2014) extends this work by showing that these stereotypes affect electability, but only when the issue of gender is explicitly activated in the campaign.

Closest to this evaluation's intervention is work by Karpowitz, Monson and Preece (2017), who use a field experiment to explore the determinants of women's candidacy and subsequent electoral success. Their treatment addresses both the "supply" of women candidates and the voter "demand" for women candidates using a three-arm treatment: (i) having party leaders invite women to run for office, (ii) encouraging voters to elect female candidates, (iii) combining both the "supply" and "demand" treatments. They find that both treatments were individually effective, and combining the treatments yielded the largest effects.

The design of this intervention builds on the previous work on individual-level determinants and constraints for participation by combining it with community-level factors, in recognition of the social and community-level barriers to women's participation. First, even if global norms are indicating popular support for women's inclusion in politics in the abstract, this is not translating to a dismantling of social barriers at the community and household level. Even in advanced democracies, gender stereotypes still hamper the perception of women in both the workplace (see, e.g., Heilman 2012) and the political arena (see, e.g., Huddy and Terkildsen 1993; Sanbonmatsu 2002).

Second, the literature on individual motivations for women to become involved in politics center on the notion of intrinsic vs. extrinsic motivation. Are women driven by external factors such as potential compensation, limitations on their time, and institutional or economic constraints? Or are the important factors largely internal, in that women lack political efficacy or interest in politics? These factors also have implications for the design of interventions:

Holman and Schneider (2016) find that even the way that the gap in women’s participation is presented has important implications for women’s political ambition. One puzzle in the literature is the generally low rate of women’s participation in politics across countries, despite variations in institutional constraints as well as the extrinsic and intrinsic factors that we would expect to matter.

As a result, this evaluation contributes to the research on women’s political engagement by focusing on the social aspect of political influence in addition to individual-level factors. The literature on gender and political engagement tends to focus on factors that are largely within the individual’s control: whether she votes, whether she joins a party, whether she attends an assembly or a rally, or whether she stands for office. At the same time, in addition to understanding these individual-level factors, it is just as important to understand how those traits and activities are perceived by the broader community (Cruz and Tolentino, 2019). For example, in many contexts, women’s involvement in politics may not be seen as socially acceptable, even when there are no formal restrictions on their roles and involvement in politics. Even in political environments where women’s involvement is encouraged, women may still face social or cultural barriers: in many cases, women are expected to be more engaged in their communities, with greater social and familial responsibilities. In other words, it is not only that there are differential barriers to women’s participation in politics, but the social perceptions and community assessment of these activities may themselves be gendered (Cruz and Tolentino, 2019).

BARRIERS TO WOMEN’S POLITICAL PARTICIPATION IN CAMBODIA

These social barriers are especially relevant in Cambodia. For example, a 2012 study by the International Foundation for Electoral Systems showed strong support for women’s participation in politics among Cambodians: 77 percent strongly supported women serving in Commune Councils, 67 percent strongly supported women serving in the National Assembly and 60 percent strongly supported women heading a political party. However, women are still underrepresented at both the national and commune level and face myriad gender-based socioeconomic barriers to entering politics, including lower literacy rates, an emphasis on the need for women to focus themselves as the moral and economic keystone of their household, common understanding of politics as “a man’s world,” and so on. In particular, gender stereotyping under *chbab srey*, a traditional code of conduct legitimating gender inequality, can inhibit women’s participation in politics.

While there have been a number of information campaigns targeted at educating and empowering women for politics in Cambodia, there are no similar initiatives aimed at improving the candidate selection process. For political reforms to succeed, it is important not only to educate women about responsible voting, but also to provide them with viable choices on the ballot.

CAMBODIA’S POLITICAL CLIMATE

In addition to social barriers to women’s political participation, an important factor in political engagement more broadly is the changing nature of Cambodia’s political climate. The time period covered by the intervention and the subsequent surveys also coincided with increasing political tensions in Cambodia, especially leading up to the July 29, 2018 general elections. Even

if the changes in the political climate did not differentially affect women, the tensions did affect the timing and processes of the project. In particular, the baseline survey was canceled, the midline and endline surveys faced delays and required revisions to the political modules, and a crucial survey of women candidates and nominees had to be canceled outright. More information about the political climate and the timeline of political events during the study period are available in the Annex.

EVALUATION METHODS & LIMITATIONS

This evaluation is the first use of a randomized control trial (RCT) to evaluate CPPR program activities, and only one of a handful of RCTs among other USAID programs in Cambodia. This is because while a number of interventions promoting civic engagement of women have been attempted in Cambodia, evaluation results are not always able to link these programs to broader outcomes for civic engagement.

Examples include voter education programs, citizen and candidate forums, community-level workshops, and information campaigns. These programs are popular and largely successful in terms of participation—recipients are engaged and participate readily, and many of the activities have been sustained and extended to other areas. However, impact evaluations of these programs are largely qualitative, making it difficult to attribute causal effects to any single program. Furthermore, the inability to identify effective program components makes it difficult to generate policy-relevant and actionable lessons from these activities. In this context, this evaluation was designed both to understand the causal effect of interventions to improve women’s political engagement, as well as the subsequent mechanisms behind any effects.

Consistent with the evaluation questions outlined above, the first part of the treatment addresses the external factors motivating candidacy. Entire communities are treated by having individuals nominate women in their community that they think would be good candidates for commune council, and subsequently encouraging these women to seek office. Each respondent is asked to nominate a woman that they know to run for office by texting the person’s name and number into an SMS system, which aggregated all of the nominations and created a list of potential nominees for further contact.

For each nomination solicited, an enumerator administered a short information treatment about the importance of encouraging women to run for office. Then respondents are asked to provide nominations that meet the following criteria: (i) women that they think would be good candidates for commune council; and (ii) women that they know personally (i.e. the nominee’s cell phone number is an existing contact in the respondent’s phone). These nominations are submitted via an SMS text system, which aggregated the nominations and counted the number of referrals and nominations for each individual.

The second phase of this work then addressed the concern that women may be choosing not to run because of a perceived lack of political knowledge or experience. Using the list generated from our SMS system, the team then contacted the individual nominees and informed them that members of their community have nominated them to run for commune council. Individuals nominated were provided with information on the candidacy process as well as the role of political parties. They were also invited to opt into a list of candidates that was shared directly with parties, in order to provide parties with a broader pool of candidates to select for their party lists. The nominees were able to choose to share their information with one or

more parties, or no parties at all. Nominees could also opt out of further contact and participation in the program at any point.

This intervention has natural synergies with existing programs under CPPR, and as such was implemented as a two-arm treatment with the My Own Commune (MOC) program. MOC consists of workshops and other programming centered around CSO partners in the communes.⁵

RANDOMIZATION AND TREATMENT ALLOCATION

The MOC implementing partners were able to operate in 150 communes, which formed the basis for the randomization process. Within each province, secondary data was used to generate sets of three communes that are closely matched in terms of previous election results, economic conditions, and level of urbanization. This was done by identifying the partition of three-commune sets (or triplets) that minimize the difference between the communes across the variables of interest (analogous to pairwise matching using Mahalanobis distance). In other words, pairwise matching ensures that the two treatment groups and control group are similar before the treatment is assigned, strengthening the internal validity of the evaluation.

Within each triplet of three communes, one was randomly assigned to receive the first treatment arm (SMS only), one randomly assigned to receive the second treatment arm (SMS and MOC), and the third designated as a control commune in which no interventions were implemented (see Table 1). There was no placebo status.

Table 1: Treatment and Control Activities by Group

Treatment 1: 50 communes	Treatment 2: 50 communes	Control: 50 communes
SMS Nominations Only	SMS and MOC	No activities

In addition to testing the effect of the community-based SMS intervention for increasing women's political participation, the two-arm treatment approach also allows for a test of potential synergies between the community-based SMS approach and the intensive workshops. Interviews with CSOs indicated that while workshops are largely successful in raising awareness of the need to involve women candidates, women themselves were reluctant to put themselves forward as potential candidates, even after workshop-based skill-building efforts to increase confidence and the sense of political efficacy.⁶ The evaluation investigated whether the community-based nominations approach, in conjunction with these efforts, may help bridge the gap between the training and workshops at the individual level and the selection process at the party level. At the same time, because workshops have been conducted extensively in the Cambodian context (both by USAID and other international organizations) and the advantages and limitations of workshops are fairly well understood, this impact evaluation does not devote an additional treatment arm to testing the effect of workshops as a separate intervention.

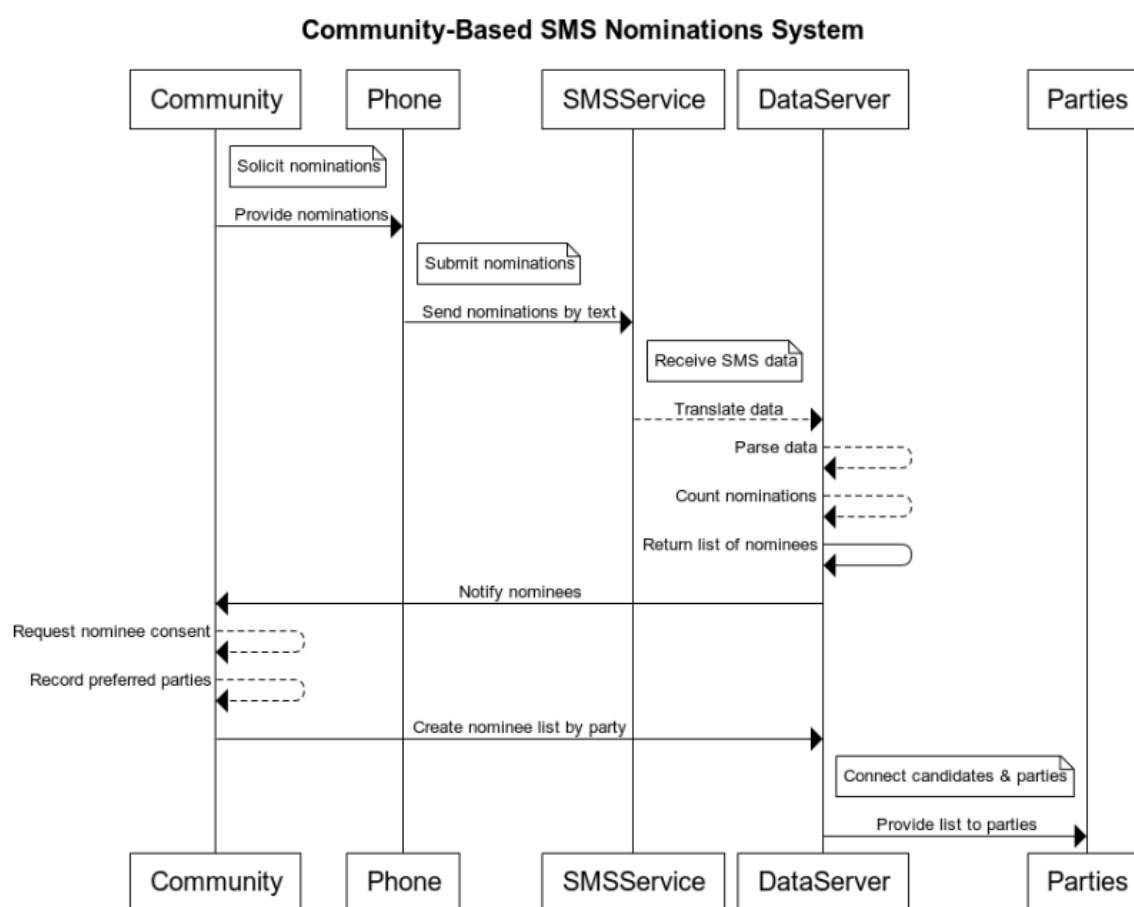
⁵ The protocol for MOC is included in the annex.

⁶ Author interviews conducted during the scoping visit (February 2015).

COMMUNITY-BASED SMS INTERVENTION

The community-based SMS intervention was divided into two phases. In Phase I, enumerators used a random walk method to solicit nominations from members of the community in a survey format. Respondents were invited to share the names of any women in their commune whom they thought would be good candidates for the commune council elections. The names, villages, and contact numbers (when available) for the women nominated were recorded and sent via SMS to a backend system (the sequence diagram (Figure 1) below illustrates the technical components of the intervention).

Figure 1: Sequence of Technical Events for Community-Based SMS Nominations



Once received, the SMS system aggregated these nominations by name and/or phone number to create a list of nominees. In total, 100 communes in 6 provinces were visited with 80 individuals interviewed per commune for this work. (The exception was one commune where 100 individuals were interviewed by mistake, giving a total of 8,020 individuals interviewed for Phase I.) From these visits, 5,697 individuals (71%) made at least one nomination and 7,455 nominations were received.

For the second phase of the SMS implementation, enumerators visited 636 women who had been nominated during Phase I. Preference for visits was given to women who had received the most nominations in their communes. During these visits, enumerators informed nominees of

the project, its purpose and that the respondent had been nominated by the individuals in their commune as a potential candidate for commune council election. The enumerator then collected basic data on the respondent and asked the nominee which party, if any, they would like to share their name and contact details with. This information was later given to the political parties in meetings held by NDI. Staff from NDI met with party representatives in order to explain the project and provide the contact information of the nominees who were interested in being considered for the party's list.

DATA COLLECTION

This evaluation combines both observable outcomes (such as the number and gender breakdown of candidates for office and election results) and survey-based measures. The surveys consist of a midline and an endline. Initially a baseline survey was planned, but was canceled due to sensitive political conditions after the elections. Given that the baseline survey was canceled, the analysis focuses on results from the endline survey instead of panel analysis.⁷

For the two data collection rounds, surveys were conducted after the implementation of the treatment interventions, and 24 individuals for each treatment and control commune were initially selected using a random walk process for the midline survey and re-surveyed for the endline survey.⁸ Each survey respondent was contacted in-person by a research team member and was asked to participate in the survey. Enumerators obtained oral consent for participation from all participants at the time of the survey.⁹ The survey generally took between 45 and 60 minutes to complete and enumerators recorded answers on a tablet. Respondents were informed that they could opt out of individual questions, or even opt out of the survey at any point.

Because of the sensitivity of political questions in the Cambodian context, the survey instrument was designed to minimize non-response and social desirability bias. Examples of the survey methodology include the use of flashcards or pictures to allow respondents to point to answers rather than state them out loud, as well as shielded response techniques for particularly sensitive items. At the same time, because the political climate of Cambodia became increasingly sensitive throughout the project period and especially after the elections, questions on political parties, which were initially designed for inclusion, were not included in either the midline or the endline. After the survey was completed, enumerators presented a token gift to the respondents for participation.¹⁰

⁷ Midline survey data is also available but not used in the analysis.

⁸ While rosters are available in some villages, they are not uniformly available in our project area.

⁹ Oral consent is preferable to written consent for the following reasons: 1) the study presents no more than minimal risk of harm to the subjects; 2) because safeguards will be taken to prevent individuals in the survey from being identified, the presence of paper forms linking respondents with the survey data would present a greater challenge to maintaining confidentiality; and 3) it is not common practice in Cambodia for respondents to sign written forms, and in the less urbanized areas, written consent runs the risk of making illiterate or semi-literate participants feel uncomfortable.

¹⁰ In Cambodia, formal payment for participation may have the adverse effect of making respondents feel obligated to participate, but a small gift of appreciation is in line with cultural norms. According to local survey teams, household goods or grocery items are appropriate gifts, typically with a value ranging from USD \$.50 – 2.00.

The use of tablets for data collection reduced the possibility of data entry errors from human encoders. Data validation processes included checking a sample of the encoded data from each enumerator, as well as statistical verification to detect anomalies in the data. Data confidentiality was ensured at each stage of the process. The dataset is being stored in secure servers and was encrypted using industry standard protocols when in transit.

DATA ANALYSIS

The analysis compares the treatment and control groups with regard to the variables of interest in order to identify differences between the groups. Because the groups are randomly assigned at the onset, any difference between the groups can be attributed to the effects of the interventions.

The commune-level regressions will take the general form of:

$$Y_{jk} = \alpha + \beta (\text{Treatment}_j) + \gamma_k + \varepsilon_{jk}$$

where Y_{jk} is a vector of outcome variables for women's political engagement in commune j in triplet k . These outcome variables include: number of female candidates and share of women running for office. Treatment_j is an indicator taking the value of 1 if either treatment arm is implemented in commune j and 0 otherwise. In other words, Treatment_j pools the two treatment arms. Triplet-specific unobservables are represented by γ_k (triplet fixed effects) and ε_{jk} is the standard error term. Regressions disaggregating the two treatment arms are also included and take the form:

$$Y_{jk} = \alpha + \beta_1 (T1_j) + \beta_2 (T2_j) + \gamma_k + \varepsilon_{jk}$$

where Y_{jk} is the same vector of outcome variables for women's political engagement in commune j in triplet k . $T1_j$ is an indicator taking the value of 1 if the SMS-only treatment arm is implemented in commune j and 0 otherwise. $T2_j$ is an indicator taking the value of 1 if the SMS and MOC treatment arm is implemented in commune j and 0 otherwise. Triplet-specific unobservables are represented by γ_k (triplet fixed effects) and ε_{jk} is the standard error term.

The individual-level regressions take a similar form, and the main results presented compare women in the treatment groups to women in the control group:

$$Y_{ijk} = \alpha + \beta (\text{Treatment}_j) + \gamma_k + \varepsilon_{ijk}$$

where Y_{ijk} is a vector of outcome variables for the political and social engagement of individual woman i in commune j in triplet k . These outcome variables include both political variables (such as voting behavior and political knowledge) as well as social engagement variables (such as participation in community level volunteering and other activities). Treatment_j is an indicator taking the value of 1 if either treatment arm is implemented in commune j and 0 otherwise. In other words, Treatment_j pools the two treatment arms. Triplet-specific unobservables are represented by γ_k (triplet fixed effects) and ε_{ijk} is the standard error term.

Regressions for all respondents in treatment and control group (including men) were also conducted for comparison and robustness checks, but are not included because differences between the treatment and control groups are largely driven by female respondents.

LIMITATIONS

The experimental research design has a number of advantages for the Cambodian context. First, although there are many initiatives centered on improving political engagement of women and other underrepresented groups, the lack of data and multiple CSOs and development agencies operating in the space make it difficult to attribute causal effects to any single program. Moreover, the inability to identify effective program components makes it difficult to generate actionable lessons from the different activities. The use of a two-arm treatment design is intended to assess the effectiveness of USAID’s programming for women’s political engagement by directly assessing the causal effects of the initiatives.

FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

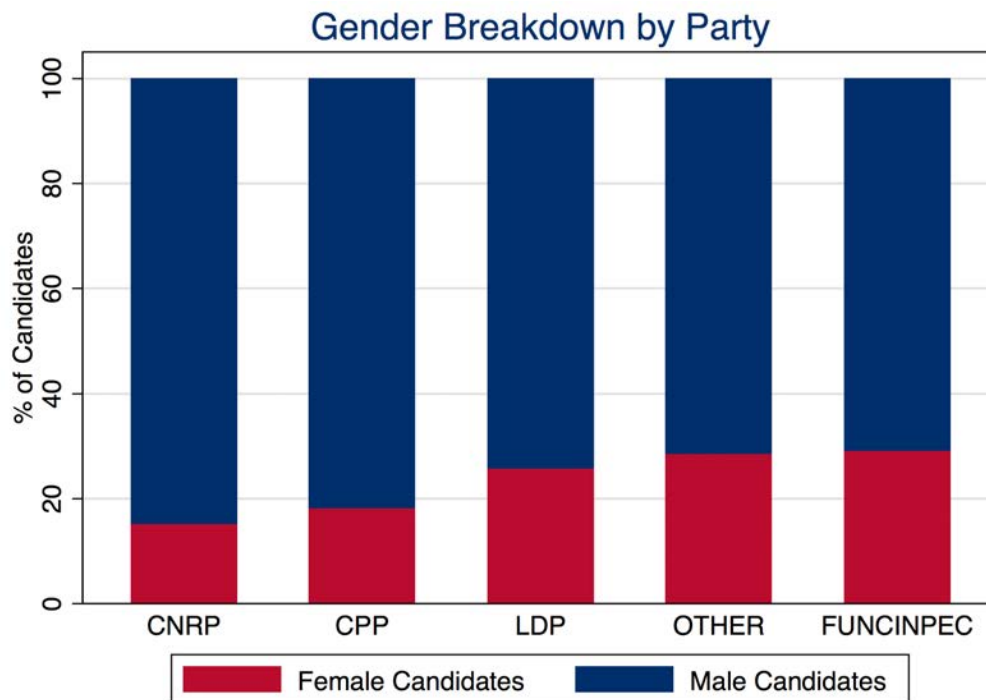
FINDINGS

Across the 100 communes in the two treatment groups, 494 women agreed to put themselves forward for consideration for the candidate lists of a party after being notified that members of their community nominated them to run for office. Women putting themselves forward for candidacy could indicate any number of political parties to submit their information to, and while 433 indicated openness to being considered by the CPP for candidacy, 61 women chose an opposition party instead, and another 87 women chose to share their information with at least one opposition party in addition to the CPP. In sum, 148 women indicated openness to sharing their information with at least one opposition party.

The parties varied in terms of including women from our intervention on their candidate lists. The CPP accepted 106 women out of the 433 (24.4%) indicating openness for their consideration. The CNRP accepted 3 women out of the 126 (2.4%) indicating openness for their consideration. At the same time, the CNRP also tended to place these women higher on their lists, suggesting that while the party was very careful about whether to accept women interested in running under their banner, they prioritized their ranking on their list.

Out of the women participating in our program, 43 were elected, with 40 elected under the CPP and 3 elected under the CNRP. Consistent with the more focused approach of the opposition parties in general, all three women that CNRP included on their list from our program were elected. None of the women in our intervention were included in any of the other party lists.

Overall, in the communes in the study area, the parties fielded slates of candidates with over 22% women. A gender breakdown of candidates by party is shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2: Gender Breakdown of Candidates by Party

Source: National Election Committee, coded by TNS

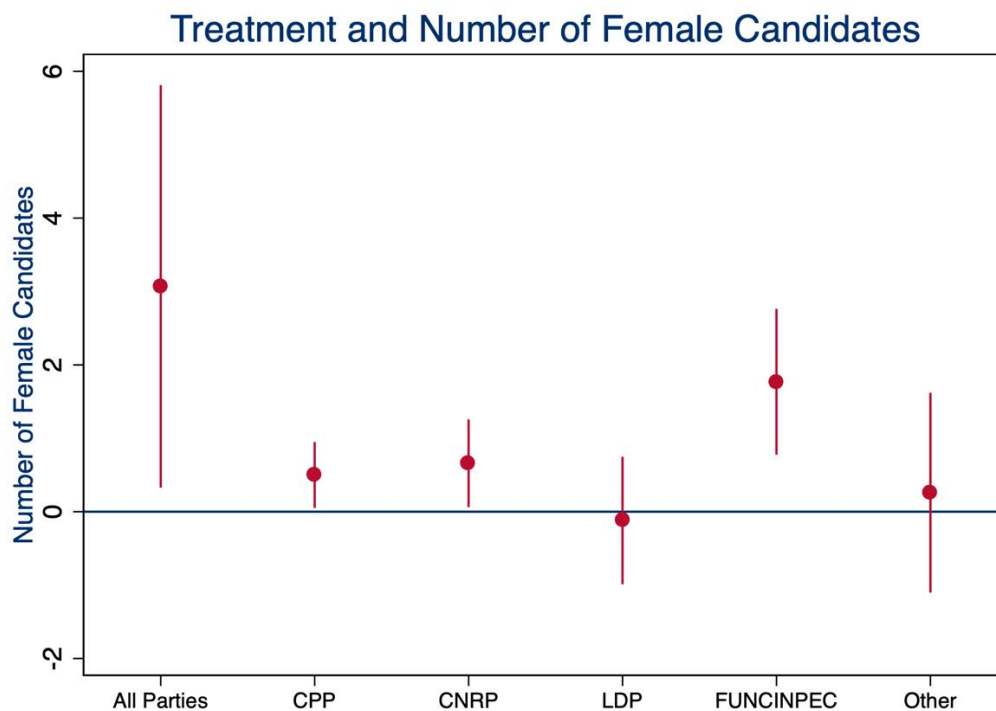
In terms of the main treatment effects, the intervention significantly increased women's candidacy for commune council, both in terms of the total number of women running and the share of women candidates.

On average, the treatment communes have 3 more female candidates than the control communes, for an average of 19 female candidates compared to the average of just under 16 female candidates in the control communes, an increase of 19%. The treatment also improves the relative share of female candidates by almost 2.5 percentage points. These are large effects especially in a context without a longstanding tradition of women in politics. To contextualize the effect, a similar pilot program in the Philippines aimed at increasing competitiveness in local elections (without regard for gender) resulted in a more modest increase of 1 additional candidate per village (Cruz and Davidson, 2015).

The positive effect on women's candidacy is also evident when breaking down this figure by party, although there are differences across parties in terms of the size of the effect.¹¹ Figures 3 and 4 present the effect of the interventions (both treatment arms pooled) on the number of female candidates and the share of female candidates, respectively. For simplicity, the coefficients (from linear regression with triplet fixed effects) are plotted in comparison to the control group, but full tables are available in the appendix (Annex VI).

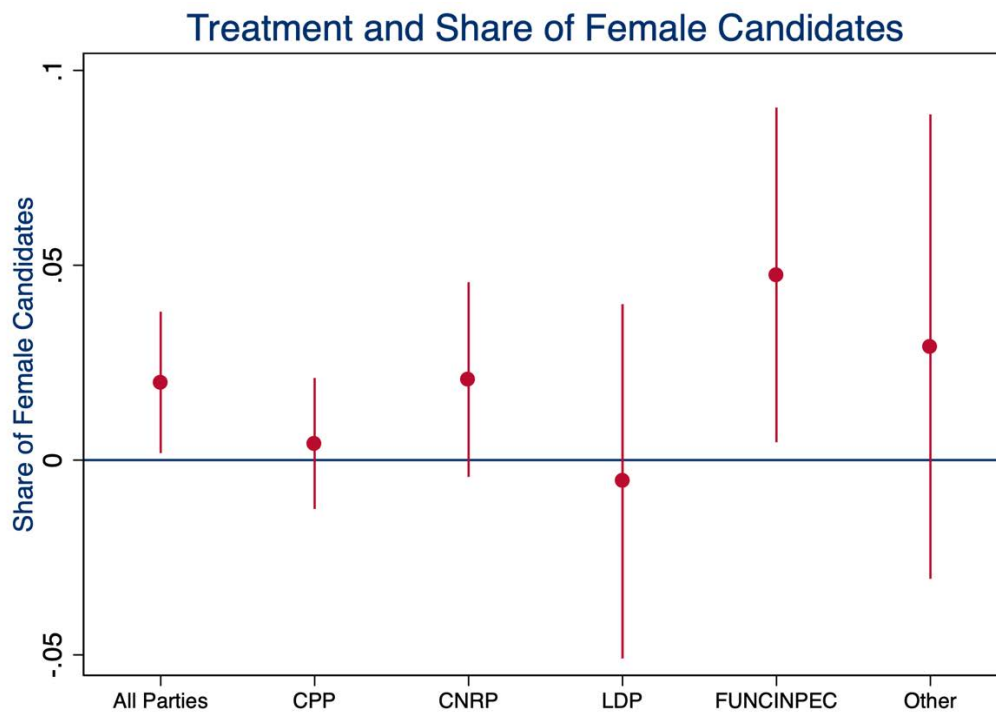
¹¹ Note that there were fewer total candidates and more missing information for the smaller parties, especially the LDP.

Figure 3: Treatment and Number of Female Candidates



Source: NORC Household Survey

Figure 4: Treatment and Share of Female Candidates



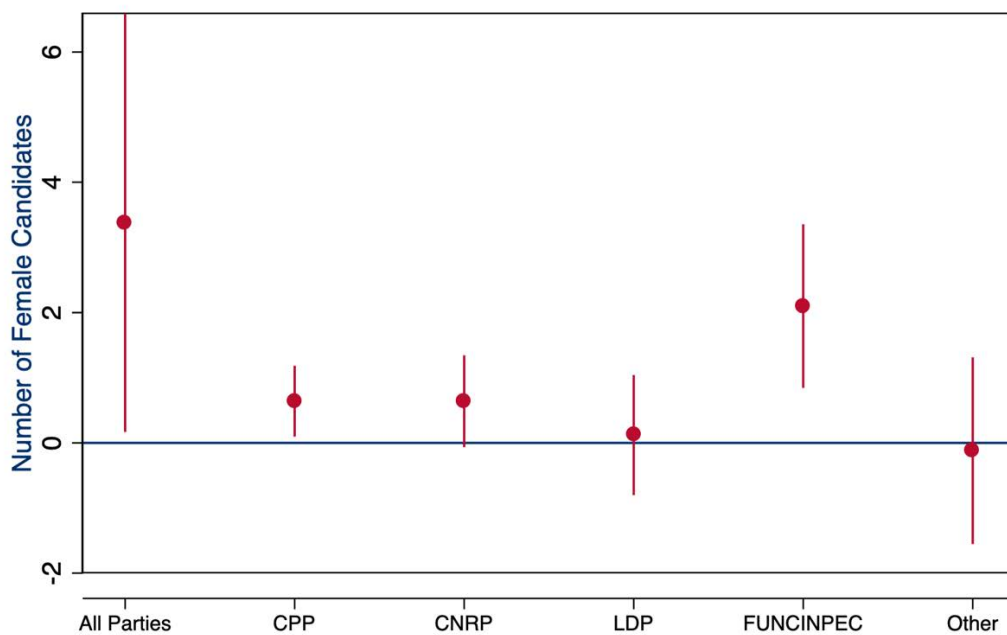
Source: NORC Household Survey

Comparing the two different treatment arms shows more robust treatment effects in the SMS-only treatment arm than when the SMS treatment is combined with the My Own Commune (MOC) workshop-based interventions. While the coefficients for the effects of the two different treatment arms are statistically indistinguishable, significant differences between the treatment and control hold only for the SMS-only treatment arm. Figures 5 and 6 present the effect on the number of candidates of the SMS-only treatment and the SMS + MOC treatment, respectively.¹²

The communes that received only the SMS nominations treatment had almost 4 more female candidates running for commune council compared to the control group, while the effect is no longer statistically significant for the SMS + MOC treatment. The individual party effects are similarly smaller when broken down by party.

Figure 5: SMS Treatment and Number of Female Candidates

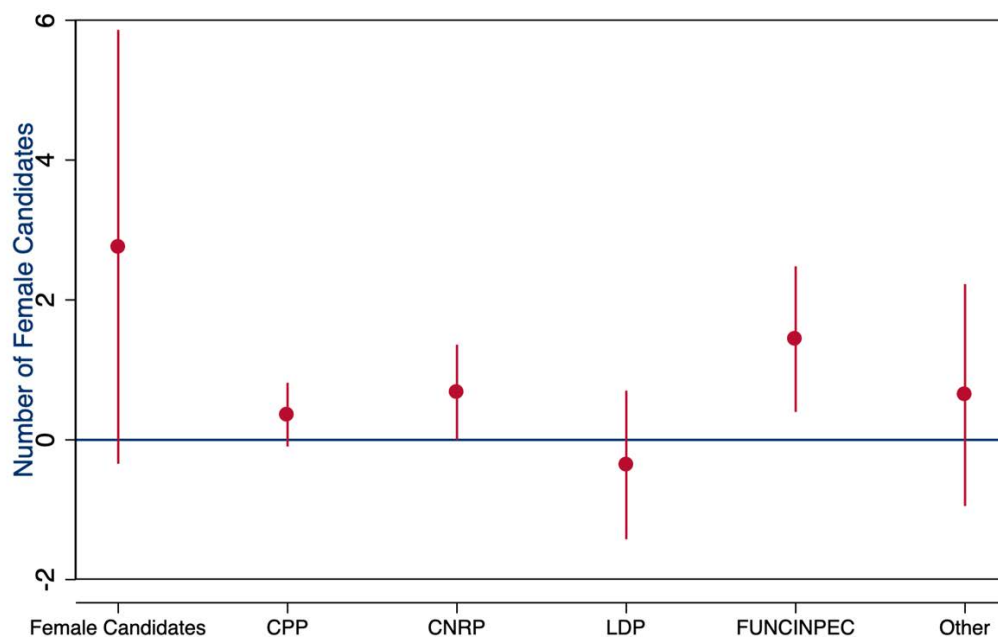
SMS Treatment and Number of Female Candidates



Source: NORC Household Survey

¹² Figures present the results of regressions as specified in the models in the previous section, however, results are substantively similar when using Bonferroni-adjusted p-values for multiple comparisons.

Figure 6: SMS + MOC Treatment and Number of Female Candidates
SMS + MOC Treatment and Number of Female Candidates

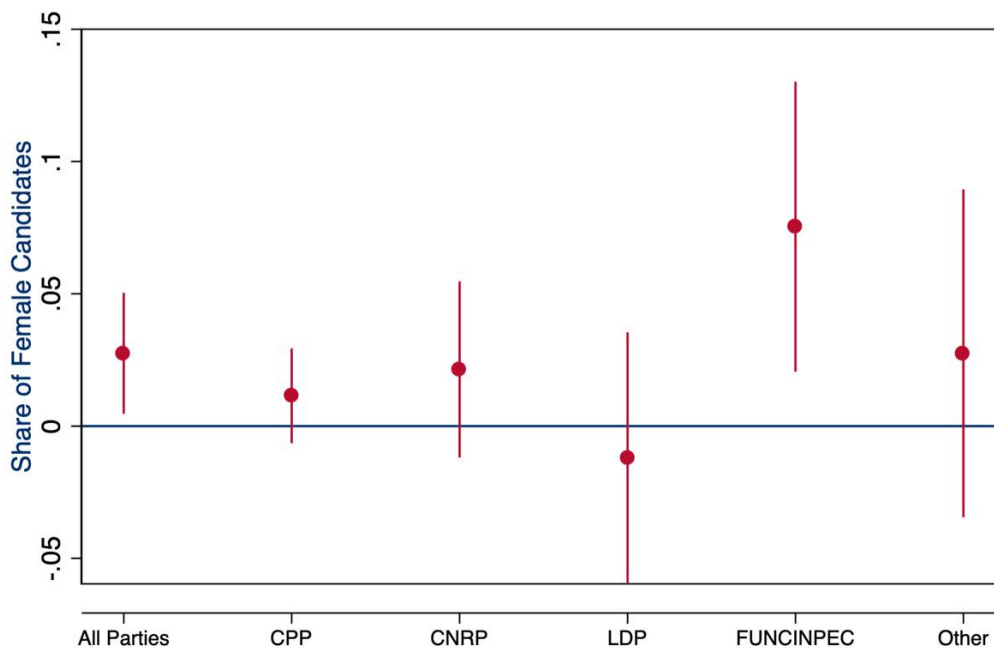


Source: NORC Household Survey

The difference between the SMS-only and SMS + MOC treatment arms is also evident in the results on share of female candidates, while the main results for the pooled treatment are largely driven by the SMS-only treatment. Figures 7 and 8 present the effect on the share of candidates of the SMS-only treatment and the SMS + MOC treatment, respectively.

Figure 7: SMS Treatment and Share of Female Candidates

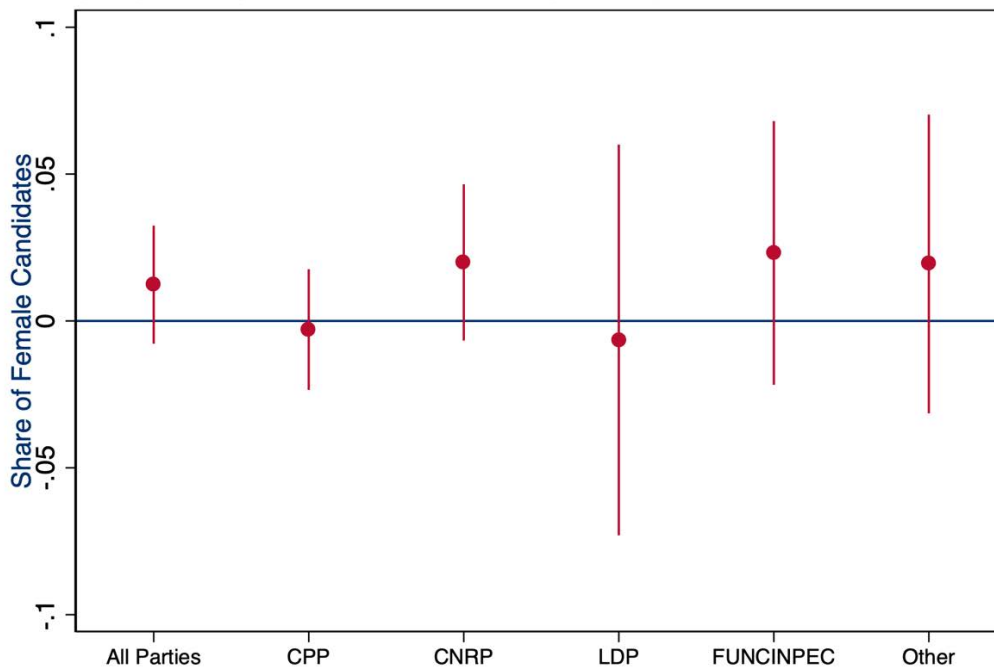
SMS Treatment and Share of Female Candidates



Source: NORC Household Survey

Figure 8: SMS + MOC Treatment and Share of Female Candidates

SMS + MOC Treatment and Share of Female Candidates



Source: NORC Household Survey

The results from comparing the two treatment arms indicate no evidence of synergies between the community-based nominations treatment and existing workshop-based gender programming conducted by USAID with the CSO partners. At the same time, we do not have enough information to definitively explain why one treatment arm worked better than the other.

One possibility is that the multiple interventions crowded each other out. Given a menu of alternative ways of participating in politics, women may have opted to participate in the workshops rather than other commune-level meetings or initiatives. If this is the case, however, it would have to take the form of modes of participation that we were not able to measure in the survey (for example, we were not able to measure involvement in political parties or campaign activities because it was too politically sensitive to ask, so there may have been a difference there), as there are no detectable differences in participation between the two treatment arms.

Another possibility is that women in the SMS and MOC treatment arm were reacting not only to the intervention, but to changes in the broader political environment. In particular, the post-election period saw unprecedented restrictions on the operations of NGOs in Cambodia. By August, the government had required that NDI cease all in-country operations. It could be that the treatment was conveying not only the training and information from the workshops, but also providing people with information about the government's shut down of the NGOs. Being part of a program that was shut down may have then resulted in lower political engagement compared to the SMS only treatment arm.

HOUSEHOLD SURVEY RESULTS

While the commune-level results indicate significant effects of the treatment on increasing the number of women seeking office, the individual-level results on political engagement of women are much more modest. This may be a result of the changing political sensitivities between the project design phase and the subsequent midline and endline surveys. The time period covered by the intervention and the subsequent surveys coincided with increasing political tensions in Cambodia, affecting not only the timelines of the project but also the evaluation tools available. In fact, many questions that were acceptable to ask at the scoping and pilot survey stage could no longer be included for consideration in the survey instruments.

The baseline survey was canceled due to delays in securing approval from the Ministry of Interior. While the implementation of the SMS-only treatment proceeded as planned, the implementation of the workshop-based MOC was affected by delays as well, culminating in a government-mandated halt to all in-country operations of the implementing partner, NDI.

While the midline and endline surveys proceeded, both faced delays and required revisions to the political modules of the survey instrument, restricting the ability to evaluate changes in party support or perception at the individual level. Most crucially, the important survey of women candidates and nominees had to be canceled outright. More information about the political climate and the timeline of political events during the study period are available in the Annex.

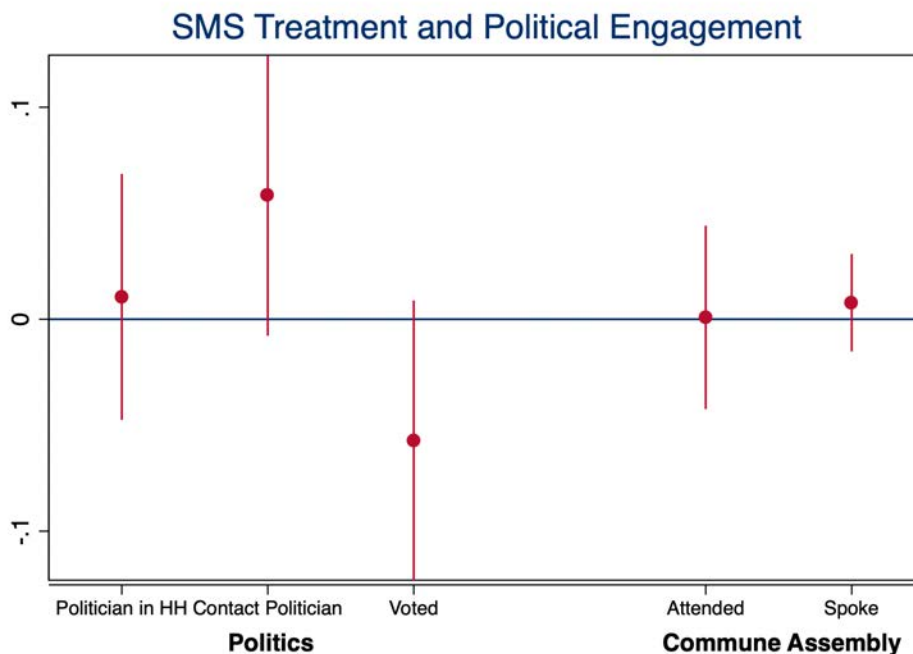
Consequently, available outcome measures are limited. The subsequent analysis focus on two main areas: political engagement and social engagement. For political engagement, we look at differences in direct political activity: 1) whether the respondent or a household member holds political office; 2) whether the respondent contacted a politician; and 3) whether the respondent voted; and involvement in commune politics: 1) whether the respondent attended a commune assembly; and 2) whether the respondent spoke at a commune assembly.

For community engagement, the measures include volunteering and membership in a variety of associations, as well as network-based measures of engagement such as the number of contacts in the respondent's cell phone and the number of friends the respondent reports engaging with in their commune.

Last, while we were not able to collect information on individual attitudes towards the political parties, we can show that there were some differences in the perceptions of which social issues were important. This comes from a module in which respondents were asked to rank social issues in terms of importance.

Despite the difficulties in conducting the data collection, there is suggestive evidence that the treatment increased the number of women contacting politicians, but this is not robust to different specifications and estimation methods. There is little difference in voting, but this is largely because of the high rates of reported voter turnout for the 2017 commune council election, at over 90%. There are also no effects on household members in office or attendance and participation in village assemblies.

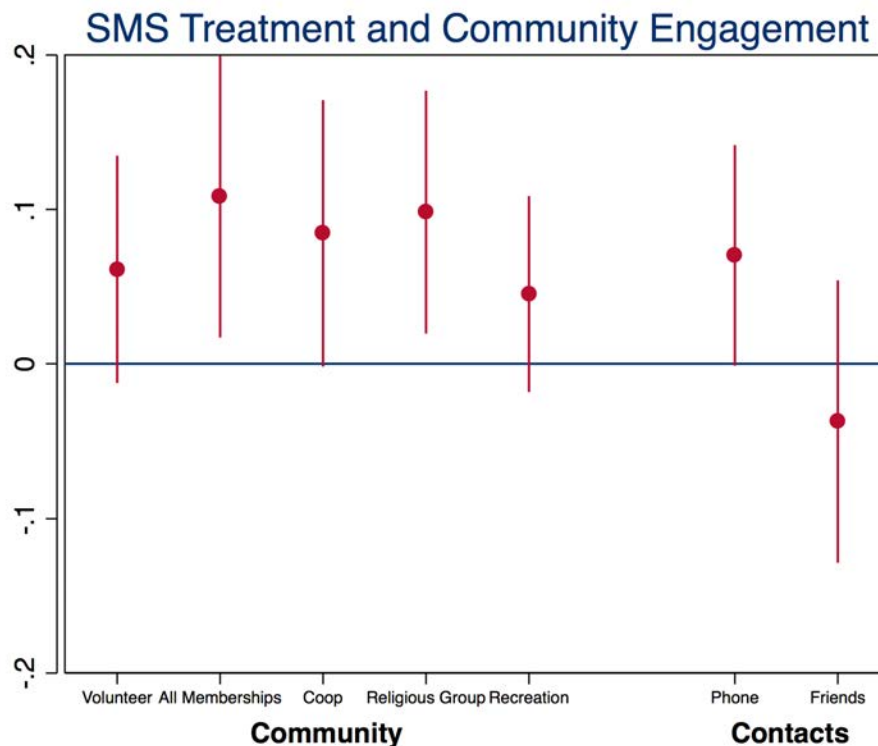
Figure 9: SMS Treatment and Political Engagement



Source: NORC Household Survey

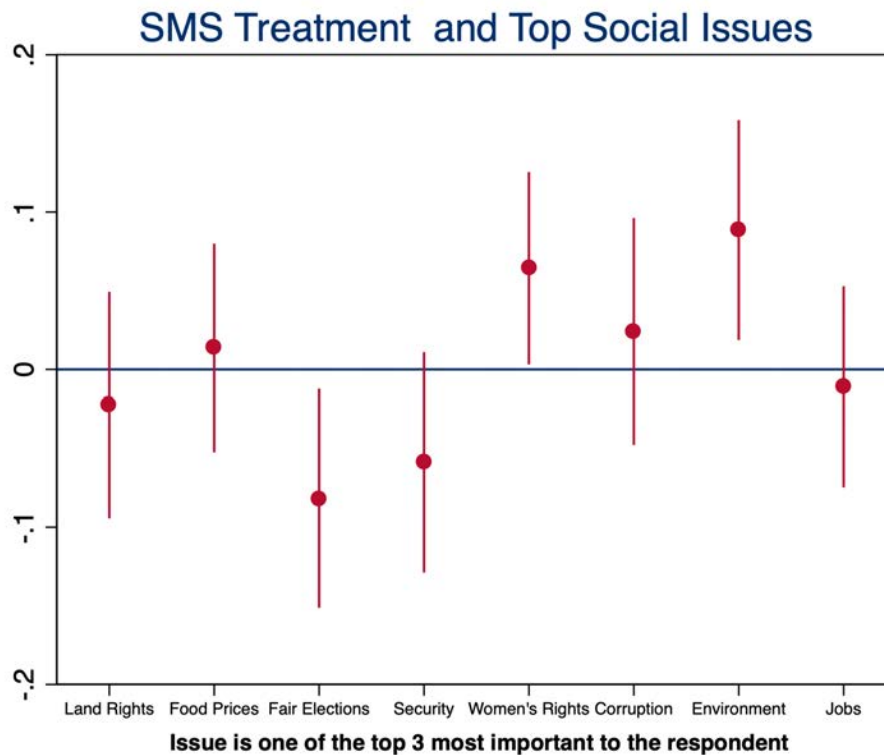
At the same time, there are notable differences among women in treatment and control villages in terms of social engagement (see Figure 10). Women in the treatment communes report more associational memberships and more contacts in their cell phones. There is also suggestive evidence of greater volunteering, but again, like the results for contacting politicians, this result is not robust to different specifications and estimation methods.

Figure 10: SMS Treatment and Community Engagement



Source: NORC Household Survey

One notable result from the survey data is the change in social perceptions of what respondents think are the most important issues (see Figure 11). These results are taken from a module in which respondents were asked to identify the most important issues to them (reporting the top 3). Respondents in treatment villages are less likely to be concerned that elections are not free and fair, suggesting that the ability to participate in nominating an individual may have contributed to greater confidence in the elections process. Women in treatment villages were also more likely to prioritize women's rights and environmental issues than women in control villages.

Figure 11: SMS Treatment and Top Social Issues

Source: NORC Household Survey

CONCLUSIONS

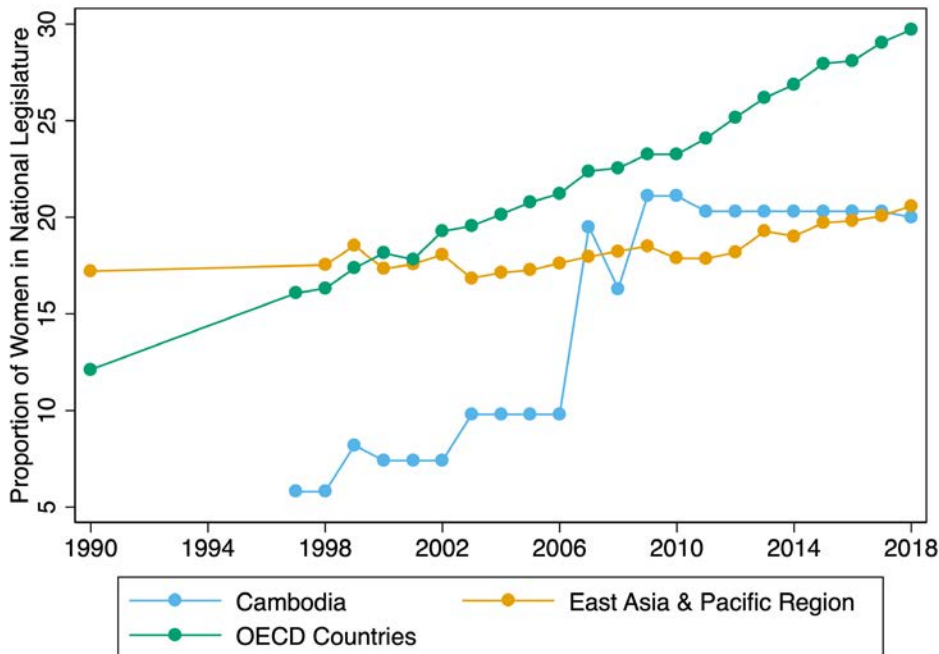
Across the 100 communes in the two treatment groups, 494 women agreed to put themselves forward for consideration for the candidate lists of a party after being notified that members of their community nominated them to run for office. Out of these 494 women participating in our program, 43 were elected to office.

The intervention significantly increased women's candidacy for commune council, both in terms of the total number of women running and the share of women candidates. The treatment communes have 3 more female candidates than control communes, an increase of 16%, and the treatment improves the relative share of female candidates by almost 2.5 percentage-points.

In terms of policy relevance, increases along these lines would be striking even in other country contexts. Despite increased attention to issues of women's inclusion worldwide, noticeable changes in the share of women in office generally take years to accomplish. For example, in Cambodia, the government has also been engaged in efforts to improve women's representation at the national parliamentary level. After a large jump in 2006, the proportion of women holding seats has held steady at around 20% since 2010. The largest year to year change was 10 percentage-points from 2006 to 2007, but most year to year changes are much more modest (the modal change is 0, and on average, the year over year changes are less than 1

percentage-point). Even developed countries and other countries in the region demonstrate changes of around 1 percentage-point or less, as presented in Figure 12.

Figure 12: Share of Women in National Legislatures in Cambodia, the East Asia and Pacific Region, and OECD Countries



Source: World Development Indicators

In terms of other forms of political and social engagement, the treatment effects are more limited. The treatment did not significantly affect the political engagement of women in the treatment groups compared to women in the control groups. However, the treatment did increase some measures of social engagement, such as associational memberships and phone contacts. Women in the treatment groups were also more likely to report that women's rights is an important issue facing Cambodia, compared to women in the control groups.

This project and the subsequent impact evaluation were conducted in an unusual time in Cambodian politics. Political tensions heightened in the lead up to the commune elections in June 2017. In August 2017, the NDI was forced to cease all in-country operations. In September 2017, Kem Sokha, the party leader of the opposition CNRP, was arrested. By December 2017, the CNRP party was dissolved. In this climate of increasing limitations on political freedoms, the treatment effects are even more notable.

The results from the impact evaluation suggest that community-based nomination treatments are effective mechanisms for increasing the number of women running for office in Cambodia. At the same time, there is no evidence of synergies with existing workshop-based gender programming conducted by CSOs. In fact, treatment effects were smaller in communes with both the community-based SMS nominations and the workshops. .

ANNEXES

ANNEX I: EVALUATION STATEMENT OF WORK

USAID/CAMBODIA CDR Impact Evaluation SMS Intervention STATEMENT OF WORK

BACKGROUND

The purpose of this task is to implement an intervention to be tested through an evaluation of USAID Cambodia Democratic Reforms (CDR) program’s activities to improve the civic engagement of women, using a randomized control trial. Existing civic engagement programs are popular and largely successful in terms of participation—recipients are engaged and participate readily, and many of the activities have been successfully sustained and extended to other areas. However, rigorous impact evaluation results are not available in order to link these programs to broader outcomes for civic engagement. As such, this evaluation will examine the extent to which the new initiatives under this program have improved civic education and political access for women. This includes (i) increased citizens’ political awareness and engagement on issues; (ii) increased civic engagement and advocacy, through both formal and informal civil society networks; and (iii) increased responsiveness from elected officials and government institutions. The evaluation is being carried out by NORC, the evaluator, in cooperation with NDI, which is implementing the CDR program.

Evaluation Questions

The impact evaluation will answer the following development questions under two core themes:

Lowering barriers to entry for female candidates in local office

- Did the program activities increase the number of women contesting local office?

Improving civic engagement of women

- To what extent do program activities improve the civic education of women?
 - Improved political knowledge and awareness of issues
 - Improved knowledge of party platforms
- To what extent do program activities reduce gaps in political participation and access?
 - Improved perception of political efficacy
 - Increased openness and acceptance of women in politics (among men and women)
 - Turnout of women in elections
 - Self-reported participation in local councils and forums

INTERVENTION DESCRIPTION

SMS Treatment Overview

For communes selected to receive the SMS intervention, 100 households are selected at random using a household list (if available) or list of registered voters. For each household, respondents will request to speak to either the male or female head of household to receive the information campaign intervention.

Each respondent is contacted in-person by the SMS intervention implementer field worker, who will administer the intervention. Data will be submitted to the centralized system via text message. SMS or social media (Twitter, for example) endpoints will receive and translate the data, and store the relevant information into a database. Administration of each intervention case should take between 15 and 20 minutes.

NORC, the evaluator, will provide the SMS software and video (or printed materials, such as a flyer, if use of video is not feasible) to be used to administer the intervention and will provide training to the SMS intervention implementer on how to deliver the intervention.

The system then will count the number of referrals and send notifications to the nominated individuals. The notifications will take the following form: “[Nominee name], [# of nominations] of your friends have nominated you to run for commune council. We would like to provide you information about the process of putting your name forward for the party lists.” They will also be given the option to opt out of further contact.

With the permission of the nominees, NORC will use the SMS system to provide them with information about the candidacy process, including deadlines and instructions for registering for candidacy and contacting political parties. They will also be allowed to opt into a list of women candidates that will be shared directly with the parties to provide the parties with a broader pool of candidates to select for their lists. Nominees may opt out of participation at any point.

SMS Intervention Protocol

In the evaluation, 100 communes will be randomly assigned to treatment and control status; treatment communes will receive the SMS intervention. The list of communes where the intervention is to be implemented will be provided to the intervention implementer by NORC through NDI.

The steps for the SMS intervention are as follows:

- (1) Approximately 100 households are selected at random using a household list (if available) or list of registered voters. For each household, intervention field workers will request to speak to either the male or female head of household to receive the information campaign intervention and receive the participant’s consent to participate. The field worker will record basic identifying information about each participant.

- (2) The intervention field worker will provide information (preferably a short video delivered on a tablet, but can also be a flyer) to the participant about the importance of encouraging women to run for office.
- (3) The intervention field worker will then ask participants to give nominations that meet the following criteria: (a) women that they think would be good candidates for commune council; and (b) women that they know personally (i.e. the nominee's cell phone number is an existing contact in the respondent's phone). They will submit these nominations via an SMS text system (to be established by NORC and provided to the intervention implementer), which will aggregate the nominations and notify the nominees that they have been nominated by members of their commune to stand for commune council. The respondents will also be left with information about the process for making nominations via SMS so that they or other members of their social network may submit additional names later.

TASKS

The intervention implementer will carry out the following tasks.

- (1) Based on the list of 100 communes in which the intervention is to be delivered, prepare a sampling plan to identify households to receive the intervention. (Respondents who do not consent to participate will be replaced in the sample.) Also prepare a plan for carrying out and for monitoring and managing the field work.
- (2) Recruit sufficient suitably qualified intervention field staff and supervisory staff to carry out the proposed intervention during a period not to exceed six weeks.
- (3) Provide a venue and logistic support for training of intervention field staff and supervisors. The training will not exceed five days, including at least one day of practice fieldwork. All intervention field staff will be required to demonstrate satisfactory performance during practice fieldwork and in any classroom based tests of understanding of the intervention protocol to be eligible to participate in delivery of the intervention.
- (4) Arrange for and oversee the field work for the intervention, subject to the following:
 - (a) Successfully implement the intervention with at least 100 households in each of the 100 communes identified by NORC for receiving the intervention.
 - (b) The intervention will be administered as in-person interactions. The monitoring and management system must track progress in the field and facilitate weekly reporting.
 - (c) Provide oversight of intervention implementation by intervention field staff with supervisors with appropriate local language skills, experience with surveys or similar field-based research and familiarity with the local context.
 - (d) Facilitate field supervision visits by NDI, NORC and/or USAID, including the provision of local transportation (vehicle and driver) to observe field work.

- (5) Provide a final report providing descriptions of field work including time required to complete administration of the intervention, dates and location of intervention administration, and problems encountered/resolved.

DELIVERABLES AND SCHEDULE

Deliverables

- (1) Sampling plan
- (2) Field work monitoring and management plan
- (3) Weekly progress reports during field period
- (4) Final report

Schedule

It is expected that the intervention will be delivered during October-November 2016 prior to the elections for commune councilors (currently anticipated in June 2017). Thus, the tentative timeline for the intervention is:

Late August/early September 2016: Sampling and field work monitoring and management plans prepared

Late September/early October 2016: Training and pilot test

October-November 2016: Intervention field work carried out

December 2016: Final report prepared

ANNEX II: NORC REPORT ON FIELD WORK (APRIL 2017)

SMS Implementation

The community-based SMS intervention was implemented from 30th December 2016 to 18th January 2017. This work was divided into two phases. In Phase I, enumerators used a random walk method to solicit nominations from members of the community in a survey format. Respondents were invited to share the names of any women in their commune whom they thought would be good candidates for the commune council elections. The names, villages, and contact numbers (when available) for the women nominated were recorded and sent via SMS to a backend system. Once received, the SMS system aggregated these nominations by name and/or phone number to create a list of nominees.

In total, 100 communes in 6 provinces were visited with 80 individuals interviewed per commune for this work. (The exception was one commune where 100 individuals were interviewed by mistake, giving a total of 8,020 individuals interviewed for Phase I.) From these visits, 5,697 individuals (71%) made at least one nomination and 7,455 nominations were received.

For the second phase of the SMS implementation, enumerators visited 636 women who had been nominated during Phase I. Preference for visits was given to women who had received the most nominations in their communes. During these visits, enumerators informed nominees of the project, its purpose and that the respondent had been nominated by the individuals in their commune as a potential candidate for commune council election. The enumerator then collected basic data on the respondent and asked the nominee which party, if any, they would like to share their name and contact details with. This information was later given to the political parties in meetings held by NDI.

The implementation team aimed to have five nominees agree to share their data with at least one party in each commune. This target was met in 93 of the 100 communes visited and 494 of the 636 women visited for Phase II (78%), agreed to participate in the survey and to share their personal details with at least one political party.

Nominator statistics

- Nominators gave between 0-5 nominations, as presented in Table 2. Of these, most nominators (53%) gave one nomination. Overall, we received 0.9 nominees per nominator.

Table 2: Nominations per Nominator

Number of nominations	Count	Percent
0	2,323	29
1	4,281	53.4
2	1,136	14.2
3	235	2.9
4	28	0.3
5	17	0.2
Total	8,020.00	100

Source: NDI Nominator Survey

- Female and male nominators gave a similar number of nominations, as presented in Table 3.

Table 3: Nominations per Nominator by Gender

Number of nominations	Nominator's gender		
	Male Percent (N=2,151)	Female Percent (N=5,869)	Total Percent
0	30.2	28.5	29
1	52.3	53.8	53.4
2	13.7	14.3	14.2
3	3.1	2.9	2.9
4	0.6	0.3	0.3
5	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total	100	100	100

Source: NDI Nominator Survey

- Nominators across all age groups gave similar numbers of nominations, as presented in Table 4.

Table 4: Nominations per Nominator by Age

Number of nomination	Nominator's age							Total Percent
	18-25 Percent (N=571)	26-35 Percent (N=1,814)	36-45 Percent (N=1,656)	46-55 Percent (N=1,704)	56-65 Percent (N=1,666)	66-75 Percent (N=520)	76 and above Percent (N=89)	
0	33.1	27.6	26.3	28.1	30.1	34.4	42.7	29
1	52.2	53	54.6	53.9	52.6	54.2	46.1	53.4
2	10.9	15.8	15.5	15	13.1	9.8	7.9	14.2
3	3.2	2.9	3.1	2.5	3.5	1.5	3.4	2.9
4	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0	0	0.3
5	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0	0	0.2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: NDI Nominator Survey

Nominee statistics

The following statistics are only for the nominees who were visited for the intervention activity and who agreed to share their personal information with one or more political parties. Nominees were sorted based on the number of nominations received, with those that received the most nominations given priority for enumerator visits. The intervention aimed to have five nominees agree to share their data in each commune. This target was met in 93 of the 100 communes visited.

No data was collected from nominees who did not give consent to participate in the nominee survey, due to ethical considerations. Nominees who gave consent to participate in the survey but who declined to share their personal details with any political party are likewise excluded. The statistics below, therefore, only represent nominees who were visited for the nominee survey and who agreed to share their personal details with one or more political parties.

- As per the design of the intervention, all nominees were female
- Nominees were generally above 25 years old, as presented in Table 5.

Table 5: Nominees by Age

Nominee's age	Count	Percent
18-25	17	3.4
26-35	122	24.7
36-45	126	25.5
46-55	118	23.9
56-65	107	21.7
66-75	4	0.8
Total	494	100

Source: NDI Nominee Survey

- Nominees agreed to share their personal details with between 1-9 (the maximum) parties, as presented in Table 6. Most nominees (82%) selected only 1 party, with the remaining 18% selecting more than one party.

Table 6: Number of Parties Nominees Agreed to Share Details With

Number of parties nominee agreed to share their personal details with	Count	Percent
1	404	81.8
2	65	13.2
3	18	3.6
4	4	0.8
5	2	0.4
9	1	0.2
Total	494	100

Source: NDI Nominee Survey

- Nominees who are 26-35 were more likely to select more than one party, as presented in Table 7.

Table 7: Number of Parties Nominees Agreed to Share Details With by Age

Number of parties nominee agreed to share their personal details with	18-25 Percent (N=17)	26-35 Percent (N=122)	36-45 Percent (N=126)	46-55 Percent (N=118)	56-65 Percent (N=107)	66-75 Percent (N=4)	Total Percent
1	82.4	70.5	84.9	82.2	90.7	75	81.8
2	11.8	22.1	10.3	12.7	6.5	25	13.2
3	5.9	7.4	2.4	3.4	0.9	0	3.6
4	0	0	1.6	0.8	0.9	0	0.8
5	0	0	0.8	0.8	0	0	0.4
9	0	0	0	0	0.9	0	0.2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: NDI Nominee Survey

- The most common party selected was the Cambodian People's Party (CPP)—the ruling party, as presented in Table 8. 88% of nominees selected to share their details with the CPP.

Table 8: Parties Nominees Chose to Share Details With

Party chosen by nominee (N=494)	Count	Percent
CPP	433	87.65
CNRP	126	25.51
FUNCINPEC	27	5.47
LDP	12	2.43
BEHIVE	7	1.42
KAPP	3	0.61
CNP	4	0.81
KEDP	6	1.21
DRP	4	0.81
Others	1	0.2
Total	623	

Source: NDI Nominee Survey

- Among nominees who did not select the CPP, the vast majority (88%) shared their information with the Cambodia National Rescue Party (CNRP)—the main opposition party, as presented in Table 9.

Table 9: Parties Nominees Chose to Share Details With, Given Nominee Did Not Choose CPP

Party chosen by nominees who didn't select the CPP (N=61)	Count	Percent
CNRP	54	88.52
FUNCINPEC	5	8.2
LDP	0	0
BEHIVE	1	1.64
KAPP	1	1.64
CNP	1	1.64
KEDP	2	3.28
DRP	1	1.64
Others	1	1.64

Source: NDI Nominee Survey

- Among nominees who selected only one party, the CPP was selected 86% of the time, as presented in Table 10. Among individuals who selected more than one party, however, the CPP was selected 97% of the time and the CNRP was selected 83% of the time, as presented in Table 11. Interestingly, 80% of respondents who chose more than one party selected both the CPP and the CNRP, in effect selecting both the ruling and the opposition party.

Table 10: Party Chosen by Nominees Who Selected Only One Party

Party chosen by nominees who selected only one party (N=404)	Count	Percent
CPP	346	85.64
CNRP	51	12.62
FUNCINPEC	4	0.99
LDP	0	0
BEHIVE	0	0
KAPP	1	0.25
CNP	0	0
KEDP	1	0.25
DRP	0	0
Others	1	0.25

Source: NDI Nominee Survey

Table 11: Party Chosen by Nominees Who Selected Multiple Parties

Party chosen by nominees who selected multiple parties (N=90)	Count	Percent
CPP	87	96.67
CNRP	75	83.33
FUNCINPEC	23	25.56
LDP	12	13.33
BEHIVE	7	7.78
KAPP	2	2.22
CNP	4	4.44
KEDP	5	5.56
DRP	4	4.44
Others	0	0

Source: NDI Nominee Survey

- Nominees of all age groups selected the CPP, as presented in Table 12.

Table 12: Nominees Who Selected CPP by Age

Nominees who selected CPP	18-25 Percent (N=17)	26-35 Percent (N=122)	36-45 Percent (N=126)	46-55 Percent (N=118)	56-65 Percent (N=107)	66-75 Percent (N=4)	Total Percent
No	17.6	10.7	11.1	11	15.9	25	12.3
Yes	82.4	89.3	88.9	89	84.1	75	87.7
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: NDI Nominee Survey

- Nominees between 26-35 years old were more likely to select the CNRP, as presented in Table 13.

Table 13: Nominees Who Selected CNRP by Age

Nominees who selected CNRP	18-25 Percent (N=17)	26-35 Percent (N=122)	36-45 Percent (N=126)	46-55 Percent (N=118)	56-65 Percent (N=107)	66-75 Percent (N=4)	Total Percent
No	64.7	63.1	78.6	78.8	79.4	75	74.5
Yes	35.3	36.9	21.4	21.2	20.6	25	25.5
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: NDI Nominee Survey

Baseline and midline data collection

The baseline for this project was eventually cancelled after staff from the local data collection firm were detained on multiple occasions causing delays and threatening the future work of the data collection firm in Cambodia. These challenges were not expected as multiple local data collection firms had reviewed a draft of the baseline survey during a previous scoping mission and did not raise any concerns about the content at that time. Despite this, some local leaders felt that the content of the baseline survey was too politically sensitive. As a result, TNS submitted a request for a letter of support to the Ministry of Interior in Cambodia, which would provide clearance to conduct the survey as designed.

While waiting for this letter of support, the research team and TNS agreed to continue to try to conduct the baseline survey as designed. However, TNS staff were detained on multiple occasions by local authorities and only released after extended discussions. The first detainment occurred soon after the launch of the baseline work, and, as a result, the research team revised the survey—in consultation with TNS—to remove and revise the questions that were considered the most sensitive. After resuming the baseline data collection using this revised survey, TNS staff were again detained. During this same period, TNS and USAID Cambodia met with the Ministry of Interior to request an update on the application for the letter of support and to request an expedited approval. However, this letter was still not issued by the end of 2016. These detainments, and the lack of an approval letter, made further work on the baseline too risky for TNS to continue. As a result, the research team proposed to cancel the baseline work, which was approved by USAID.

Similar issues did not affect the midline work, as a letter of support was received from the Ministry of the Interior. As part of this approval, the Ministry required that some questions be removed from the household survey, especially those which made reference to any political parties. The evaluation team found that because of these changes, the survey lacked any method to measure a respondent's political party preferences. The evaluation team discussed this challenge with TNS, and TNS agreed to include one additional question in the household survey and to include two questions in a phone survey, which TNS planned to conduct independent of the evaluation work. TNS informed the evaluation team that the risk for including these additional questions was quite low, and NORC ensured that all additional questions were reviewed by NORC's IRB. Through this approach, the evaluation team was able to collect the necessary information for the project's evaluation while avoiding the complications which adversely affected the baseline data collection.

However, it should be noted that even with this letter, the data collection teams faced a risk of resistance in the field. The national government decreed all opinion surveys forbidden for the two-week period leading up to the commune council elections. This decree underscored the sensitive nature of data collection on political topics, which may have heightened the sensitivity of residents and local leaders to the midline survey. In order to minimize complications as much as possible, the field data collection for the midline was completed more than two weeks in advance of the commune council elections.

ANNEX III: DATA COLLECTION INSTRUMENTS**Survey Instrument: Baseline Survey (English)****VOTER'S ASSESSMENT (___ and ___, Cambodia)**

Questionnaire N {QUESTNUMB}:

Date of interview {DATE}:	
Time of interview {TIME}:	
Length of interview {LENGTH}:	
Enumerator's ID {ENUMID}:	
Enumerator's name {ENUMERATOR}:	
Coordinator's name {COORDINATOR}:	

Interview situation	Done by	Yes	No	Signature	Date
Accompanied (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (QC indoor)		1	2		
Accompanied (QC)		1	2		
Tel Back Checked (QC)		1	2		
F2F Back Checked (QC)		1	2		
Data Processing (DP)		1	2		

Standard codes:	1 = No	2 = Yes	66 = Refuse
	77 = Do not know	88 = None	99 = Not Applicable

CONFIDENTIALITY: The interviewer takes the responsibility in guarding the confidentiality of all the information generated through this instrument.

I am from TNS, a Cambodian research firm, which is conducting a survey as part of USAID's program intended to promote constructive civic engagement and participation of women and youth in Cambodia.

Your participation in this survey is important because it is one of the few ways available for understanding the perspective of the Cambodian people on civic engagement. It is important to understand that this survey is for research and evaluation purposes only. Your participation will neither increase nor decrease the likelihood of your community's participation in any USAID program. Your participation in this study does not involve any physical or emotional risk to you beyond that of everyday life.

The survey should take no more than 45-60 minutes to complete. Your participation in this survey is voluntary. If you are unable or do not want to answer a question, you may decline, and you can end this interview at any time. All of your responses will be kept strictly confidential and will only be used in a statistical summary.

If you have any questions about the survey, please call 010 333 456 (Mr. Cheat Vuthynun, Supervisor) or 012 520 603 (Mr. Phan Sothea, Associate Research Manager) so that we may assist you.

{CONSENT} Are you willing to proceed?

No	1
Yes	2

End the interview

At the end of this survey, we plan to save your contact information for 1 year and may contact you about participating in future parts of this study. Will you allow us to save your contact information and to contact you for participating in future parts of this study?

{CONSENT2} Are you willing to proceed?

No	1
Yes	2

End the interview

Section 1: Respondent information

Address: Phum (Village): _____ {VILLAGE}
 Khum (Commune): _____ {COMMUNE}
 Srok (District): _____ {DISTRICT}
 Khaet (Province): _____ {PROVINCE}
 Given Name: _____ {GIVENNAME}
 Family Name: _____ {FAMNAME}

Respondent's phone number
(if any): _____

Phone number of respondent's
relative or neighbor that we can
contact: _____

(What is he/she to you
_____)

Section 2: Household

Q 1 {COMMUNEYRS} [Single Answer]

How many years have you lived in this commune?

If less than 1 year, please put 0

Record number of year(s):	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Number

Q 2

{HHNUMB}

[Single Answer]

How many people reside in this household?

By 'household' I mean a group of people living daily in the same dwelling space and who eat 3 meals together.

Record number of members:	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Members (Household helpers and guests will be included if they have no other house or have been living with the household for 6 months or more)

Q 4a Now I am going to ask you about your household

ID1 must be Head of Household/spouse of Head of Household (code 1, 2, or 3)

(Q4a = Q2)

Line No.	Relationship to Household Head [use code]	[Single Answer] Sex		[Record Age in year] Age as of Last Birthday 77 Don't know, 66 Refuse, 99 Not applicable	[Single Answer] Education [use code]
ID	{RELATIONHHH}	{SEX}		{AGE} Less than 1 year, put "0"	{EDUC}
		Male	Female		
{ID1}		1	2		
{ID2}		1	2		
{ID3}		1	2		
{ID4}		1	2		
{ID5}		1	2		
{ID6}		1	2		
{ID7}		1	2		
{ID8}		1	2		
{ID9}		1	2		

Code: Relationship to HH Head				Code: Education	
Head of Household	1	2 nd cousin	13	1. No formal schooling	9. Incomplete University (Undergraduate)
Husband	2	3 rd cousin	14	2. Kindergarten	10. Complete University (Undergraduate)
Wife	3	Grandchildren	15	3. Incomplete primary (K1-6)	11. Graduate degree
Son	4	Parents' sibling	16	4. Complete primary (K1-6)	12. Post graduate
Daughter	5	Niece	17	5. Incomplete secondary (G7-G9)	13. Incomplete technical/vocational
Father	6	Nephew	18	6. Complete secondary (G7-G9)	14. Complete technical/vocational
Mother	7	In-law	19	7. Incomplete high (G10-G12)	15. Do not meet the minimum age to attend school
Grandfather	8	Other relatives	20	8. Complete high (G10-G12)	77. Don't know
Grandmother	9	Family's friend	21		66. Refuse
Brother	10	Household's employee	22		
Sister	11	Don't know	77		
1 st cousin	12	Refuse	66		
		Not applicable	99		

Note to DP: Respondent number here must be code 1, 2, or 3 chosen in the question about relationship to head of household.

Q 4b Respondent number {RESPNUM}

Section 3: Income and Assets

Note to DP: if code 18 and/or code 19 are chosen, please skip the section asking about its amount and continue asking other sources of income.

Q 5

What are the top 3 sources of income for the household to maintain its needs?
(This question refers to average income each month in the past 12 months of the household member)

Line No.	[Multiple Answers – up to 3 or less than 3] Source of Income [Use code]	What are the gross earnings/month the household receives from this source? (Note: It is the total revenue minus cost of goods sold) [Record amount] 77 Don't know 66 Refuse 99 Not applicable
	{INCSOURCE}	{INCEARNINGS}
1		USD
2		USD
3		USD

Source of income code:		
Code: for {INCCODE}	Fishing	1
	Forest Forager/Resin Collector	2
	Farming	3
	Agricultural/Fishing Wage Laborer	4
	Security Guard	5
	Non-Agricultural/Non-Fishing Manual Worker/Laborer (e.g. construction, stone cutting, mine)	6
	Private Sector Employee, not requiring higher education (e.g. clerk, restaurant server, factory worker)	7
	Private Sector Employee with higher education (education level above high school)	8
	Skilled Professional, requiring higher education (e.g. doctor, teacher, engineer)	9
	Entrepreneur/Personal Business (small/large)	10
	Mechanic	11
	Driver	12
	Carpenter	13
	Religious	14
	Salaried employment in commune government	15
	Salaried employment in provincial government	16
	Other salaried employment in government	17
	Overseas workers' remittances	18
	Domestic workers' remittances	19
	Employment with NGO	20
	Occasional labor provided to private sector (skilled labor)	21
	Occasional labor provided to government	22
	Artist (e.g. sculpting, painting, wood carving)	23
	Armed Police/Military	24
	Police	25
	Student	26
	Housekeeper (for pay)	27
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99
	Other [please specify] _____	96

Q 6a

{IDPOOR}

[Single Answer]

Does your household receive benefits from ID Poor?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't have ID Poor	3
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 6b

{BENFIT}

[Multiple Answer]

Of the following, from which source does your household receive monetary benefit?

Pension fund	1	
Support from NGO	2	
Sponsorship	3	
Other (specify _____)	96	
None	88	skip to Q7a
Don't know	77	skip to Q7a
Refuse	66	skip to Q7a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q7a

Q 6c

{BENAMOUNT}

[Single Answer]

If any, approximately how much does your household receive each month in benefit, in the past 12 months?

Amount	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 7a

{REMIT}

[Single Answer]

Does your household receive remittances?

(Note: receive in both foreign and domestic remittances)

No	1	skip to Q8b	Logic note for DP: if code 18 and/or 19 were chosen in Q4 please hide code 1 "No" in Q7a
Yes	2		
Don't know	77	skip to Q8b	
Refuse	66	skip to Q8b	
Not applicable	99	skip to Q8b	

Q 7b

{REMITAMOUNT}

[Single Answer]

If any, how much does your household receive in foreign and domestic remittances each month in the past 12 months?

Total amount		USD
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 8a

{REMITSOURCE}

[Multiple Answers]

Where do these remittances come from?

Source	Code	Source	Code
Phnom Penh	1	Kuwait	16
Other areas in Cambodia	2	Qatar	17
Thailand	3	Saudi Arabia	18
Vietnam	4	UAE	19
Malaysia	5	Bahrain	20
Singapore	6	Israel	21
Brunei	7	Lebanon	22
The Philippines	8	Jordan	23
Indonesia	9	Africa	24
Hong Kong	10	Europe	25
Japan	11	United States of America	26
Taiwan	12	Canada	27
China	13	Other (specify) _____	96
South Korea	14	Don't know	77
Australia and New Zealand	15	Refuse	66
		Not applicable	99

Q 8b

[Single Answer]

In the past 12 months, how much money does your household member receive each month from all sources combined?

*The total amount in this **Q8b** must be greater or equal to the total amount of **Q5, Q6c, Q7b***

Record the amount		USD
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 10

{ASSET}

[Show card]

[Multiple Answers]

Now we would like to ask you about your household assets

Does your household have/own the following:	Code:				
	No	Yes	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
A radio	1	2	77	66	99
A television	1	2	77	66	99
A cellular phone	1	2	77	66	99
A refrigerator/freezer	1	2	77	66	99
A gas stove/gas range	1	2	77	66	99
A bicycle/pedicab	1	2	77	66	99
A motorcycle/tricycle	1	2	77	66	99
Car or 4-wheel motorized vehicle	1	2	77	66	99
Refuse	66				

Q 11

{ASSETAMT}

[Single Answer]

If you are to sell all your household assets, how much do you think you would receive in total?

For example, selling everything that you own – including any houses/land that you own, livestock, a radio, television, stove, refrigerator, washing machine, bicycle, motorcycle, car, and any other belongings that you own.

Record the amount		USD
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Section 4: Help from Politicians

Now we would like to know about how easy or difficult it is for a household like yours to receive services and assistance from the government.

Q 12a

{SERVICERQST} [Flashcard]

[Multiple Answer]

First, we would like to show you some flashcards with some examples of services that households like yours might request from the government. Have you or anyone in your household requested the following from the government?

[Have the respondent split the flashcards into two piles: things that they've attempted to request and things that they haven't.]

Q 12b {SERVICEEASE} [show card] [Single Answer per row]

[Take the pile of flashcards that they've previously attempted to request]

For the service and assistance that you've previously attempted to request, can you let us know on a scale of 1 to 10 (where 1 means you were unable to obtain the requested item and 10 means that it was very easy to obtain), how easy or difficult was it to obtain?

[Note: Attempt to request refers to request and get it or don't get it or about to request but give up due to some reasons]

Q 12c {SERVICECONF} [show card] [Single Answer per row]

[Take the pile of flashcards that they've not previously attempted to request]

For the service and assistance that you've not previously attempted to request, can you let us know on a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means that you don't think you would be able to get the requested item and 10 means that you think it would be very easy to obtain, can you please the flashcards on the scale to indicate how confident you are about your household's ability to get the following:

[Note: not previously attempted to request refers to never think of requesting]

	Services and assistance from the government	Q12a		Q12b & Q12c			
		No	Yes	→	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
		Not Attempt	Attempt				
1	1. Endorsement letter from the village chief for employment	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
2	2. Assistance from village chief in borrowing money	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
3	3. Endorsement letter from the district governor for employment	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
4	4. Assistance purchasing or registering land with district governor	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
5	5. Business permit	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
6	6. Land registration	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
7	7. Khmer Identity Card	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
8	8. Voter ID/Registration	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
9	9. Vehicle Registration/License Plates	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99

	Services and assistance from the government	Q12a		Q12b & Q12c			
		No	Yes	→	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
		Not Attempt	Attempt				
10	10. Registering a birth with the district quarter or village (sangha or phum)	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
11	11. Obtaining death certificate from the district quarter or village (sangha or phum)	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
77	Don't know	skip to Q13					
66	Refuse	skip to Q13					
99	Not applicable	skip to Q13					

Q 13

[\[Multiple Answers\]](#)[\[Show card\]](#)

What projects and programs have been done or are in progress in your commune (khum) over the past 3 years?

This can include any activity which is undertaken by the government, NGOs, or the community such as festivals, new or improved facilities, services or infrastructure, or support programs for some households.

No.	Sector	Source of Funds
	{PROJSECTOR}	{PROJFUNDS}
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

In order to skip to the next question, please click 'Don't know' if the respondent knows less than 5 projects/programs.

Type of project or program code		
Sector for {PROJSECTOR}	Public Health Services	1
	Public Education Services	2
	Cash or In-Kind Transfer for Emergency/Needy (Household Emergencies)	3
	Water and Sanitation Infrastructure	4
	Road Construction and Rehabilitation	5
	Construction of Community Facilities (e.g. municipal halls, basketball courts)	6

Type of project or program code		
	Business Loans and Private Economic Development Programs (Economic Programs)	7
	Agricultural Assistance/Irrigation Systems	8
	Peace and Security	9
	Community Events/Festivals/Fiestas	10
	Others, please specify _____	96
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99

This will not include MFIs or Banks unless the MFI/Bank is being given funds by the government/NGO/IFI for this purpose

skip to Q14

skip to Q14

skip to Q14

Source of fund code (one main source only):		
Source of funds for {PROJFUNDS}	Member of Commune Council	1
	District Government	2
	Provincial Government	3
	National Government	4
	Other Government Agencies	5
	Charity	6
	NGO	7
	IFI (World Bank, USAID, UN)	8
	Others, please specify _____	96
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99

Section 5: Distance and Ease of Travel to Facilities

Q 14

[Show card]

[Single Answer per row]

What is the main (dominant) mode of transportation that the household uses/has used/would use to reach [facility name]?

If respondent hasn't been to any following facilities by him/herself, please ask respondent to guess about how most of people in her region travel to those facilities.

[In the case of Primary School, if the child is too young to walk]

Q 15

[Single Answer per row]

How long would it take you to get to the facility (in minutes)?

No.	Facility	Q14 {TRANSMODE}	Q15 {TRANSTIME}			
			Record minutes	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
1	Health Post		__ minutes	77	66	99
2	Provincial Health Centre		__ minutes	77	66	99
3	Day Care Centre		__ minutes	77	66	99
4	Elementary School		__ minutes	77	66	99
5	Village Centre		__ minutes	77	66	99

Mode of transportation code:				
Main mode of transportation for {TRANSMODE}	Walk	1	Motorcycle	7
	Horse/Cow/Buffalo	2	Tuk Tuk	8
	Bicycle	3	Hand tractor/Three wheels tractor	9
	Bus	4	Others, please specify _____	96
	Taxi	5	Don't know	77
	Own vehicle	6	Refuse	66
			Not applicable	99

Q 16

{ROADTIME}

[Please record minutes in number]

For this question, I am going to ask you about a road. It is not important whether the road is dirt, asphalt, or some other material. It only matters that the road is at least as wide as a car. How long (in minutes) does it take to walk from your house to the nearest road that is at least as wide as a car?

Record minutes	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Put "0" if less than 1 minute

Q 17

{ROADTYPE}

[Single Answer]

What type of road is the nearest road to your house?

Dirt Road	1
Gravel	2
Asphalt	3
Concrete	4
Others, please specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Section 6: Household Political Activism and Knowledge

Q 18 [\[Multiple Answers\]](#) [\[Show card\]](#)

If any, is there any person in your household with a position in the government office?

Q 19

Who is this person in your house? [\[Multiple Answers\]](#) [\[Show card\]](#)

Q 20 [\[Single Answer\]](#) [\[Show card\]](#)

What is the **highest elected office** ever held by this member?

Q 21 [\[Single Answer\]](#) [\[Show card\]](#)

What is the **highest appointed office** ever held by this member?

No.	Q19 {MEMBCODE}	Q20 {HIGHESTOFFICE}	Q21 {HIGHESTAPPT}
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			

Code					
Him/Herself	1	Grandmother	9	Niece	17
Husband	2	Brother	10	Nephew	18
Wife	3	Sister	11	In-law	19
Son	4	1 st cousin	12	Other relatives	20
Daughter	5	2 nd cousin	13	Household's employee	22
Father	6	3 rd cousin	14	Don't know	77
Mother	7	Grandchildren	15	Refuse	66
Grandfather	8	Parents' sibling	16	Not applicable	99

skip to Q22
skip to Q22
skip to Q22

Highest office held: for {HIGHESTOFFICE} and {HIGHESTAPPT}	Commune councilor	1	Provincial Police Officer	10
	Mayor or village chief	2	Member of Parliament	11
	District Governor	3	Senator	12
	District Deputy Governor	4	Provincial Governor	13
	Member of District Government	5	Provincial Deputy Governor	14
	Member of Provincial General Secretariat	6	Member of Provincial Cabinet	15
	Provincial Budget Officer/Treasurer/Accountant	7	National Cabinet Minister	16
	Provincial Engineer	8	Other selected or appointed position on a government executive, legislative, or law enforcing body	17
	Provincial Health or Education Officer	9		
	Don't know	77		
	Refuse	66		
	Not applicable	99		

Q 22

[\[Show card\]](#) [\[Single Answer per row\]](#)

People learn what is going on in this country and the world from various sources. For each of the following sources, indicate whether you use it to obtain information daily, weekly, monthly, less than monthly, or never in the last 12 months.

No.	Source information	Frequency of use {NEWSFRQ}
1	Daily newspaper	
2	Printed magazines	
3	TV news	
4	Radio news	
5	Mobile phone	
6	Email	
7	Social Media/Facebook	
8	Talk with friends or colleagues	

Code for Frequency of use	Daily	1
	Weekly	2
	Monthly	3
	Less than monthly	4
	Never	5
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99

Q 23

{CONTACTNUMB}

Approximately how many contacts do you have in your phone?

Number of contacts		<i>[Please record number]</i>
Don't know	77	skip to Q25
Refuse	66	skip to Q25
Not applicable	99	skip to Q25

Q 24

{CONTACTCMNE}

Approximately how many of those people live in this commune?

Number of people		<i>[Please record number]</i>
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 25

Group Membership: How would you describe your membership of a {organization}? Are you currently a member, not currently a member, or a former member?

[Show card] *[Single Answer per row]*

No.	Group	{GROUPMEMB}		Former member	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
		Currently a member	Not currently a member				
1	Union, farmers' association, or other professional/business association	1	2	3	77	66	99
2	Credit Union/Microfinance Collective including Saving Group, Borrowing Group, Microfinance, Bank	1	2	3	77	66	99
3	Non-Government Organization (NGO)	1	2	3	77	66	99
4	Skills/Trade Training Cooperative	1	2	3	77	66	99
5	Church/Religious group	1	2	3	77	66	99
6	Sports and Recreation Club	1	2	3	77	66	99
7	Village Government	1	2	3	77	66	99

Q 26

{POLITPARTY}

[Single Answer]

Are you a member of a political party?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 28

{VILLAGEMTG}

[Single Answer]

Does your commune hold village meetings?

No	1	skip to Q31
Yes	2	If yes, continue to Q29
Don't know	77	skip to Q31
Refuse	66	skip to Q31
Not applicable	99	skip to Q31

Q 29

{ATTENDMTG}

[Single Answer]

Over the past 6 months, did you or a member of your household attend any village meetings?

No	1	skip to Q31
Yes	2	If yes, continue to Q29
Don't know	77	skip to Q31
Refuse	66	skip to Q31
Not applicable	99	skip to Q31

Q 30

{SPOKEMTG}

[Single Answer]

Have you, at least once, spoken up during a village meeting in the last 6 months?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 31

{RELIGIONFRQ} [Single Answer]

How often do you attend religious services?

[Note: do not include funeral, wedding, and house warming parties or other kinds of parties]

Does not attend	1	skip to Q33
Less than once a month	2	
Once a month	3	
Twice a month	4	
Weekly	5	
Daily	6	
Don't know	77	skip to Q33
Refuse	66	skip to Q33
Not applicable	99	skip to Q33

Q 32

{RELIGION} [Multiple Answers]

What religion or denomination do you go to for religious services?

Buddhism, unspecified	1
Theravada Buddhism	2
Shaivism	3
Vaishnavism	4
Islam	5
Christianity	6
Hinduism	7
Judaism	8
Other, please specify _____	9
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 33

[Single Answer]

Can you identify yourself as {Ethnic Group}?

Khmer	1
Indigenous minority	2
Other (specify _____)	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 34

{VOLUNTEER}

[Single Answer]

Over the past 6 months, did you or a member of your household do any volunteer work with a local community organization?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 35

{CONTACTPOLIT}

[Show card]

[Single Answer per row]

Contact with Politicians and Government Officials:

Have you contacted this person in the last year?

(Note: Contact includes all communication for business or personal reasons and includes all normal methods such as email, SMS, phone calls, and in-person visits.)

	Politician or Government Official	No	Yes	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
1	Village Chief	1	2	77	66	99
2	Member of Commune Council	1	2	77	66	99
3	Member of District Government	1	2	77	66	99
4	District Governor	1	2	77	66	99
5	Member of Provincial/Municipal Government	1	2	77	66	99
6	Provincial Governor	1	2	77	66	99

Political Knowledge:

Q 36

{COUNCILTOTAL}

[Single Answer]

How many members are on your commune council?

Record number of members	_____ members
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

If code 77/66/99 is chosen please skip the verification section and continue to the next question

Verification

(for enumerator only)

(Please choose code 2 if the answer is correct and code 1 if the answer is incorrect)

Q 38

{COUNCILELECT}

[Record number]

When was the first election for commune council?

Year	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

If code 77/66/99 is chosen please skip the verification section and continue to the next question

Verification

(for enumerator only)

(Please choose code 2 if the answer is correct and code 1 if the answer is incorrect)

Q 39

{GOVERNORNAME}

[Single Answer]

What is the name of your district governor?

Name of district governor	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

If code 77/66/99 is chosen please skip the verification section and continue to the next question

Verification

(for enumerator only)

(Please choose code 2 if the answer is correct and code 1 if the answer is incorrect)

Q 41

{FAIRNESS}

[Single Answer]

[Show card]

Do you think most people would try to take advantage of you if they got a chance, or would they try to be fair?

Please show your response on this card, where 1 means that "people would try to take advantage of you" and 10 means that "people would try to be fair" (code 1 number)

<i>People would try to take advantage of you</i>	→									<i>People would try to be fair</i>	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		77	66	99

Q 42

{TRUST}

[Single Answer]

Generally speaking, would you say that most people can be trusted or that you need to be very careful in dealing with people? (Code 1 answer)

Most people can be trusted	1
Need to be very careful	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 43

Can you identify at least 3 parties that you have heard of before? {PARTY}

Party 1	
Party 2	
Party 3	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

គណបក្សប្រជាជនកម្ពុជា (Cambodian People's Party)	1	គណបក្សសញ្ជាតិកម្ពុជា (Cambodian Nationality Party)	9
គណបក្សសមរង្ស៊ី (Sam Ransy Pary)	2	គណបក្សបាញ់ជិត ចលនាប្រជាធិបតេយ្យ (Democratic Movement Party)	10
គណបក្សសិទ្ធិមនុស្ស (Human Right Party)	3	គណបក្សសាធារណរដ្ឋប្រជាធិបតេយ្យ (Democratic Republican Party)	11
គណបក្សសង្គ្រោះជាតិ (Cambodia National Rescue Party)	4	គណបក្សខ្មែរអភិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ច (Khmer Economic Development Party)	12
គណបក្សនរោត្តមរណឫទ្ធិ (Norodom Ranarith Party)	5	ស្ម័គ្រឆ្មើត (ស្ម័គ្រមហាសេនាបតីតេជោ)	96
គណបក្សហ្វុនគីនប៉េក (FUNCINPEC Party)	6		
គណបក្សសង្គ្រោះជាតិ (League for Democracy Party)	7		
គណបក្សខ្មែរឈប់សម្លាប់ (Khmer Anti-Poverty Party)	8		

Q 44a

{SOCIALRANK}

[Photo cards]

I will read to you a list of various social issues that are depicted in these flashcards. While these issues can all be considered important, we would like for you to rank them in terms of which ones you think are more important for you and your family. In other words, if it were up to you to decide which of these social issues the government should focus on, how would you prioritize them? Please arrange the flashcards so that the first one is the issue that you would like to prioritize the most, and the last one is the one that you would like to prioritize the least. **For this, you will only need to rank the 5 issues that are most important for you and your family.** There is no right or wrong answer, and we realize that sometimes issues can be equally important, so all we are asking is for you to try your best.

[NOTE THAT THIS IS A RANKING FROM 1-5, WHERE 1 IS THE MOST IMPORTANT AND 5 THE LEAST IMPORTANT. THIS IS NOT A 1-5 SCALE.]

Social Issue	Rank
Land Rights	
Fair Elections	
Food Prices	
Peace and Security	
Women's Rights	
Anti-Graft and Corruption	
Environmental Conservation	
Job Generation (Employment)	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 44b

Earlier we asked you about which political parties you have heard of or are most familiar with, and we just now asked you how you would prioritize these five social issues according to what's important to you and your family. Now we would like to ask you how you think the three parties you identified would prioritize these same social issues.

I'll remind you about the various social issues that are depicted in these flashcards. For each of the parties you identified, we would like to find out your opinion of how the party would rank these issues in terms of what is important to them. In other words, earlier we asked you how to rank these issues if it were up to you to decide what the government should focus on, and now we would like to know what you think the different parties would prioritize if it were up to them to choose. For each party, please arrange the flashcards so that the first one is the issue that you think the party would like to prioritize the most, and the last one is the one that you think the party would like to prioritize the least. For this, you will only need to rank the 5 issues that are most important for you and your family. And don't worry if you're not certain, again, there is no right or wrong answer, and you'll have an opportunity afterwards to let us know which ones you were unsure of.*

[NOTE THAT THIS IS A RANKING FROM 1-5, WHERE 1 IS THE MOST IMPORTANT AND 5 THE LEAST IMPORTANT. THIS IS NOT A 1-5 SCALE.]

Social Issue	{Party1_Socialrank} Party 1	{Party2_Socialrank} Party 2	{Party3_Socialrank} Party 3
Land Rights			
Fair Elections			
Food prices			
Peace and Security			
Women's rights			
Anti-graft and corruption			
Environmental Conservation			
Job Generation (Employment)			
Don't know	77	77	77
Refuse	66	66	66
Not applicable	99	99	99

Q 44c

{Party_Socialrate}

[Single answer per row]

Now we'd like to ask you about how certain you are about the rankings that you just did for each party. It is very difficult to make these kinds of assessments, so it is understandable if you are not entirely sure. We realize we asked you to do something very difficult for someone to get completely correct, so now we'd like to get an idea of how sure or unsure you are about your allocation.

For the allocation that you have here in front of you for each party, could you let us know, whether you are very uncertain, uncertain, fairly certain, or very certain about your assessment.

1 = Very uncertain 2 = Somewhat Uncertain 3 = Somewhat certain 4 = Very certain

	Very uncertain	Somewhat Uncertain	Fairly Certain	Very Certain	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
Party 1	1	2	3	4	77	66	99
Party 2	1	2	3	4	77	66	99
Party 3	1	2	3	4	77	66	99

Section 7: Delivery of Services

Q 45a

[Flashcards and Tokens] [Multiple Answers]

We know that all governments have to make difficult decisions about what types of goods and services to provide. In your opinion, which of the following sectors are most important to you and your family and should be given more priority for the commune? If it were up to you to decide how the government allocates money for your province, which types of projects and programs would you choose?

We are going to give you 20 tokens to represent an entire government budget for your province. You can allocate you tokens any way that you want and you do not need to specify an amount for each sector – you can even put all of your tokens on just one sector if you want. Feel free also to move your tokens around while you are deciding. Once you're satisfied with your allocation, we will record it.

NOTE: ENUMERATORS PROVIDE SECTOR WORKSHEET AND TOKENS

No.	Sector	# to allocate
		(SECTORTOKEN)
1	1. Public Health Services (e.g. hospital/clinic/health station construction)	
2	2. Public Education Services (e.g. school/classroom construction)	
3	3. Cash or in-kind transfer/loans/job assistance for emergencies or for individual needy households	
4	4. Water and sanitation infrastructure	
5	5. Road construction and rehabilitation	
6	6. Construction of community facilities (e.g. multipurpose halls, basketball courts)	
7	7. Business loans and other private economic development programs	
8	8. Agricultural assistance/irrigation systems	
9	9. Peace and security	

No.	Sector	# to allocate
		{SECTORTOKEN}
10	10. Community events/festivals/fiestas	
77	Don't know	
66	Refuse	
99	Not applicable	

Q 45b

We've already asked you how you would allocate a budget for your community according to your preferences. Now we would like to ask you how you think the three parties you identified will allocate the budget. We'll give you [TWO or THREE] sets of different colored chips, now to indicate how much you think each of the parties would choose to allocate to that sector. We'll start for each sector, and as always, after you're finished, you can make any adjustments that you want. Once you're satisfied with how you've allocated the chips for each candidate, we will record it. And don't worry if you're not certain, there is no right or wrong answer, and you'll have an opportunity afterwards to let us know which ones you were unsure of.

No.	Sector	Party 1	Party 2	Party 3
		{SECTOKENPT1}	{SECTOKENPT2}	{SECTOKENPT3}
1	1.Public Health Services (e.g., hospital/clinic/health station construction)			
2	2.Public Education Services (e.g., school/classroom construction)			
3	3.Cash or in-kind transfer/loans/job assistance for emergencies or for individual needy households			
4	4.Water and sanitation infrastructure			
5	5.Road construction and rehabilitation			
6	6.Construction of community facilities (e.g., multipurpose halls, basketball courts)			
7	7.Business loans and other private economic development programs			
8	8.Agricultural assistance/irrigation systems			
9	9.Peace and security			
10	10.Community events/festivals/fiestas			
77	Don't Know			
66	Refuse			
99	Not applicable			
Totals:				

Q 45c

Now we'd like to ask you about how certain you are about the allocation that you just did. It is very difficult to make these kinds of assessments, so it is understandable if you are not entirely sure. We realize we asked you to do something very difficult that is nearly impossible for someone to get completely correct, so now we'd like to get an idea of how sure or unsure you are about your allocation.

For the allocation that you have here in front of you for each party, could you let us know, whether you are very uncertain, uncertain, fairly certain, or very certain about your assessment.

{SECTORCERTAIN} [Single Answer for each row]

	Very uncertain	Somewhat Uncertain	Fairly Certain	Very Certain	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
Party 1	1	2	3	4	77	66	99
Party 2	1	2	3	4	77	66	99
Party 3	1	2	3	4	77	66	99

Section 8: Voting and Election

We are now going to ask you some questions related to your experience and participation in the 2012 elections.

Q 47a

{VOTED}

[Single Answer]

Did you happen to vote in the last commune council election of 2012?

No	1	skip to Q51
Yes	2	
Don't know	77	skip to Q51
Refuse	66	skip to Q51
Not applicable	99	skip to Q51

Q 47b

{VOTEDHERE}

[Single Answer]

Did you vote in this commune?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 47c

{VOTEDHOME}

[Single Answer]

Did you vote in your home commune or commune of temporary/permanent residence?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 48

{VOTETIME}

[Single Answer]

How long did you have to wait, from the time you arrived at the precinct to the time you were able to cast your vote?

[Note: record actual amount of time in minutes]

Record number		minutes
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Vote Secrecy

Q 49a

{VOTEKNOW}

[Single Answer]

Do you think that your _____ knows how you voted?

Q 49b

{VOTEGUESS}

[Single Answer]

Even if they can't find out how you voted, do you think they would be able to guess how you voted?

	Q49a					Q49b				
	No	Yes	Don't know	Refuse	N/A	No	Yes	Don't know	Refuse	N/A
Spouse	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
Friends / neighbors	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
Employer	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
Elders (chas tum)	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
Commune Council members	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
Political parties/ politicians	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99

Q 51

{NEARPOLLING}

[Single Answer]

Did you see the following individuals or groups within sight of the polling station?

Note : both in the compound and outside the compound

No	Person or Group	Saw these individuals near polling?				
		No	Yes	Don't know	Refuse	N/A
1	Representatives of the parties (party officials, poll watchers, campaign workers)	1	2	77	66	99
2	Candidates	1	2	77	66	99
3	Policemen	1	2	77	66	99
4	Local Election Observers (e.g. COMFREL)	1	2	77	66	99
5	International Election Observers (e.g. EU representatives)	1	2	77	66	99
6	Military personnel	1	2	77	66	99
7	Armed guards or bodyguards of candidates/parties	1	2	77	66	99

Q 52a

{EVOTING}

[Single Answer]

Did your precinct use electronic voting machines?

No	1	skip to Section 9
Yes	2	continue to Q52b
Don't know	77	skip to Section 9
Refuse	66	skip to Section 9
Not applicable	99	skip to Section 9

Q 52b

{MACHBREAK}

[Single Answer]

Did any of your voting machines break down or malfunction?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Section 9: Voting Influences

Q 53

[\[Show card\]](#)

We'll show you some flashcards with factors that commonly influence how people vote. When deciding who you will vote for, which of the following factors influences you the most? *[Show worksheet with 1-5 scale]*. Here is a worksheet with a scale from 1 to 5, where 1 is not important and 5 is very important. Please place flashcards on the scale.

[\[Single Answer per Row\]](#)

			Not important → Very important					Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
a	{FACTORFAM}	Preferences of your family and friends	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
b	{FACTORPOLICY}	Whether candidates will focus commune policies on things that are important to me and my family	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
c	{FACTORGIFT}	Gift or money from the candidates before the elections	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
d	{FACTORCONNECT}	The candidate's ability to use political connections to get money and projects for the commune	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
e	{FACTORFEAR}	Fear of reprisal from candidates	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
f	{FACTORHELP}	Approachability or helpfulness of the candidate	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99

Section 10: Social Networks

Q 56a

{KNOWCOUNCIL}

[\[Single Answer\]](#)

Do you know any of the members of the commune council personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q57a
Yes	2	continue to Q56b
Don't know	77	skip to Q57a
Refuse	66	skip to Q57a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q57a

Q 56b

{COUNCILNUMB}

[Single Answer]

How many commune council members do you know?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 57a

{KNOWDIST}

[Single Answer]

Do you know any district government officials personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q58
Yes	2	continue to Q57b
Don't know	77	skip to Q58
Refuse	66	skip to Q58
Not applicable	99	skip to Q58

Q 57b

{DISTNUMB}

[Single Answer]

How many district government officials do you know?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 58a

{KNOWPROV}

[Single Answer]

Do you know any provincial government officials personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q59a
Yes	2	continue to Q58b
Don't know	77	skip to Q59a
Refuse	66	skip to Q59a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q59a

Q 58b

{PROVNUMB}

[Single Answer]

How many provincial government officials do you know?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 60a

{KNOWGOV}

[Single Answer]

Do you know the district governor personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

[If code 66/77/99 in Q39, cannot code 2 in Q60a]

No	1	skip to Q61
Yes	2	continue to Q60b
Don't know	77	skip to Q61
Refuse	66	skip to Q61
Not applicable	99	skip to Q61

Q 60b

{KNOWGOVTYPE}

[Multiple Answers]

How do you know the district governor?

skip to Q64a	Himself / Herself	1	Former classmate	10
	Child	2	Business relationship	11
	Parent	3	Conversations at events	12
	Sibling	4	Family friend	13
	Cousin	5	Former colleague	14
	Grandchild	6	Member or former member of same club or organization as you	15
	Parent's sibling	7	Relative	16
	Nibling (Nephew or Niece)	8	Other, please specify: _____	96
	Grandparent	9	Don't know	77
			Refuse	66
			Not applicable	99

Q 61

{GOVOTHER}

[Single Answer]

Do you know someone that knows the district governor personally?

No	1	skip to Q63
Yes	2	continue to Q62a & Q62b
Don't know	77	skip to Q63
Refuse	66	skip to Q63
Not applicable	99	skip to Q63

Q 63

{OTHERNUMB}

[Single Answer]

If you were to require a personal connection to the district governor, approximately how many people would you need to connect through before you are able to reach the district governor? For example, if you know someone who is a friend of the district governor's relative, then you would need only to connect through two people before you reach the district governor. Note that you and the first person should know each other, the first and second person should know each other personally, all the way to the last person who should know the district governor personally.

Record number	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Allow "0" as an answer

Q 64a

{NUMBPEOPLEKHOW}

How many people's opinions do you respect when it comes to politics who live in this commune but do not live in your household?

Record number of people	
Don't know	77
Refused	66
Not applicable	99

Q 64b

Of these [NUMBER OF PEOPLE NAMED IN Q64a] people whose opinions you respect, approximately how many are?

	Relationship	
	RESP_RELATE_A [Multiple answers]	Number of people
1	Family Member	
2	Employer/Boss	
3	Coworker/Business Partner	
4	Religious Leader	
5	Member of the Cooperative	
6	Member of the Same Organization	
7	Friend	
8	Neighbor	
9	Politician	
77	Don't know	skip to Q65
66	Refuse	skip to Q65
99	Not applicable	skip to Q65

Q 65

{FRIENDSCOMMUNE}

[Multiple Answer]

Here we have a list of all the communes in the district. Can you let us know which communes you have friends and family in, excluding this commune?

[Note: show the commune worksheet with names of all the communes in the district]

Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Thank you very much for your participation

Enumerator Impressions (Do Not Ask Respondents – Questions for Enumerators)

NOTE: FOR ENUMERATORS ONLY

Q 68 {OTHERRESPONDENT} [Multiple Answers]

Who participated in the interview apart from the main respondent?

Family Member (in the household)	1
Family Member (outside the household)	2
Friend/Neighbor	3
None	88
Others, please specify: _____	96

Q 69 {RESPPROB} [Single Answer]

Did the interview have any problems that would affect the integrity of the questions?

No problems	1
Some problems	2
Major problems	3

Q 70 {RESPCLASS} [Single Answer]

What socioeconomic class is the respondent?

Upper middle class	1
Middle class	2
Lower middle class	3
Skilled working class	4
Working class & lowest levels of subsistence	5

Q 71 {RESPCOMPREH} [Single Answer]

How well did the respondent understand the survey questions?

Extremely well	1
Moderately well	2
Somewhat well	3
Slightly well	4
Not well at all	5

Q 72

{RESPWILLING} [Single Answer]

How willing was the respondent in sharing information?

Extremely willing	1
Moderately willing	2
Somewhat willing	3
Slightly willing	4
Not willing at all	5

Q 73

{RESPCONC}

[Single Answer]

Do you think the respondent was concentrating throughout the interview?

Concentrated throughout	1
Sometimes lost concentration	2
Distracted throughout	3

Q 74

{IVRSTU}

[Single Answer]

Which of the following statements best describes the interview situation?

Private location, only the respondent and I were present	1	skip to Q73
One or several people were present, but did not interrupt the interview	2	
One or several people were present, and did interrupt (e.g. talk to the respondent) the interview	3	

Q 75

{OTHPRESGEND}

[Single Answer]

What gender were the other people present during the interview?

Male only	1
Female only	2
Both male and female	3

Q 76

{RESPCOMFORT}

[Single Answer]

In answering the survey questions, how comfortable did the respondent seem to be?

Extremely comfortable/at ease	1
Moderately comfortable/at ease	2
Somewhat comfortable/at ease	3
Slightly comfortable/at ease	4
Not comfortable at all/uneasy	5

Survey Instrument: Baseline Survey (Khmer)

កាស្មៀលបង្គោលប្រោស (_____ ដី _____, ប្រទេសកម្ពុជា)

លេខកំណត់: {QUESTNUMB}: _____

ရက်စွဲ (DATE):	
အချိန် (TIME):	
အလျား (LENGTH):	
အမှတ်အသား (ENUMID):	
အမှတ်အသား (ENUMERATOR):	
အမှတ်အသား (COORDINATOR):	

Interview situation	Done by	Yes	No	Signature	Date
Accompanied (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (QC indoor)		1	2		
Accompanied (QC)		1	2		
Tel Back Checked (QC)		1	2		
F2F Back Checked (QC)		1	2		
Data Processing (DP)		1	2		

Standard codes:	1 = ទេ	2 = ឆា/ចា	66 = បទដ្ឋានបច្ចេកទេស
	77 = បទដ្ឋាន	88 = បទដ្ឋាន	99 = បទដ្ឋានបច្ចេកទេស

ក្រៅការសម្ងាត់: អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ជាក្រុមទទួលខុសត្រូវក្នុងការក្រៅការសម្ងាត់នូវព័ត៌មានដែលទទួលបានពីការសម្ភាសន៍ដោយប្រើប្រាស់កម្រិតសំនួរនេះ

[illegible]

៣) ការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកនាំគ្រួសារសិទ្ធិស្រាវជ្រាវនោះតែម្នាក់គត់៖ សំខាន់ណាស់ ព្រោះតាមការពិនិត្យស្រាវជ្រាវក្នុងកម្មវិធីសិទ្ធិស្រាវជ្រាវត្រូវតែដឹងពីលទ្ធផលស្រាវជ្រាវដែលបាន
 ឧបត្ថម្ភៈពីស្ត្រីរបស់ប្រជាជនកម្ពុជាតាមកំណើតការចូលរួមក្នុងសកម្មភាពសង្គម តាមរយៈការសំខាន់ណាស់ក្នុងការយល់ពីច្បាប់ថា ការសិទ្ធិស្រាវជ្រាវនោះត្រូវតែដឹងពីលទ្ធផលស្រាវជ្រាវ
 ៤) ការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកពិនិត្យស្រាវជ្រាវដែលបានឧបត្ថម្ភៈរបស់សហគមន៍អ្នកគ្រួសារចូលរួមក្នុងកម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវរបស់យុវជនអោយដឹងនោះទេ? ការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកគ្រួសារសិទ្ធិស្រាវជ្រាវ
 ត្រូវតែដឹងពីលទ្ធផលស្រាវជ្រាវរបស់អ្នកនោះទេ?

[illegible]

010 333 456 (លោក ហ៊ុន ឫត្និធី, ប្រធានក្រុមប្រឹក្សានិរ្តិយ) 012 520 603 (លោក ឆា ឌុប, ប្រធានគំរេង) .

{CONSENT} តើអ្នកមានចំណងចិត្តរួមចូលជាមួយយើងដែររឺទេ?

ලේ	1
බඳ/බඳ	2

បញ្ចប់ការសង្គម

នៅចុងបញ្ចប់នៃការសម្ភាស ពួកយើងនឹងរក្សាទុកព័ត៌មានសំបាប់នាំទៅកាន់អ្នកប្រឈមពេល 1 ឆ្នាំ ហើយពួកយើងអាចនឹងទាក់ទងមកកាន់អ្នកម្តងទៀតសំបាប់ការសិក្សាផ្សេងទៀតដែល

{CONSENT2} តើអ្នកមានចំណង់ចូលរួមបង្កើនជាមួយយើងដែរឬទេ?

ទេ	1
ឯទេ/ទាប	2

បញ្ជាក់ការសង្កេតស្រាវជ្រាវ

ផ្នែកទី 1: ព័ត៌មានបេសកកម្មសង្គម

ឈ្មោះស្រី : _____ {VILLAGE}

ឃុំ : _____ {COMMUNE}

ក្រុម : _____ {DISTRICT}

ខេត្ត : _____ {PROVINCE}

ឈ្មោះ : _____ {GIVENNAME}

ឈ្មោះគ្រួសារ : _____ {FAMNAME}

លេខទូរស័ព្ទបេសកកម្មសង្គម (ម៉ូបាយ) :

លេខទូរស័ព្ទស្ថានីយ៍ ឬ លេខទូរស័ព្ទផ្ទះ : _____

(ត្រូវជា _____ ជាមួយខ្លួនបេសកកម្មសង្គម)

ផ្នែកទី 2 : ប្រធាន

Q 1 _____ {COMMUNEYS} [បង្កើនប្រជាជន]

តើអ្នករស់នៅក្នុងឃុំនេះចំនួនឆ្នាំមកហើយ?

ប្រសិនបើអ្នករស់នៅ ១ ឆ្នាំ ឬក្រោយ ០

សូមកត់ត្រាចំនួនលេខ	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានបញ្ជាក់	99

ចំនួនឆ្នាំ

[បង្ខំយកចិត្តទុកដាក់]

តើមានមនុស្សប៉ុន្មាននាក់រស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះនេះ?

ផ្ទះក្នុងខ័យនេះគឺសំដៅលើក្រុមមនុស្សដែលរស់នៅក្នុងដីនៅជួរឆ្នេរនៃមួយជម្រក ហើយបរិភោគអាហារជាមួយគ្នាឆ្ងាយចោលនគររាជ្យ 3៥០គីឡូម៉ែត្រពីភ្នំពេញ។

សូមអភ័រ្តាចិត្តនាសាវ័ន	
មិនដឹង	77
បរិសេសមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវតាមវិធីសាស្ត្រ	99

នាវា (សូមព័ត៌មានលម្អិតអំពី អ្នកបម្រើក្នុងផ្ទះ (ប្រសិនបើមានក្នុងផ្ទះ) ឬ ភ្ញៀវ
ប្រសិនបើមាននៅលើទូរស័ព្ទលេខ ៦ ១២៣៤៥៦)

Q 4a

នៅពេលនេះខ្ញុំនឹងសួរម្តេច អំពីអ្នកនិមន្តមាជិករស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះ

លេខកូដរបស់អ្នកទី១ (ID1) ត្រូវតែជាមេរ្យាងរវាងប្រព័ន្ធគណនេយ្យរបស់មេរ្យាង (កូដលេខ 1, 2 រឺ 3)

(Q4a = Q2)

លេខសៀវភៅ	ឯកាគំនិតជាមួយមេត្តាសារ [សូមប្រើលេខកូដ]	[មជ្ឈមណ្ឌលសាងសង់]		[សូមកត់ត្រាពេលវេលាដែលបានបញ្ជាក់] ពេលវេលាដែលបានបញ្ជាក់ 77 ម៉ោង, 66 ម៉ោង និង 99 ម៉ោង [សូមប្រើលេខកូដ]	
		ស្រី	ប្រុស		
លេខសំណង់	{RELATIONHHH}	{SEX}		{AGE}	{EDUC}
{ID1}		1	2	0	
{ID2}		1	2	0	
{ID3}		1	2	0	
{ID4}		1	2	0	
{ID5}		1	2	0	
{ID6}		1	2	0	
{ID7}		1	2	0	
{ID8}		1	2	0	
{ID9}		1	2	0	

බෙහිවුන්දිකාමික				බෙහිවුන්දිකාමික	
මෙහිදී	1	විදුලිබල	13	1. විදුලිබල	9. මෙහිදී
දින	2	විදුලිබල	14	2. දින	10. මෙහිදී
ප්‍රදාන	3	විදුලිබල	15	3. ප්‍රදාන	11. මෙහිදී
ප්‍රදාන	4	විදුලිබල	16	4. ප්‍රදාන	12. මෙහිදී
ප්‍රදාන	5	විදුලිබල	17	5. ප්‍රදාන	13. මෙහිදී
ප්‍රදාන	6	විදුලිබල	18	6. ප්‍රදාන	14. මෙහිදී
ප්‍රදාන	7	විදුලිබල	19	7. ප්‍රදාන	15. මෙහිදී
ප්‍රදාන	8	විදුලිබල	20	8. ප්‍රදාන	77. මෙහිදී
ප්‍රදාන	9	විදුලිබල	21		66. මෙහිදී
ප්‍රදාන	10	විදුලිබල	22		
ප්‍රදාන	11	විදුලිබල	77		
ප්‍රදාන	12	විදුලිබල	66		
		විදුලිබල	99		

Q 4b នេះគឺជាចំណុចអប្បបរមា {RESPNUM}

ផ្នែកទី ៣: ចំណូល និង ប្រាក់

ចំពោះប្រទេសកម្ពុជា ក្នុង 18 រដ្ឋ និង ក្នុង 19 ប្រទេសសម្រាប់ស្រុក មិនទាន់បានបំពេញកិច្ចការនេះទេ ប្រទេសសម្រាប់ស្រុកមិនទាន់បានបំពេញកិច្ចការនេះទេ។

Q 5

តើអ្វីខ្លះជាប្រភពចំណូលចំបងចំនួន ៣ ដើម្បីឆ្លើយតបដល់តម្រូវការប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ក្រុមគ្រួសារ?

(សំណួរនេះគឺសំដៅលើតម្លៃបូកសរុប ១២ នៃចុះបញ្ជីយានយន្តដែលបានកំណត់នៅក្នុងតារាង៖)

លេខរៀង	[មន្ទីរស្រីជំនាញ៣] ប្រភពចំណូលចំបង [សូមប្រើលេខកូដ]	តើចំណូលជុល (ដែលពុំទាន់ចំណាយនៅទីនេះ ត្រូវបានផ្ញើដើម្បី ដល់អ្នកធ្វើការ រស់នៅលើចំណូលដែលបានរក្សាទុកក្នុងកាត់ត្រា ដល់កម្មវិធីជាចំណូលដែលបានរក្សាទុកក្នុងកាត់ត្រា) ប្រសិនបើចំណូលបានរក្សាទុកក្នុង កាត់ត្រាចំណូល? [សូមកត់ត្រាចំណូល] 77 មិនទេ, 66 បទដ្ឋានមធ្យម, 99 មិនទាន់បានកាត់ត្រា
	[INCSOURCE]	[INCEARNINGS]
1		ឡាន
2		ឡាន
3		ឡាន

លេខកូដប្រភពចំណូល		
Code: for [INCCODE]	អ្នកទេសនា	1
	អ្នកយកអនុវត្តន៍/ត្រួតពិនិត្យ/អ្នកប្រមូលទិន្នន័យ	2
	កសិករ	3
	កម្មករ/ឈ្មួញ/កសិករ/ទេសនា	4
	សន្តិសុខ	5
	ត្រូវបានកម្មករ/ឈ្មួញ/កសិករ/ទេសនា (ឧទាហរណ៍: កម្មករសំណង់, អ្នកយកថ្នាំ, អ្នកជួសជុល)	6
	បុគ្គលិកនៅស្ថាប័នឯកជន ដែលមិនទទួលបានប្រាក់បៀវត្ស (ឧទាហរណ៍: ស្រ្តី, អ្នកប្រើសេវាកម្មសាងសង់ផ្ទះ, កម្មករ/កម្មករស្ថិតនៅក្នុងផ្ទះ)	7
	បុគ្គលិកនៅស្ថាប័នឯកជនដែលបានប្រាក់បៀវត្ស (កំរិតការងារលើសពីថ្នាក់ទី ១២)	8
	អ្នកមានជំនាញ/ឯកទេស ដែលទទួលបានប្រាក់បៀវត្ស (ឧទាហរណ៍: គ្រូបង្រៀន, គ្រូបង្រៀន, វិស្វករ)	9
	រាជការ ឬអ្នកជំនាញ/ ជំនាញ/ថ្នាក់ទី ១២ (ឧទាហរណ៍: មន្ត្រីសាធារណៈ, លក់ទំនិញ, រាជការ, រាជការ ជាដើម)	10
	យន្តការ/ស្ថាប័ន	11
	អ្នកបើកបរ	12
	ជាន់ខ្ពស់	13
	អ្នកបើកបរ/ទេសនា	14
	មន្ត្រីរាជការ/ថ្នាក់ទី ១២	15
	មន្ត្រីរាជការ/ថ្នាក់ទី ១៣	16
	មន្ត្រីរាជការ/ថ្នាក់ទី ១៤	17
	ប្រាក់ដែលទទួលបានពីការប្រើប្រាស់	18
	ប្រាក់ដែលទទួលបានពីការប្រើប្រាស់	19
	ធ្វើការជាមួយអ្នកប្រើប្រាស់/ថ្នាក់ទី ១២	20
	អ្នកធ្វើការសាងសង់/ក្នុងស្ថាប័នឯកជន (បុគ្គលិកជំនាញ)	21
	អ្នកធ្វើការសាងសង់/ក្នុងស្ថាប័នរដ្ឋ	22
	វិស្វករ/សិប្បករ (ឧទាហរណ៍: ស្រ្តី, កូនក្មេង, កូនស្រី)	23
	នាយក	24
	ជំនាញ	25
	សិស្ស/វិស្វករ	26
	អ្នកបើកបរ/នាយក/នាយក (ដើម្បីចំណូល)	27
	មិនទេ	77
	បទដ្ឋានមធ្យម	66
	មិនទាន់បានកាត់ត្រា	99
	មុខរបរផ្សេងៗ (សូមបញ្ជាក់) :	96

Q 6a

{IDPOOR}

[មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

តើមនុស្សដែលរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះរបស់អ្នកបានទទួលអត្ថប្រយោជន៍ពីការដែលមាន ប័ណ្ណស្តីពីប្រព័ន្ធបង្កើន?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានគិតបញ្ចូលទៅ	99

Q 6b

{BENFIT}

[មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

ក្នុងចំណោមប្រភពទាបប្រភេទនេះ តើមនុស្សដែលរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះរបស់អ្នកបានទទួលអត្ថប្រយោជន៍ជាមធ្យមពីប្រភពណាមួយ?

ប្រាក់ប្រចាំខែ	1
ការសុំប្រាក់ពីសំណាក់អង្គការស្រាវជ្រាវសាស្ត្រ	2
ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់ពីសំណាក់សម្រាប់សេវាសាងសង់	3
ផ្សេងៗទៀត (បញ្ជាក់) : _____	96
ស្រាវ	88
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានគិតបញ្ចូលទៅ	99

នេះនេះ Q7a

នេះនេះ Q7a

នេះនេះ Q7a

នេះនេះ Q7a

Q 6c

{BENAMOUNT}

[មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

ប្រសិនបើមាន តើមនុស្សដែលរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះរបស់អ្នកបានទទួលសរុបប្រយោជន៍ជាប្រភេទណាមួយដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ប្រាក់ចំណូល ១២ ខែកន្លងមក?

សរុបប្រាក់ប្រចាំខែដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានគិតបញ្ចូលទៅ	99

Q 12a {SERVICERQST} [ស្តារបណ្តាញ] [បង្កើតមាតិកាស្នើសុំ]

ដំបូង យើងខ្ញុំនឹងចម្លងបណ្តាញបណ្តាញមួយចំនួនដល់អ្នកដែលបណ្តាញនោះតំណាងអោយសេវាកម្មមួយចំនួន ដែលអ្នកក្រសួងស្នើសុំប្រើប្រាស់ជាដើមស្នើសុំពីសេវាកម្មនោះ។ តើអ្នក
រំលឹកបានឬទេ តើអ្នកធ្លាប់ប្រើប្រាស់សេវាកម្មនោះពីសេវាកម្មដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ដែរឬទេ?

(សូមអោយអ្នកអបសម្ព័ន្ធសាង ដាក់បណ្តាញនោះក្នុងប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធានមនុស្ស និង ក្នុងប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធានសេវាកម្ម)

Q 12b {SERVICEASE} [ចម្លងបណ្តាញ] [បង្កើតមួយក្នុងមួយថ្ងៃ]

[សូមប្រមូលយកគំនិតរបស់អ្នកដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់សេវាកម្មនោះ]

សំណង់សេវាកម្ម និងការជួយស្នើសុំដែលអ្នកបានបំពេញក្នុងការស្នើសុំសូមអ្នកជាក់ស្តែងបណ្តាញនោះ ពីលេខ 1 ដល់លេខ 10 នៅតាមកំរិតនៃការយល់ព្រម ដែលអ្នកបានបំពេញ
(លេខ 1 មានន័យថា អ្នកមិនទទួលបានការស្នើសុំ និង 10 មានន័យថា អ្នកទទួលបានការស្នើសុំយ៉ាងច្បាស់លាស់)

(ចំណាំ: គ្រាប់បែបបង្កើតសំណើសុំជូនជា អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ស្នើសុំ ហើយបានទទួល, អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ស្នើសុំដែលបានទទួល, អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ស្នើសុំដែលបានបំពេញសំណើសុំនោះ)

Q 12c {SERVICECONF} [ចម្លងបណ្តាញ] [បង្កើតមួយក្នុងមួយថ្ងៃ]

[សូមប្រមូលយកគំនិតរបស់អ្នកដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់សេវាកម្មនោះ]

សំណង់សេវាកម្ម និងការជួយស្នើសុំដែលអ្នកបានបំពេញក្នុងការស្នើសុំសំណង់សេវាកម្ម និងការជួយស្នើសុំដែលអ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ស្នើសុំ, សូមអ្នកជាក់ស្តែងពីលេខ 1 ដល់លេខ 10 (លេខ 1
មានន័យថា អ្នកមិនបានប្រើប្រាស់សេវាកម្មនោះ និងលេខ 10 មានន័យថា អ្នកបានប្រើប្រាស់សេវាកម្មនោះយ៉ាងច្បាស់លាស់ ឬលើសពីការស្នើសុំ) ។

(ចំណាំ: វិនិច្ឆ័យគ្រាប់បែបបង្កើតសំណើសុំជូនជា អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ស្នើសុំរបស់អ្នកដែលបានបំពេញសំណើសុំនោះ)

	សេវាកម្ម និងជំនួយផ្សេងៗពីរដ្ឋាភិបាល	Q12a		Q12b & Q12c			
		ទេ	បាទ/ចាស	→	ពិន្ទុ	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	ពិន្ទុប្រកួតប្រជែង
		ពុំដែលស្នើសុំ	ស្នើសុំ				
1	1. ស្នើសុំជំនួយបច្ចេកទេសពីអង្គការសហប្រតិបត្តិការអន្តរជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
2	2. ស្នើសុំការប្រឹក្សាពីអង្គការសហប្រតិបត្តិការអន្តរជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
3	3. ស្នើសុំជំនួយបច្ចេកទេសពីស្ថាប័នឯកជន/ស្ថាប័នមិនមែនរដ្ឋបាល	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
4	4. ស្នើសុំការប្រឹក្សាពីស្ថាប័នឯកជន/ស្ថាប័នមិនមែនរដ្ឋបាល	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
5	5. ស្នើសុំការប្រឹក្សាពីស្ថាប័នឯកជន/ស្ថាប័នមិនមែនរដ្ឋបាល	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
6	6. ស្នើសុំការប្រឹក្សាពីស្ថាប័នឯកជន/ស្ថាប័នមិនមែនរដ្ឋបាល	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
7	7. ស្នើសុំការប្រឹក្សាពីស្ថាប័នឯកជន/ស្ថាប័នមិនមែនរដ្ឋបាល	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
8	8. ស្នើសុំការប្រឹក្សាពីស្ថាប័នឯកជន/ស្ថាប័នមិនមែនរដ្ឋបាល	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
9	9. ស្នើសុំការប្រឹក្សាពីស្ថាប័នឯកជន/ស្ថាប័នមិនមែនរដ្ឋបាល	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
10	10. ស្នើសុំការប្រឹក្សាពីស្ថាប័នឯកជន/ស្ថាប័នមិនមែនរដ្ឋបាល	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
11	11. ស្នើសុំការប្រឹក្សាពីស្ថាប័នឯកជន/ស្ថាប័នមិនមែនរដ្ឋបាល	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
77	ពិន្ទុ	សរុប Q13					
66	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	សរុប Q13					
99	ពិន្ទុប្រកួតប្រជែង	សរុប Q13					

Q 13 [បង្កើតធាតុស្រដៀង] [បង្កើតធាតុស្រដៀង]

តើមានអ្នកណាម្នាក់បានប្រើប្រាស់ធាតុស្រដៀងនេះក្នុងគម្រោងរបស់អ្នកដែរឬទេ?

ប្រសិនបើបាទ/ចាស សូមបំពេញតាមរូបមន្តខាងក្រោម ដើម្បីបញ្ជាក់ពីការប្រើប្រាស់ធាតុស្រដៀងនេះ។

ល.រ	គម្រោង	ប្រភពថវិកា
	{PROJSECTOR}	{PROJFUNDS}
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

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អង្គជំនុំជម្រះវិសាមញ្ញក្នុងតុលាការ (សវនករសវនករសវនករសវនករ)		
អង្គជំនុំជម្រះវិសាមញ្ញក្នុងតុលាការ :(PROJFUNDS)	ក្រុមប្រឹក្សាប្រឹក្សាប្រឹក្សា	1
	អគ្គនាយកស្រុក	2
	អគ្គនាយកខេត្ត	3
	រដ្ឋាភិបាលប្រឹក្សាជាតិ	4
	អគ្គនាយករដ្ឋាភិបាលស្មើស្មើស្មើ	5
	ជំនួយបច្ចេកទេស	6
	អគ្គនាយករដ្ឋាភិបាល	7
	ស្ថាប័នជាតិប្រឹក្សាជាតិ (អគ្គនាយករដ្ឋាភិបាល, យុវជនអន្តរជាតិ, អគ្គនាយកប្រឹក្សាជាតិ)	8
	ស្មើស្មើ, បញ្ជាក់ : _____	96
មិនដឹង	77	
បទដ្ឋានប្រឹក្សាជាតិ	66	
មិនប្រកាន់ប្រឹក្សាជាតិ	99	

ផ្នែក ៥: ច្បាប់ និង ការងារប្រុងប្រយ័ត្នធ្វើដំណើរនៅលើផ្លូវឧបសគ្គការងារស្រួច

Q 14

[စေးမှိုယမုယညှစ်မုယငိုး]

[illegible][illegible]

(ចំពោះសាធារណជនសិក្សា ប្រសិនបើពុំមាននៅក្នុងចំណោមអ្នកបង្ហាញខ្លួន)

Q 15

[ចង្ហែងមួយក្នុងមួយជួរ]

តើអ្នកត្រូវចំណាយពេលប្រហែលប៉ុន្មានដើម្បីទៅទីនោះ?

ល.រ	សេចក្តី	Q14 {TRANSMODE}	Q15 {TRANSTIME}			
			កង់រូបសាស្ត្រ	មិនខ្លី	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនអានឬមិនចង់ដឹង
1	ប៉ុន្មានសប្តាហ៍		___ នាទី	77	66	99
2	មធ្យមសប្តាហ៍ស្រាវជ្រាវ		___ នាទី	77	66	99
3	មធ្យមសប្តាហ៍ស្រាវជ្រាវ		___ នាទី	77	66	99
4	ប្រចាំថ្ងៃ		___ នាទី	77	66	99
5	ស្រាវជ្រាវសរុប		___ នាទី	77	66	99

[តង់ត្រាជារលេង]

សូមអានប្រការនេះ	
ទី១៩	77
ច្បាប់សភាស្តីប្រ	66
ទីប្រាំមួយស្តីពីសភា	99

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

සූර්යයාගේ ප්‍රාග්ධන ශක්තිය	1
සූර්යයාගේ ප්‍රාග්ධන ශක්තිය	2
සූර්යයාගේ ප්‍රාග්ධන ශක්තිය	3
සූර්යයාගේ ප්‍රාග්ධන ශක්තිය	4
සූර්යයාගේ ප්‍රාග්ධන ශක්තිය	96
සූර්යයාගේ ප්‍රාග්ධන ශක්තිය	77
සූර්යයාගේ ප්‍රාග්ධන ශක්තිය	66
සූර්යයාගේ ප්‍රාග්ධන ශක්තිය	99

[បន្ទាប់ពីការពិនិត្យ]

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Q 19

[មជ្ឈមណ្ឌល]

[មជ្ឈមណ្ឌល]

តើការងារនេះ (ស្របច្បាប់ ឬ មិនស្របច្បាប់) ត្រូវបានធ្វើឡើងដែរ?

Q 20

[មជ្ឈមណ្ឌល]

[មជ្ឈមណ្ឌល]

តើការងារនេះ (ស្របច្បាប់ ឬ មិនស្របច្បាប់) ត្រូវបានធ្វើឡើងដែរ?

Q 21

[មជ្ឈមណ្ឌល]

[មជ្ឈមណ្ឌល]

តើការងារនេះ (ស្របច្បាប់ ឬ មិនស្របច្បាប់) ត្រូវបានធ្វើឡើងដែរ?

ល.រ	Q19 {MEMBCODE}	Q20 {HIGHESTOFFICE}	Q21 {HIGHESTAPPT}
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			

លេខកូដដំណាក់កាល និងការងារនីមួយៗ			
កូដកាត់ត្រាលេខ	1	ជំនាញមួយ	13
កូដ	2	ជំនាញមួយ	14
ប្រភព	3	ទេស	15
កូដប្រភេទ	4	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	16
កូដប្រភេទ	5	ក្រុមប្រឹក្សា	17
កូដប្រភេទ	6	ក្រុមប្រឹក្សា	18
កូដប្រភេទ	7	សាមីស្ត្រី	19
កូដប្រភេទ	8	សាមីស្ត្រីស្រី	20
កូដប្រភេទ	9	Household's employee	22
បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	10	មិនដឹង	77
បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	11	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	66
ជំនាញមួយ	12	មិនស្របច្បាប់	99

លេខកូដ Q22

លេខកូដ Q22

លេខកូដ Q22

[illegible]

Q 22

[\[Show card\]](#)

[ចេញដំណើរចូលដំណើរ]

បណ្តុះបណ្តាលចំនួនដប់ពីរព្រឹត្តិការណ៍ដែលកើតឡើងនៅក្នុងប្រទេសកម្ពុជា ឬ ជិតពលភាគ តាមរយៈប្រភពផ្សេងៗជាមធ្យម។ ក្នុងចំណោមប្រភពខាងក្រោមនេះ

សូមប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធនេះដើម្បីទទួលបានព័ត៌មានប្រចាំថ្ងៃ ប្រចាំខែ ឬប្រចាំឆ្នាំ អំពីការប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធនេះ។

ល.រ	ប្រភពព័ត៌មាន	តារាងស្តីពីការប៉ាន់ការប្រើប្រាស់ {NEWSFRQ}
1	ការស្រាវជ្រាវផ្ទៃក្នុង (ការស្រាវជ្រាវក្នុងស្ថានភាព)	
2	ឧបករណ៍ស្រាវជ្រាវក្នុងស្ថានភាព	
3	ព័ត៌មានតាមរយៈការស្រាវជ្រាវ	
4	វិទ្យុ	
5	កូដប្រព័ន្ធ	
6	សារព័ត៌មានប្រព័ន្ធប្រព័ន្ធ (ប្រព័ន្ធប្រព័ន្ធ)	
7	បញ្ហាប្រព័ន្ធប្រព័ន្ធ / បញ្ហាប្រព័ន្ធ	
8	តាមរយៈប្រព័ន្ធប្រព័ន្ធ	

តារាងស្តីពីការប្រើប្រាស់នៃការប្រើប្រាស់	ប្រើប្រាស់ផ្ទៃ	1
	ប្រើប្រាស់សង្គ្រាម	2
	ប្រើប្រាស់ផ្ទៃ	3
	ប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធប្រតិបត្តិការ	4
	ប្រើប្រាស់	5
	ប្រើប្រាស់	77
	ប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធប្រតិបត្តិការ	66
	ប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធប្រតិបត្តិការ	99

Q 31

{RELIGIONFRQ} [មន្ទីរពេទ្យប្រជាជន]

តើអ្នកចូលរួមសកម្មភាពសាសនាណាមួយក្នុងចំណោមខាងក្រោម?

(បំណង: វិនិច្ឆ័យប្រកាស, ព្រះពុទ្ធសាសនា, អាណាមីតាម, ឡឺវីន្ទ្រ, ឬ ជំនឿផ្សេងៗ)

មិនចូលរួមឡើយ	1	នេះនេះ Q33
ពិសេសបំផុតក្នុងចំណោមខាងក្រោម	2	
ម្តងម្កាលក្នុងមួយខែ	3	
ពីរដងក្នុងមួយខែ	4	
ប្រហែលម្តងក្នុងមួយខែ	5	
ប្រហែលម្តងក្នុងមួយខែ	6	
មិនដឹង	77	នេះនេះ Q33
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះនេះ Q33
មិនប្រកាសឡើយសាសនា	99	នេះនេះ Q33

Q 32

{RELIGION}

[មន្ទីរពេទ្យប្រជាជន]

តើអ្នកអនុវត្ត/កាន់សាសនាអ្វី?

សាសនាព្រះពុទ្ធ, ព្រះពុទ្ធសាសនា	1
សាសនាព្រះពុទ្ធបរិវារ	2
សាសនាសាសនា	3
ឥស្លាមសាសនា	4
សាសនាគ្រិស្តសាសនា	5
សាសនាព្រះគ្រិស្ត	6
សាសនាហិណ្ឌូ	7
សាសនាជ្វីស	8
ផ្សេងៗ, បញ្ជាក់ _____	9
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសឡើយសាសនា	99

Q 33

[មន្ទីរពេទ្យប្រជាជន]

តើអ្នកអាចនិយាយបានទៅអ្នកមាន [ភាសាសាសនា] អ្វី :

ខ្មែរ	1
ខ្មែរជនជាតិខ្មែរ (ជនជាតិសាសនា)	2
ផ្សេងៗទៀត (សូមបញ្ជាក់ _____)	96
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសឡើយសាសនា	99

Q 43

[ចម្លើយឆន្ទៈប្រើ]

[illegible]

အရင်းအမြစ် ၁ :	
အရင်းအမြစ် ၂ :	
အရင်းအမြစ် ၃ :	
မီလီယံ	77
ပင်လယ်မီလီယံ	66
မီလီယံမီလီယံ	99

គណបក្សប្រជាជនកម្ពុជា (Cambodian People's Party)	1	គណបក្សសញ្ជាតិកម្ពុជា (Cambodian Nationality Party)	9
គណបក្សសមរង្ស៊ី (Sam Ransy Pary)	2	គណបក្សប្រជាជន ចលនាប្រជាធិបតេយ្យ (Democratic Movement Party)	10
គណបក្សសិទ្ធិមនុស្ស (Human Right Party)	3	គណបក្សសាធារណរដ្ឋប្រជាធិបតេយ្យ (Democratic Republican Party)	11
គណបក្សសង្គ្រោះជាតិ (Cambodia National Rescue Party)	4	គណបក្សវិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ច (Khmer Economic Development Party)	12
គណបក្សនរោត្តមនរោត្តម (Norodom Ranararith Party)	5	ផ្សេងៗ (សូមបញ្ជាក់:_____)	96
គណបក្សហ្វ្រូនតឺរ (FUNCINPEC Party)	6		
គណបក្សសង្គ្រោះសិទ្ធិប្រជាធិបតេយ្យ (League for Democracy Party)	7		
គណបក្សឆ្មោះឈ្នះមរណៈ (Khmer Anti-Poverty Party)	8		

Q 44a

{SOCIALRANK}

[បន្ទាប់បន្ត]

ពួកយើងខឹងខានពីបញ្ហាសន្តមមួយចំនួនដែលបានរីករាលដាលក្នុងប្រទេសជាតិយើងនេះ។ ពលបញ្ញាក្នុងរាជវង្សនោះសុទ្ធតែសំខាន់ ហេតុដូច្នេះ យើងសូមអោយអ្នកធ្វើការថ្លាថាត្រូវ ថាឆឺ បញ្ញាមួយនោះដែលសំខាន់ជាងគេ សង្វាច់អ្នក និងប្រុសនោះបេសអ្នក។ ឃ្លាចតិចត្រូវ ប្រសិនបើអ្នកពិតជាបញ្ជាក់សន្តមអាចរស់នៅក្នុងស្ថានភាពស្រួលបាន តើអ្នកអាចផ្តល់អតិថាភក្តីមួយលើបញ្ហាសន្តមមួយនោះដែលត្រូវនោះស្រួលបន្តិច។ បញ្ហាដែលត្រូវ នោះស្រួលចុះស្រួល។ សូមស្រីសម្រស់អាចតែងតែ ដែលប្រធានកិច្ចការ តើជាបញ្ហាមិនដែលអ្នកផ្តល់អតិថាភក្តី និងប្រធានកិច្ចការ តើជាបញ្ហាសំខាន់ចុះស្រួលបន្តិច។ សូមអ្នកស្រីសម្រស់បញ្ជាក់សំខាន់ចំពោះអ្នកនិយមស្រាវជ្រាវនោះ តើប៉ុន្មាន។ ចំពោះបង្កើតអាចរស់នៅនិងបាន បង្កើតមួយនោះដែលស្រួល ឬក៏ត្រូវនោះគេ ហើយយើងខឹងខាននូវបញ្ហាអាចរស់នៅនោះសុទ្ធតែសំខាន់។ សុំប្រមាថកិច្ចការដែលពួកយើងពុំសូវបាន តើបើប្តីជួយនោះស្រួលបញ្ហាបេសអ្នកក្នុងតែឆ្នាំប្រាំបីឆ្នាំ។

(សំគាល់ : តាបានជាចំពោះលេខទ្រព្យ ៥ ដល់ ៧ ដែល នេចទ្រព្យ ១ តំសំខាន់ចំពោះ និងលេខ ៧ មិនស្រួលសំខាន់)

បញ្ហាសង្គម	ចំណាត់ថ្នាក់
សិទ្ធិការងាររបស់ស្ត្រី	
ការបោះឆ្នោតដោយសេរីស្មោះត្រង់	
ការកែលម្អបរិស្ថាន	
សិទ្ធិការពារជីវិតរបស់ស្ត្រី	
សិទ្ធិរបស់ស្ត្រី	

	មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់	មិនប្រកាន់	ប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់	ប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់	មិនដឹង	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់
ករណីទី ១	1	2	3	4	77	66	99
ករណីទី ២	1	2	3	4	77	66	99
ករណីទី ៣	1	2	3	4	77	66	99

ផ្នែកទី ៧: ការស្តង់ដារសហគមន៍

Q 45a

[បញ្ជាក់ប្រភព និង ប្រភេទឯកសារ]

[បញ្ជាក់ឈ្មោះប្រភេទ]

តើយើងបានដឹងហើយថាមានការពិបាកក្នុងការសម្របសម្រួលសេចក្តីសន្យាស្តីពីការងារសាងសង់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនរស់នៅច្រើនជាងមុន តើយើងត្រូវធ្វើការសម្របសម្រួលច្បាប់ណាមួយដែលមានស្រាប់ ដើម្បីធានាបាននូវការងារសាងសង់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនរស់នៅច្រើនជាងមុន ឬយើងត្រូវធ្វើការសម្របសម្រួលច្បាប់ណាមួយដែលមានស្រាប់ ដើម្បីធានាបាននូវការងារសាងសង់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនរស់នៅច្រើនជាងមុន?

យើងខ្ញុំបានដឹងហើយថាមានការពិបាកក្នុងការសម្របសម្រួលសេចក្តីសន្យាស្តីពីការងារសាងសង់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនរស់នៅច្រើនជាងមុន តើយើងត្រូវធ្វើការសម្របសម្រួលច្បាប់ណាមួយដែលមានស្រាប់ ដើម្បីធានាបាននូវការងារសាងសង់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនរស់នៅច្រើនជាងមុន ឬយើងត្រូវធ្វើការសម្របសម្រួលច្បាប់ណាមួយដែលមានស្រាប់ ដើម្បីធានាបាននូវការងារសាងសង់ផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនរស់នៅច្រើនជាងមុន?

[ចំណុច: អ្នកស្នាក់នៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនរស់នៅច្រើនជាងមុន និង ឈ្មោះតំបន់]

ល.រ	ព័ត៌មាន	ចំណុចបែបបទ
		(SECTORTOKEN)
1	1. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
2	2. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
3	3. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
4	4. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
5	5. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
6	6. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
7	7. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
8	8. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
9	9. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
10	10. កម្មវិធីស្រាវជ្រាវស្វែងរកឯកសារសាងសង់ (ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ/ឯកសារស្រាវជ្រាវ)	
77	មិនដឹង	
66	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	
99	មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់	

សម្រាប់ការបែងចែករបស់អ្នកនៅលើពេទ្យបុគ្គលិកតាមឱជ្ជការ តើអ្នករកឃើញព័ត៌មានបន្ថែម តើអ្នក មិនប្រាកដថា មិនប្រាកដ ប្រាកដប្រាកដ មិន ប្រាកដថា ព័ត៌មានតាមផ្លូវរបស់អ្នកពិភពលោក ។

	මින:ප්‍රාග්ධන	මින:ප්‍රාග්ධන	ප්‍රාග්ධන සූචක	ප්‍රාග්ධන	මින:දින	ප්‍රතිඵලය:මින:දින	මින:ප්‍රාග්ධන:මින:දින
ප්‍රාග්ධන: 1	1	2	3	4	77	66	99
ප්‍රාග්ධන: 2	1	2	3	4	77	66	99
ප්‍රාග්ධන: 3	1	2	3	4	77	66	99

2012

Q 47a {VOTED} [ចម្លើយត្រឹមត្រូវ]

ឆ្នាំ	1
ឆ្នាំ/ខែ	2
ថ្ងៃខែឆ្នាំ	77
ថ្ងៃសប្តាហ៍	66
ថ្ងៃសប្តាហ៍/ខែ	99

Q 47b {VOTED HERE} [មេឃឹមតែបុយគត់]

ឆ្នាំ	1
ស្ថានភាព	2
ទិន្នន័យ	77
បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	66
ទិន្នន័យស្ថានភាព	99

Q 47c

{VOTEDHOME}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកបានបោះឆ្នោតនៅជុំកំណើតរបស់អ្នក ឬ នៅជុំដែលអ្នកស្នាក់នៅបច្ចុប្បន្ន/អចិន្ត្រៃយ៍?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានជំរុញឱ្យឆ្នោត	99

Q 48

{VOTETIME}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើចាប់ពីពេលដែលអ្នកបានបោះឆ្នោត រហូតដល់ពេលដែលអ្នកបានធ្វើការបោះឆ្នោត តើអ្នកត្រូវបានបំណាយ/ខិតខំ អស់រយៈពេលប៉ុន្មាន?

[បំណាំ: សូមអត់ប្រុងបំផុតពីការបំណាយ]

អត់ប្រុងរយៈពេល		នាទី
មិនដឹង	77	
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	
មិនត្រូវបានជំរុញឱ្យឆ្នោត	99	

ការស្រាវជ្រាវបោះឆ្នោត

Q 49a

{VOTEKNOW} [ចម្លើយមួយក្នុងមួយជួរ]

តើអ្នកគិតថា _____ ដឹងថាអ្នកបោះឆ្នោតអោយគណបក្សណាដែរឬទេ?

Q 49b

{VOTEGUESS} [ចម្លើយមួយក្នុងមួយជួរ]

បើទោះបីជាពួកគេមិនអាចដឹងថាអ្នកបោះឆ្នោតអោយគណបក្សណា

តើអ្នកគិតថាពួកគេទាំងនោះអាចទាយដឹងថាអ្នកបោះឆ្នោតអោយគណបក្សណាដែរឬទេ?

		Q49a					Q49b				
		ទេ	បាន /ចា ស	បដិសេ ធមិន ឆ្លើយ	មិនត្រូវនី ងស្ថានភា ព		ទេ	បាន /ចា ស	បដិសេ ធមិន ឆ្លើយ	មិនត្រូវនី ងស្ថានភា ព	
1	ប្រពន្ធ/ ប្តី	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
2	មិត្តភក្តិ/អ្នកជិតខាង	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
3	ថៅកែ	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
4	ចាស់ទុំ	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
5	សមាជិកក្រុមប្រឹក្សាឃុំ/សង្កាត់	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99
6	គណប្បនយោបាយ/អ្នកនយោបាយ	1	2	77	66	99	1	2	77	66	99

Q 51

{NEARPOLLING} [ច្បាប់ស្តីពីការបោះឆ្នោត] [ទស្សនវិស័យប្រជាជន]

តើអ្នកបានឃើញ មនុស្សទាំងនេះដោយផ្ទាល់មុខនៅក្នុងការបោះឆ្នោតដែរឬទេ? ចំណាំ : ទាំងនេះគឺជាអ្នកបោះឆ្នោតដែលបានបោះឆ្នោត

ល.រ	បុគ្គល ឬ ក្រុម	ការយល់ព្រមបុគ្គល ឬ ក្រុមនេះនឹងពិភាក្សាលើយន្តការនោះ				
		ទេ	បាទ/ចាស	មិនដឹង	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនត្រូវបានជំរុញដោយគាត់
1	អ្នកតំណាងសភាបក្ស (មន្ត្រីបក្ស/ អ្នកឆ្នាំរឹប/ អ្នកឆ្លើយតបនោះនោះ)			77	66	99
2	មេត្តជនលេខនោះនោះ			77	66	99
3	ម៉ូស៊ីស			77	66	99
4	គ្រប់គ្រងសមាជិកនៃគណៈកម្មាធិការស្រុក (គ. ខម្សែរ)			77	66	99
5	គ្រប់គ្រងសមាជិកនៃគណៈកម្មាធិការស្រុក (គ. ខម្សែរ) (អ្នកតំណាងពីអង្គការសហប្រជាជាតិ រឺសហមជ្ឈមណ្ឌល)			77	66	99
6	បុគ្គលិកធានា			77	66	99
7	កងកម្លាំងប្រដាប់អាវុធ រឺអង្គការស្រុក			77	66	99

Q 52a

{EVOTING}

[ចម្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ]

តើបន្ទប់នោះនោះនឹងបង្កើនការយល់ព្រមរបស់អ្នកក្នុងការយល់ព្រមនេះឬទេ?

ទេ	1	នេះនឹងបង្កើន 9
បាទ/ចាស	2	បន្តដល់ Q52b
មិនដឹង	77	នេះនឹងបង្កើន 9
បដិសេធន	66	នេះនឹងបង្កើន 9
មិនត្រូវបានជំរុញដោយគាត់	99	នេះនឹងបង្កើន 9

Q 52b

{MACHBREAK}

[ចម្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ]

តើវាជួយដល់ការយល់ព្រមរបស់អ្នកក្នុងការយល់ព្រមនេះឬទេ?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធន	66
មិនត្រូវបានជំរុញដោយគាត់	99

ផ្នែកទី 9: ឥទ្ធិពលនៅលើការបោះឆ្នោត

Q 53

[បន្ទាញតាង]

តើអ្នកយើងបានឃើញឥទ្ធិពលណាមួយដែលបានកើតឡើងក្នុងការបោះឆ្នោតនៅក្នុងតំបន់របស់អ្នកដែរឬទេ? តើអ្នកបានឃើញឥទ្ធិពលណាមួយដែលបានកើតឡើងក្នុងការបោះឆ្នោតនៅក្នុងតំបន់របស់អ្នកដែរឬទេ?

[បន្ទាញតាងលើកទី 1 ដល់ 5] នេះគឺជាតាងលើកទី 1 ដល់ 5 ដែល លេខ 1 គឺជាឥទ្ធិពលដែលបានកើតឡើង និងលេខ 5 គឺជាឥទ្ធិពលដែលបានកើតឡើងក្នុងតំបន់របស់អ្នក។

[បង្ហាញមូលដ្ឋាន]

			ឥទ្ធិពលដែលបានកើតឡើង					លេខ 1	លេខ 2	លេខ 3	លេខ 4	លេខ 5
			→					77	66	99		
			ឥទ្ធិពលដែលបានកើតឡើង					77	66	99		
a	{FACTORFAM}	តំបន់របស់អ្នកនិងប្រជាជនក្នុងតំបន់	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99		
b	{FACTORPOLICY}	បើគោលនយោបាយរបស់ប្រជាជនក្នុងតំបន់បានប្រើប្រាស់តាមការណែនាំរបស់អ្នកនោះទេ?	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99		
c	{FACTORGIFT}	តំបន់របស់អ្នកនិងប្រជាជនក្នុងតំបន់	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99		
d	{FACTORCONNE CT}	លទ្ធភាពរបស់ប្រជាជនក្នុងតំបន់ក្នុងការទទួលបានសេវាសាធារណៈ	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99		
e	{FACTORFEAR}	ការភ័យខ្លាចការប្រឈមនឹងប្រជាជនក្នុងតំបន់	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99		
f	{FACTORHELP}	ការប្រើប្រាស់សេវាសាធារណៈរបស់ប្រជាជនក្នុងតំបន់	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99		

ផ្នែកទី 10: បញ្ហាប្រឈម

Q 56a

{KNOWCOUNCIL}

[បង្ហាញមូលដ្ឋាន]

តើអ្នកបានឃើញបញ្ហាប្រឈមណាមួយក្នុងការបោះឆ្នោតនៅក្នុងតំបន់របស់អ្នកដែរឬទេ?

(តើអ្នកបានឃើញបញ្ហាប្រឈមណាមួយក្នុងការបោះឆ្នោតនៅក្នុងតំបន់របស់អ្នកដែរឬទេ? តើអ្នកបានឃើញបញ្ហាប្រឈមណាមួយក្នុងការបោះឆ្នោតនៅក្នុងតំបន់របស់អ្នកដែរឬទេ?)

លេខ	1	លេខ 57
ឈ្មោះ/តំបន់	2	បើមាន សូមបញ្ជាក់ Q56b
លេខ 1	77	លេខ 57
លេខ 2	66	លេខ 57
លេខ 3	99	លេខ 57

Q 56b

{COUNCILNUMB}

[បង្ហាញមូលដ្ឋាន]

តើអ្នកបានឃើញបញ្ហាប្រឈមណាមួយក្នុងការបោះឆ្នោតនៅក្នុងតំបន់របស់អ្នកដែរឬទេ?

1	1
2	2
3	3

មានលើសពី 3, សូមបញ្ជាក់ _____	96
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនព្រមឆ្លើយសាធារណៈ	99

Q 57a

{KNOWDIST}

[បង្កើតឡើងដោយប្រព័ន្ធ]

តើអ្នកមានបញ្ហាណាមួយក្នុងការប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធគណនេយ្យដែរឬទេ?

(តើសំណួរណាមួយក្នុងចំណោមចំណុចទាំងនេះ ឬបញ្ហាណាមួយដែលបានរាយនាមខាងលើ ដែលអ្នកបានជួបប្រទះក្នុងការប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធគណនេយ្យ?)

ទេ	No	1	រំលងទៅ Q58
បាទ/ចាស	Yes	2	តើមានបញ្ហាណាមួយក្នុងចំណោមចំណុចទាំងនេះ ឬបញ្ហាណាមួយដែលបានរាយនាមខាងលើ ដែលអ្នកបានជួបប្រទះក្នុងការប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធគណនេយ្យ?
មិនដឹង	Don't know	77	រំលងទៅ Q58
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	Refuse	66	រំលងទៅ Q58
មិនព្រមឆ្លើយសាធារណៈ	Not applicable	99	រំលងទៅ Q58

Q 57b

{DISTNUMB}

[បង្កើតឡើងដោយប្រព័ន្ធ]

ប្រសិនបើមាន តើមានបញ្ហាណាមួយក្នុងការប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធគណនេយ្យដែរឬទេ?

1	1
2	2
3	3
មានលើសពី 3, សូមបញ្ជាក់ _____	96
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនព្រមឆ្លើយសាធារណៈ	99

Q 58a

{KNOWPROV}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកមានស្នាក់នៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនជាងឬតិចជាង?

(តំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនជាងឬតិចជាង ឬប្រជាជនច្រើនជាងឬតិចជាង ហើយតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនជាងឬតិចជាងនេះ)

ទេ	1	នេះនេះ Q59a
ឯក/ចាស	2	continue to Q58b
មិនដឹង	77	នេះនេះ Q59a
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះនេះ Q59a
មិនត្រូវបានអនុវត្ត	99	នេះនេះ Q59a

Q 58b

{PROVNUMB}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកមានស្នាក់នៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនជាងឬតិចជាង?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 60a

{KNOWGOV}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកមានស្នាក់នៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនជាងឬតិចជាង?

(តំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនជាងឬតិចជាង ឬប្រជាជនច្រើនជាងឬតិចជាង ហើយតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនជាងឬតិចជាងនេះ)

(ប្រសិនបើកូដ 66/77/99 នេះក្នុង Q39, ចម្លើយក្នុង Q60a ត្រូវបានកំណត់ជាលើកដំបូង)

ទេ	1	នេះនេះ Q61
ឯក/ចាស	2	បើឯក/ចាស ត្រូវបានកំណត់ Q60b
មិនដឹង	77	នេះនេះ Q61
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះនេះ Q61
មិនត្រូវបានអនុវត្ត	99	នេះនេះ Q61

Q 64a

{NUMBERPEOPLEKNOW}

[បង្កើតប្រជាជន]

តើមានមនុស្សចំនួនប៉ុន្មាននាក់ដែលរស់នៅក្នុងភូមិ (តែមិនរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះជាមួយអ្នក) ដែលអ្នកគោរពអំពីការយល់ដឹងអំពីឥរិយាបថនៃប្រជាជន?

សរុបអ្នកប្រកាសចំនួនមនុស្ស		
មិនដឹង	77	លេខ Q65
ប្រហែលជាមិនដឹង	66	លេខ Q65
មិនអានប្រហែលជាដឹង	99	លេខ Q65

Q 64b

[ស្វែងរក]

[បង្កើតប្រជាជន]

ក្នុងចំណោមចំនួនមនុស្សដែលអ្នកបានរៀបចំក្នុងចំនួន Q 64a (ដែលអ្នកគោរពអំពីការយល់ដឹងអំពីឥរិយាបថនៃប្រជាជន) តើមានប៉ុន្មាននាក់ដែលជា : ដើមនៃប្រជាជន?

	តំណក់ព័ត៌មាន	
	RESP_RELATE_A [Multiple answers]	ចំនួន
1	សហគមន៍ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	
2	មេរៀន	
3	មិត្តរួមការងារ/អ្នកធ្វើជំនួញជាមួយគ្នា	
4	មេដឹកនាំសហគមន៍	
5	សហគមន៍សហគមន៍	
6	សហគមន៍ក្នុងអង្គការផ្សេងៗ	
7	មិត្តភក្តិ	
8	អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវ	
9	អ្នកនយោបាយ	
77	មិនដឹង	លេខ Q65
66	ប្រហែលជាមិនដឹង	លេខ Q65
99	មិនអានប្រហែលជាដឹង	លេខ Q65

Q 65

{FRIENDSCOMMUNE}

[មឃ្លើយបានជ្រើស] [មឃ្លើយត្រូវបានជ្រើស]

នៅទីនេះ តើមានការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលណាម្នាក់ឱ្យទទួលខុសត្រូវក្នុងការងារនេះដែរឬទេ? តើបុគ្គលនោះមានឈ្មោះអ្វីដែរ?

[ចំណាំ: គំរូនេះត្រូវបានប្រើសម្រាប់ការបំពេញតាមការស្នើសុំបន្ថែមប៉ុណ្ណោះ]

មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឃើញ	66
មិនប្រកាសឱ្យទទួលខុសត្រូវ	99

អត្ថបទនេះមិនមែនជាផ្នែកនៃរបាយការណ៍

ចំណាត់ការប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់បុគ្គលណាម្នាក់ (ក្នុងក្រុមប្រឹក្សាភិបាលសហគមន៍ - សមាជិកបុគ្គលណាម្នាក់)

ចំណាំ: តើមានការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលណាម្នាក់ឱ្យទទួលខុសត្រូវក្នុងការងារនេះដែរឬទេ?

Q 68

{OTHERRESPONDENT}

[មឃ្លើយបានជ្រើស]

តើមានបុគ្គលណាម្នាក់ដែលបានចាត់តាំងឱ្យទទួលខុសត្រូវក្នុងការងារនេះដែរឬទេ?

សមាជិកប្រឹក្សាភិបាល (នេះគឺជាឈ្មោះ)	1
សមាជិកប្រឹក្សាភិបាល (នេះគឺជាឈ្មោះ)	2
មិត្តភក្តិ/ប្រពន្ធមិត្តភក្តិ	3
គ្មាន	88
ផ្សេងៗទៀត សូមបញ្ជាក់ _____	96

Q 69

{RESPPROB}

[មឃ្លើយត្រូវបានជ្រើស]

តើមានការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលណាម្នាក់ឱ្យទទួលខុសត្រូវក្នុងការងារនេះដែរឬទេ?

គ្មានបញ្ហា	1
មានបញ្ហាខ្លះៗ	2
បញ្ហាសំខាន់ៗ	3

Q 74

{IVRSTU}

[Single Answer]

តើអ្នកមួយណាបានរៀនសូត្រពីស្រុកនិងស្ថានភាពក្នុងសង្គមស្ថានភាពស្ថាប័នស្ថាប័ន?

នៅទីតាំងប្រជុំ, តើមានតែម្នាក់ និង អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍តែម្នាក់ឯង	1	លេខ: Q76
មានមនុស្សច្រើននៅទីនោះដែរ តែពួកគេមិនបានចែករំលែកឱ្យស្រាប់នោះទេ	2	
មានមនុស្សច្រើននៅទីនោះដែរ បើយកពួកគេចែករំលែកឱ្យស្រាប់ (ដូចជា ឱ្យយកមកសម្ភាសន៍ក្នុងក្រុមសង្គម)	3	

Q 75

{OTHPRESGEND}

[ប្រើប្រាស់តែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកចូលរួមនៅទីនោះមានអាយុប៉ុន្មាន?

ក្រោម ១៨ ឆ្នាំ	1
១៨ ឆ្នាំ ដល់ ២៤ ឆ្នាំ	2
លើសពី ២៤ ឆ្នាំ	3

Q 76

{RESPCOMFORT}

[ប្រើប្រាស់តែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ មានការងារស្រួលក្នុងការកំណត់ក្រុមគោលដៅ?

មានការងារស្រួលខ្លាំង	1
មានការងារស្រួលមធ្យម	2
មានការងារស្រួលខ្លះៗ	3
មានការងារស្រួលតិចតួចបំផុត	4
មិនមានការងារស្រួលឡើយ	5

Survey Instrument: Midline Survey (English)**People's Participation Survey**

Questionnaire N {QUESTNUMB}:

Date of interview {DATE}:	
Time of interview {TIME}:	
Length of interview {LENGTH}:	
Enumerator's ID {ENUMID}:	
Enumerator's name {ENUMERATOR}:	
Coordinator's name {COORDINATOR}:	

Interview situation	Done by	Yes	No	Signature	Date
Accompanied (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (QC indoor)		1	2		
Accompanied (QC)		1	2		
Tel Back Checked (QC)		1	2		
F2F Back Checked (QC)		1	2		
Data Processing (DP)		1	2		

Standard codes:	1 = No	2 = Yes	66 = Refuse
	77 = Do not know	88 = None	99 = Not Applicable

CONFIDENTIALITY: The interviewer takes the responsibility in guarding the confidentiality of all the information generated through this instrument.

I am from Kantar Cambodia Limited, a Cambodian research firm, which is conducting a survey as part of USAID's program intended to promote constructive civic engagement and participation of women and youth in Cambodia.

Your participation in this survey is important because it is one of the few ways available for understanding the perspective of the Cambodian people on civic engagement. It is important to understand that this survey is for research and evaluation purposes only. Your participation will neither increase nor decrease the likelihood of your community's participation in any USAID program. Your participation in this study does not involve any physical or emotional risk to you beyond that of everyday life.

The survey should take 45 to 60 minutes to complete. Your participation in this survey is voluntary. If you are unable or do not want to answer a question, you may decline, and you can end this interview at any time. All of your responses will be kept strictly confidential and will only be used in a statistical summary.

If you have any questions about the survey, please call 010 333 456 (Mr. Cheat Vuthynun, Supervisor) or 012 520 603 (Mr. Phan Sothea, Associate Research Manager) so that we may assist you.

{CONSENT} Are you willing to proceed?

No	1
Yes	2

End the interview

At the end of this survey, we plan to save your contact information for 1 year and may contact you about participating in future parts of this study. Will you allow us to save your contact information and to contact you for participating in future parts of this study?

{CONSENT2} Are you willing to proceed?

No	1
Yes	2

End the interview

Section 1: Respondent information

Address: Phum (Village): _____ {VILLAGE}
 Khum (Commune): _____ {COMMUNE}
 Srok (District): _____ {DISTRICT}
 Khaet (Province): _____ {PROVINCE}
 Given Name: _____ {GIVENNAME}
 Family Name: _____ {FAMNAME}

Respondent's phone number (if any): _____

Phone number of respondent's relative or neighbor that we can contact: _____ (What is he/she to you _____)

Additional phone number of respondent's relative or neighbor that we can contact: _____ (What is he/she to you _____)

Village Chief's number: _____ (Enumerator has to contact supervisor to get the correct number)

Section 2: Household

Q 1 {COMMUNEYRS} [Single Answer]

How many years have you lived in this commune?

If less than 1 year, please put 0

Record number of year(s):		Number
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 2 {HHNUMB} [Single Answer]

How many people reside in this household?

By 'household' I mean a group of people living daily in the same dwelling space and who eat 3 meals together.

Record number of members:		Members (Household helpers and guests will be included if they have no other house or have been living with the household for 6 months or more)
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 3a Now I am going to ask you about your household

*Note to the interviewer:**Condition 1: if all family members live together and head of household permanently lives in the household, then {ID1} must be head of household.**Condition 2: If the head of household is away or not living permanently at home, then please select code 2 or 3 for {ID1}.*

Line No.	Relationship to Household Head [use code]	[Single Answer] Sex		[Record Age in year] Age as of Last Birthday 77 Don't know, 66 Refuse, 99 Not applicable	[Single Answer] Education [use code]
ID	{RELATIONHHH}	{SEX}		{AGE} Less than 1 year, put "0"	{EDUC}
		Male	Female		
{ID1}		1	2		
{ID2}		1	2		
{ID3}		1	2		

Line No.	Relationship to Household Head [use code]	[Single Answer] Sex		[Record Age in year] Age as of Last Birthday 77 Don't know, 66 Refuse, 99 Not applicable	[Single Answer] Education [use code]
{ID4}		1	2		
{ID5}		1	2		
{ID6}		1	2		
{ID7}		1	2		
{ID8}		1	2		
{ID9}		1	2		

Code: Relationship to HH Head				Code: Education	
Head of Household	1	2 nd cousin	13	1. No formal schooling	9. Incomplete University (Undergraduate)
Husband	2	3 rd cousin	14	2. Kindergarten	10. Complete University (Undergraduate)
Wife	3	Grandchildren	15	3. Incomplete primary (K1-6)	11. Graduate degree
Son	4	Parents' sibling	16	4. Complete primary (K1-6)	12. Post graduate
Daughter	5	Niece	17	5. Incomplete secondary (G7-G9)	13. Incomplete technical/vocational
Father	6	Nephew	18	6. Complete secondary (G7-G9)	14. Complete technical/vocational
Mother	7	In-law	19	7. Incomplete high (G10-G12)	15. Do not meet the minimum age to attend school
Grandfather	8	Other relatives	20	8. Complete high (G10-G12)	77. Don't know
Grandmother	9	Family's friend	21		66. Refuse
Brother	10	Household's employee	22		
Sister	11	Don't know	77		
1 st cousin	12	Refuse	66		
		Not applicable	99		

Note to DP: Respondent number here must be code 1, 2, or 3 chosen in the question about relationship to head of household.

Q 3b Respondent number {RESPNUM}

Section 3: Income and Assets

Note to DP: if code 18 and/or code 19 are chosen, please skip the section asking about its amount and continue asking other sources of income.

Q 4

What are the top 3 sources of income for the household to maintain its needs?

Note for the interviewer: For farmers, if they collect their yield, whether they sell it or not, please ask for the total income if they were to sell all the yield. Please probe for different kinds of crops.

(This question refers to average income each month in the past 12 months of the household member)

Line No.	[Multiple Answers – up to 3 or less than 3] Source of Income [Use code]	What are the gross earnings/month the household receives from this source? (Note: It is the total revenue minus cost of goods sold) [Record amount] 77 Don't know 66 Refuse 99 Not applicable
	{INCSOURCE}	{INCEARNINGS}
1		USD
2		USD
3		USD

Source of income code:		
Code: for {INCCODE}	Fishing	1
	Forest Forager/Resin Collector	2
	Farming	3
	Agricultural/Fishing Wage Laborer	4
	Security Guard	5
	Non-Agricultural/Non-Fishing Manual Worker/Laborer (e.g. construction, stone cutting, mine)	6
	Private Sector Employee, not requiring higher education (e.g. clerk, restaurant server, factory worker)	7
	Private Sector Employee with higher education (education level above high school)	8
	Skilled Professional, requiring higher education (e.g. doctor, teacher, engineer)	9
	Entrepreneur/Personal Business (small/large)	10
	Mechanic	11
	Driver	12
	Carpenter	13
	Religious	14

Source of income code:		
	Salaried employment in commune government	15
	Salaried employment in provincial government	16
	Other salaried employment in government	17
	Overseas workers' remittances	18
	Domestic workers' remittances	19
	Employment with NGO	20
	Occasional labor provided to private sector (skilled labor)	21
	Occasional labor provided to government	22
	Artist (e.g. sculpting, painting, wood carving)	23
	Armed Police/Military	24
	Police	25
	Student	26
	Housekeeper (for pay)	27
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99
	Other [please specify] _____	96

Q 5

{IDPOOR}

[Single Answer]

Does your household receive benefits from ID Poor?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't have ID Poor	3
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 6a

{BENFIT}

[Multiple Answer]

Of the following, from which source does your household receive monetary benefit?

Pension fund	1	
Support from NGO	2	
Sponsorship	3	
Other (specify _____)	96	
None	88	skip to Q7a
Don't know	77	skip to Q7a
Refuse	66	skip to Q7a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q7a

Q 6b

{BENAMOUNT}

[Single Answer]

If any, approximately how much does your household receive each month in benefit, in the past 12 months?

Amount	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 7a

{REMIT}

[Single Answer]

Does your household receive remittances?

(Note: receive in both foreign and domestic remittances)

No	1	skip to Q8b	Logic note for DP: if code 18 and/or 19 were chosen in Q4 please hide code 1 "No" in Q7a
Yes	2		
Don't know	77	skip to Q8b	
Refuse	66	skip to Q8b	
Not applicable	99	skip to Q8b	

Q 7b

{REMITAMOUNT}

[Single Answer]

If any, how much does your household receive in foreign and domestic remittances each month in the past 12 months?

Total amount		USD
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 8a

{REMITSOURCE}

[Multiple Answers]

Where do these remittances come from?

Source	Code	Source	Code
Phnom Penh	1	Kuwait	16
Other areas in Cambodia	2	Qatar	17
Thailand	3	Saudi Arabia	18
Vietnam	4	UAE	19
Malaysia	5	Bahrain	20
Singapore	6	Israel	21
Brunei	7	Lebanon	22
The Philippines	8	Jordan	23
Indonesia	9	Africa	24
Hong Kong	10	Europe	25
Japan	11	United States of America	26

Source	Code	Source	Code
Taiwan	12	Canada	27
China	13	Other (specify) _____	96
South Korea	14	Don't know	77
Australia and New Zealand	15	Refuse	66
		Not applicable	99

Q 8b

{INCOMEALLSOURCE}

[Single Answer]

In the past 12 months, how much money does your household member receive each month from all sources combined?

The total amount in this **Q8b** must be greater or equal to the total amount of **Q4, Q6b, Q7b**

Record the amount		USD
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 9

{ASSET}

[Show card]

[Multiple Answers]

Now we would like to ask you about your household assets

Does your household have/own the following:	Code:				
	No	Yes	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
A radio	1	2	77	66	99
A television	1	2	77	66	99
A mobile phone	1	2	77	66	99
A refrigerator/freezer	1	2	77	66	99
A gas stove/gas range	1	2	77	66	99
A bicycle/pedicab	1	2	77	66	99
A motorcycle/tricycle	1	2	77	66	99
Car or 4-wheel motorized vehicle	1	2	77	66	99
Refuse	66				

Q 10

{ASSETAMT} [Single Answer]

If you are to sell all your household assets, how much do you think you would receive in total?

For example, selling everything that you own – including any houses/land that you own, livestock, a radio, television, stove, refrigerator, washing machine, bicycle, motorcycle, car, and any other belongings that you own.

Record the amount		USD
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Section 4: Help from Politicians

Now we would like to know about how easy or difficult it is for a household like yours to receive services and assistance from the government.

Q 11a

{SERVICERQST} [Flashcard] [Multiple Answer]

First, we would like to show you some flashcards with some examples of services that households like yours might request from the government. Have you or anyone in your household requested the following from the government?

[Have the respondent split the flashcards into two piles: things that they've attempted to request and things that they haven't.]

Q 11b

{SERVICEEASE} [show card] [Single Answer per row]

[Take the pile of flashcards that they've previously attempted to request]

For the service and assistance that you've previously attempted to request, can you let us know on a scale of 1 to 10 (where 1 means you were unable to obtain the requested item and 10 means that it was very easy to obtain), how easy or difficult was it to obtain?

[Note: Attempt to request refers to request and get it or don't get it or about to request but give up due to some reasons]

Q 11c

{SERVICECONF} [show card] [Single Answer per row]

[Take the pile of flashcards that they've not previously attempted to request]

For the service and assistance that you've not previously attempted to request, can you let us know on a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means that you don't think you would be able to get the requested item and 10 means that you think it would be very easy to obtain, can you please the flashcards on the scale to indicate how confident you are about your household's ability to get the following:

[Note: not previously attempted to request refers to never think of requesting]

	Services and assistance from the government	Q11a		Q11b & Q11c			
		No	Yes	→	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
		Not Attempt	Attempt				
1	1. Endorsement letter from the village chief for employment	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
2	2. Assistance from village chief in borrowing money	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
3	3. Endorsement letter from the district governor for employment	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
4	4. Assistance purchasing or registering land with district governor	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
5	5. Business permit	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
6	6. Land registration	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
7	7. Khmer Identity Card	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
8	8. Voter ID/Registration	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
9	9. Vehicle Registration/License Plates	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
10	10. Registering a birth with the district quarter or village (sangha or phum)	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
11	11. Obtaining death certificate from the district quarter or village (sangha or phum)	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
77	Don't know	skip to Q12					
66	Refuse						
99	Not applicable						

Q 12

[\[Multiple Answers\]](#)[\[Show card\]](#)

What projects and programs have been done or are in progress in your commune (khum) over the past 3 years?

This can include any activity which is undertaken by the government, NGOs, or the community such as festivals, new or improved facilities, services or infrastructure, or support programs for some households.

No.	Sector	Source of Funds
	{PROJSECTOR}	{PROJFUNDS}
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

In order to skip to the next question, please click 'Don't know' if the respondent knows less than 5 projects/programs.

Type of project or program code		
Sector for {PROJSECTOR}	Public Health Services	1
	Public Education Services	2
	Cash or In-Kind Transfer for Emergency/Needy (Household Emergencies)	3
	Water and Sanitation Infrastructure	4
	Road Construction and Rehabilitation	5
	Construction of Community Facilities (e.g. municipal halls, basketball courts)	6
	Business Loans and Private Economic Development Programs (Economic Programs)	7
	Agricultural Assistance/Irrigation Systems	8
	Peace and Security	9
	Community Events/Festivals/Fiestas	10
	Others, please specify _____	96
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99

This will not include MFIs or Banks unless the MFI/Bank is being given funds by the government/NGO/IFI for this purpose

skip to Q13

skip to Q13

skip to Q13

Source of fund code (one main source only):		
Source of funds for {PROJFUNDS}	Member of Commune Council	1
	District Government	2
	Provincial Government	3
	National Government	4
	Other Government Agencies	5
	Charity	6
	NGO	7
	IFI (World Bank, USAID, UN)	8
	Others, please specify _____	96
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99

Section 5: Distance and Ease of Travel to Facilities

Q 13

[show card] [Single Answer per row]

What is the main (dominant) mode of transportation that the household uses/has used/would use to reach [facility name]?

If respondent hasn't been to any following facilities by him/herself, please ask respondent to guess about how most of people in her region travel to those facilities.

[In the case of Primary School, if the child is too young to walk]

Q 14

[Single Answer per row]

How long would it take you to get to the facility (in minutes)?

No.	Facility	Q13 {TRANSMODE}	Q14 {TRANSTIME}			
			Record minutes	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
1	Health post/private clinic where you go for basic care		___ minutes	77	66	99
2	Referral Hospital		___ minutes	77	66	99
3	Day Care Center/Pre-School/Parents' or Relatives' House/Place that you leave your kids to be taken care of when you go to work		___ minutes	77	66	99
4	Elementary School		___ minutes	77	66	99
5	Village Centre		___ minutes	77	66	99

Mode of transportation code:				
Main mode of transportation for {TRANSMODE}	Walk	1	Motorcycle	7
	Horse/Cow/Buffalo	2	Tuk Tuk	8
	Bicycle	3	Hand tractor/Three wheels tractor	9
	Bus	4	Others, please specify _____	96
	Taxi	5	Don't know	77
	Own vehicle	6	Refuse	66
			Not applicable	99

Q 15 {ROADTIME} [Please record minutes in number]

For this question, I am going to ask you about a road. It is not important whether the road is dirt, asphalt, or some other material. It only matters that the road is at least as wide as a car. How long (in minutes) does it take to walk from your house to the nearest road that is at least as wide as a car?

Record minutes		Put "0" if less than 1 minute
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 16 {ROADTYPE} [Single Answer]

What type of road is the nearest road to your house?

Dirt Road	1
Gravel	2
Asphalt	3
Concrete	4
Others, please specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Section 6: Household Political Activism and Knowledge

Q 17a

[\[Show card\]](#)

If any, is there any person in your household or other family member or relative that are not living in your household who has held a position in the government office?

***** When asking Q17a, first please ask about all the members listed in the household roster in Q3a before asking about other family members or relatives that are not listed in the household roster.**

Q 17b Choose the ID from Household members list (Q3a) whether they are in household or not

Q 18 What is the **highest office/position** ever held by this member?[\[Single Answer\]](#)[\[Show card\]](#)

Q 19 Is this member elected or appointed for this position?

[\[Single Answer\]](#)[\[Show card\]](#)

No.	Q17a {MEMBCODE}	Q17b {IDHHRTER}	Q18 {HIGHESTOFFICE}	Q19 {HIGHESTAPPT}
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

Household member code for Q17 (for MEMBCODE):			
Head of Household	1	2 nd cousin	13
Husband	2	3 rd cousin	14
Wife	3	Grandchildren	15
Son	4	Parents' sibling	16
Daughter	5	Niece	17
Father	6	Nephew	18
Mother	7	In-law	19
Grandfather	8	Other relatives	20
Grandmother	9	Family's friend	21
Brother	10	Household's employee	22
Sister	11	Don't know	77
1 st cousin	12	Refuse	66
		Not applicable	99

skip to Q20

skip to Q20

skip to Q20

Code for Q19: Office held by member	
Highest elected office	1
Highest appointed office	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Code for highest office held for Q18 for (HIGHESTOFFICE) and (HIGHESTAPPT)	Commune councilor	1	Provincial Police Officer	10
	Mayor or village chief	2	Member of Parliament	11
	District Governor	3	Senator	12
	District Deputy Governor	4	Provincial Governor	13
	Member of District Government	5	Provincial Deputy Governor	14
	Member of Provincial General Secretariat	6	Member of Provincial Cabinet	15
	Provincial Budget Officer/Treasurer/Accountant	7	National Cabinet Minister	16
	Provincial Engineer	8	Other selected or appointed position on a government executive, legislative, or law enforcing body	17
	Provincial Health or Education Officer	9		
	Don't know	77		
	Refuse	66		
	Not applicable	99		

Q 20

[Show card]

[Single Answer per row]

People learn what is going on in this country and the world from various sources. For each of the following sources, indicate whether you use it to obtain information daily, weekly, monthly, less than monthly, or never in the last 12 months. This question refers to NEWS only. It does not count if respondents watch only TV series, ads, or other shows besides NEWS.

No.	Source information	Frequency of use {NEWSFRQ}
1	Daily newspaper	
2	Printed magazines	
3	TV news	
4	Radio news	
5	Mobile phone	
6	Email	
7	Social Media/Facebook	
8	Talk with friends or colleagues	

Code for Frequency of use	Daily	1
	Weekly	2
	Monthly	3
	Less than monthly	4
	Never	5
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99

Q 21

{CONTACTNUMB}

Approximately how many contacts do you have in your phone?

Phone Numbers/Contacts here refer to all the number recorded on phone and on other notes

Number of contacts		[Please record number]
Don't know	77	skip to Q23
Refuse	66	skip to Q23
Not applicable	99	skip to Q23

Q 22

{CONTACTCMNE}

Approximately how many of those people live in this commune?

Number of people		[Please record number]
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 23

Group Membership: How would you describe your membership of a {organization}? Are you currently a member, not currently a member, or a former member?

[Show card] [Single Answer per row]

No.	Group	{GROUPMEMB}		Former member	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
		Currently a member	Not currently a member				
1	Union, farmers' association, or other professional/business association	1	2	3	77	66	99
2	Credit Union/Microfinance Collective including Saving Group, Borrowing Group, Microfinance, Bank	1	2	3	77	66	99
3	Non-Government Organization (NGO)	1	2	3	77	66	99
4	Skills/Trade Training Cooperative	1	2	3	77	66	99
5	Church/Religious group	1	2	3	77	66	99
6	Sports and Recreation Club	1	2	3	77	66	99
7	Village Government	1	2	3	77	66	99

Q 24

{VILLAGEMTG} [Single Answer]

Does your commune hold village meetings?

No	1	skip to Q27 If yes, continue to Q25 skip to Q27 skip to Q27 skip to Q27
Yes	2	
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 25

{ATTENDMTG}

[Single Answer]

Over the past 6 months, did you or a member of your household attend any village meetings?

No	1	skip to Q27
Yes	2	If yes, continue to Q26
Don't know	77	skip to Q27
Refuse	66	skip to Q27
Not applicable	99	skip to Q27

Q 26

{SPOKEMTG}

[Single Answer]

Have you, at least once, spoken up during a village meeting in the last 6 months?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 27

{RELIGIONFRQ} [Single Answer]

How often do you attend religious services?

[Note: do not include funeral, wedding, and house warming parties or other kinds of parties]

Does not attend	1	skip to Q29
Less than once a month	2	
Once a month	3	
Twice a month	4	
Weekly	5	
Daily	6	
Don't know	77	skip to Q29
Refuse	66	skip to Q29
Not applicable	99	skip to Q29

Q 28

{RELIGION}

[Multiple Answers]

What religion or denomination do you go to for religious services?

Buddhism, unspecified	1
Theravada Buddhism	2
Shaivism	3
Vaishnavism	4
Islam	5
Christianity	6
Hinduism	7
Judaism	8
Other, please specify _____	9
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 29

[Single Answer]

Can you identify yourself as {Ethnic Group}?

Khmer	1
Indigenous minority	2
Other (specify _____)	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 30

{VOLUNTEER}

[Single Answer]

Over the past 6 months, did you or a member of your household do any volunteer work with a local community organization?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 31

{CONTACTPOLIT}

[Show card]

[Single Answer per row]

Contact with Politicians and Government Officials:

Have you contacted this person in the last year?

(Note: Contact includes all communication for business or personal reasons and includes all normal methods such as email, SMS, phone calls, and in-person visits.)

	Politician or Government Official	No	Yes	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
1	Village Chief	1	2	77	66	99
2	Member of Commune Council	1	2	77	66	99
3	Member of District Government	1	2	77	66	99
4	District Governor	1	2	77	66	99
5	Member of Provincial/Municipal Government	1	2	77	66	99
6	Provincial Governor	1	2	77	66	99

Political Knowledge

Q 32

{COUNCILTOTAL}

[Single Answer]

How many members are on your commune council?

Record number of members	_____ members
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

If code 77/66/99 is chosen please skip the verification section and continue to the next question

Verification

(for enumerator only)

(Please choose code 2 if the answer is correct and code 1 if the answer is incorrect)

Q 33

{COUNCILELECT}

[Record number]

When was the first election for commune council?

Year	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

If code 77/66/99 is chosen please skip the verification section and continue to the next question

Verification

(for enumerator only)

(Please choose code 2 if the answer is correct and code 1 if the answer is incorrect)

Q 34

{GOVERNORNAME} [Single Answer]

What is the name of your district governor?

Name of district governor	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

If code 77/66/99 is chosen please skip the verification section and continue to the next question

Verification

(for enumerator only)

(Please choose code 2 if the answer is correct and code 1 if the answer is incorrect)

Q 35

{FAIRNESS}

[Single Answer]

[Show card]

Do you think most people would try to take advantage of you if they got a chance, or would they try to be fair?

Please show your response on this card, where 1 means that "people would try to take advantage of you" and 10 means that "people would try to be fair" (code 1 number)

	<i>People would try to take advantage of you</i>	→								<i>People would try to be fair</i>	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
People you associate with (friends, family, associates)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	77	66	99
Other people	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	77	66	99

Q 36

{TRUST}

[Single Answer]

Generally speaking, would you say that most people can be trusted or that you need to be very careful in dealing with people? (Code 1 answer)

Most people can be trusted	1
Need to be very careful	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 37

{SOCIALRANK}

[Photo cards]

I will read to you a list of various social issues that are depicted in these flashcards. While these issues can all be considered important, we would like for you to rank them in terms of which ones you think are more important for you and your family. In other words, if it were up to you to decide which of these social issues the government should focus on, how would you prioritize them? Please arrange the flashcards so that the first one is the issue that you would like to prioritize the most, and the last one is the one that you would like to prioritize the least. For this, you will only need to rank the 3 issues that are most important for you and your family. There is no right or wrong answer, and we realize that sometimes issues can be equally important, so all we are asking is for you to try your best.

[NOTE THAT THIS IS A RANKING FROM 1-3, WHERE 1 IS THE MOST IMPORTANT AND 3 THE LEAST IMPORTANT. THIS IS NOT A 1-3 SCALE.]

Social Issue	Rank	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
Land Rights		77	66	99
Fair Elections		77	66	99
Food Prices		77	66	99
Peace and Security		77	66	99
Women's Rights		77	66	99
Anti-Graft and Corruption		77	66	99
Environmental Conservation		77	66	99
Job Generation (Employment)		77	66	99
Don't know	77			
Refuse	66			
Not applicable	99			

Section 7: Delivery of Services

Q 38

[Flashcards and Tokens] [Multiple Answers]

We know that all governments have to make difficult decisions about what types of goods and services to provide. In your opinion, which of the following sectors are most important to you and your family and should be given more priority for the commune? If it were up to you to decide how the government allocates money for your province, which types of projects and programs would you choose?

We are going to give you 20 tokens to represent an entire government budget for your province. You can allocate your tokens any way that you want and you do not need to specify an amount for each sector – you can even put all of your tokens on just one sector if you want. Feel free also to move your tokens around while you are deciding. Once you're satisfied with your allocation, we will record it.

Now, we are going to give you 20 tokens again, but this time please allocate them the way you think the government would allocate.

NOTE: ENUMERATORS PROVIDE SECTOR WORKSHEET AND TOKENS

No.	Sector	You	Government
		{SECTORTOKEN}	
1	1. Public Health Services (e.g. hospital/clinic/health station construction)		
2	2. Public Education Services (e.g. school/classroom construction)		
3	3. Cash or in-kind transfer/loans/job assistance for emergencies or for individual needy households		
4	4. Water and sanitation infrastructure		
5	5. Road construction and rehabilitation		
6	6. Construction of community facilities (e.g. multipurpose halls, basketball courts)		
7	7. Business loans and other private economic development programs		
8	8. Agricultural assistance/irrigation systems		
9	9. Peace and security		
10	10. Community events/festivals/fiestas		
77	Don't know		
66	Refuse		
99	Not applicable		

We are now going to ask you some questions related to your experience and participation in the 2012 elections.

Q 39a {VOTED} [Single Answer]

Did you happen to vote in the last commune council election of 2012?

No	1	skip to Q42
Yes	2	
Don't know	77	skip to Q42
Refuse	66	skip to Q42
Not applicable	99	skip to Q42

Q 39b {VOTEDHERE} [Single Answer]

Did you vote in this commune?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 39c

{VOTEDHOME}

[Single Answer]

Did you vote in your home commune or commune of temporary/permanent residence?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 40

{VOTETIME}

[Single Answer]

How long did you have to wait, from the time you arrived at the precinct to the time you were able to cast your vote?

[Note: record actual amount of time in minutes]

[Note to DP: the number must be shorter than 480 minutes]

Record number		minutes
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 41a

{EVOTING}

[Single Answer]

Did your precinct use electronic voting machines?

No	1	skip to Q42 continue to Q41b skip to Q42 skip to Q42 skip to Q42
Yes	2	
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 41b

{MACHBREAK}

[Single Answer]

Did any of your voting machines break down or malfunction?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Section 9: Voting Influences

Q 42

[\[Show card\]](#)

We'll show you some flashcards with factors that commonly influence how people vote. When deciding who you will vote for, which of the following factors influences you the most? *[Show worksheet with 1-5 scale]*. Here is a worksheet with a scale from 1 to 5, where 1 is not important and 5 is very important. Please place flashcards on the scale.

[\[Single Answer per Row\]](#)

			Not important → Very important					Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
a	{FACTORFAM}	Preferences of your family and friends	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
b	{FACTORPOLICY}	Whether candidates will focus commune policies on things that are important to me and my family	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
c	{FACTORGIFT}	Gift or money from the candidates before the elections	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
d	{FACTORCONNECT}	The candidate's ability to use political connections to get money and projects for the commune	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
e	{FACTORFEAR}	Fear of reprisal from candidates	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
f	{FACTORHELP}	Approachability or helpfulness of the candidate	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99

Section 10: Social Networks

Q 43a {KNOWCOUNCIL} [Single Answer]

Do you know any of the members of the commune council personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q44a
Yes	2	continue to Q43b
Don't know	77	skip to Q44a
Refuse	66	skip to Q44a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q44a

Q 43b {COUNCILNUMB} [Single Answer]

How many commune council members do you know?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 44a {KNOWDIST} [Single Answer]

Do you know any district government officials personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q45a
Yes	2	continue to Q44b
Don't know	77	skip to Q45a
Refuse	66	skip to Q45a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q45a

Q 44b

{DISTNUMB}

[Single Answer]

How many district government officials do you know?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 45a

{KNOWPROV}

[Single Answer]

Do you know any provincial government officials personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q46a
Yes	2	continue to Q45b
Don't know	77	skip to Q46a
Refuse	66	skip to Q46a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q46a

Q 45b

{PROVNUMB}

[Single Answer]

How many provincial government officials do you know?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 46a

{KNOWGOV}

[Single Answer]

Do you know the district governor personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q47
Yes	2	continue to Q46b
Don't know	77	skip to Q47
Refuse	66	skip to Q47
Not applicable	99	skip to Q47

Q 46b

{KNOWGOVTYPE}

[Multiple Answers]

How do you know the district governor?

skip to Q49a	Himself / Herself	1	Former classmate	10
	Child	2	Business relationship	11
	Parent	3	Conversations at events	12
	Sibling	4	Family friend	13
	Cousin	5	Former colleague	14
	Grandchild	6	Member or former member of same club or organization as you	15
	Parent's sibling	7	Relative	16
	Nibling (Nephew or Niece)	8	Other, please specify: _____	96
	Grandparent	9	Don't know	77
			Refuse	66
			Not applicable	99

Q 47

{GOVOTHER}

[Single Answer]

Do you know someone that knows the district governor personally?

No	1	skip to Q48
Yes	2	
Don't know	77	skip to Q48
Refuse	66	skip to Q48
Not applicable	99	skip to Q48

Q 48

{OTHERNUMB}

[Single Answer]

If you were to require a personal connection to the district governor, approximately how many people would you need to connect through before you are able to reach the district governor? For example, if you know someone who is a friend of the district governor's relative, then you would need only to connect through two people before you reach the district governor. Note that you and the first person should know each other, the first and second person should know each other personally, all the way to the last person who should know the district governor personally.

Record number	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Allow "0" as an answer

Q 49a

{FRIENDSCOMMUNE}

[Multiple Answer]

Here we have a list of all the communes in the district. Can you let us know which communes you have friends and family in, excluding this commune?

[Note: show the commune worksheet with names of all the communes in the district]

Don't know	77	skip to Q49b
Refuse	66	skip to Q49b
Not applicable	99	skip to Q49b

Q 49b

{LASTINT}

Did you ever participate in this survey before?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Thank you very much for your participation

Enumerator Impressions (Do Not Ask Respondents – Questions for Enumerators)

NOTE: FOR ENUMERATORS ONLY

Q 50 {OTHERRESPONDENT} [Multiple Answers]

Who participated in the interview apart from the main respondent?

Family Member (in the household)	1
Family Member (outside the household)	2
Friend/Neighbor	3
None	88
Others, please specify: _____	96

Q 51 {RESPPROB} [Single Answer]

Did the interview have any problems that would affect the integrity of the questions?

No problems	1
Some problems	2
Major problems	3

Q 52 {RESPCLASS} [Single Answer]

What socioeconomic class is the respondent?

Upper middle class	1
Middle class	2
Lower middle class	3
Skilled working class	4
Working class & lowest levels of subsistence	5

Q 53 {RESPCOMPREH} [Single Answer]

How well did the respondent understand the survey questions?

Extremely well	1
Moderately well	2
Somewhat well	3
Slightly well	4
Not well at all	5

Q 54

{RESPWILLING} [Single Answer]

How willing was the respondent in sharing information?

Extremely willing	1
Moderately willing	2
Somewhat willing	3
Slightly willing	4
Not willing at all	5

Q 55

{RESPCONC}

[Single Answer]

Do you think the respondent was concentrating throughout the interview?

Concentrated throughout	1
Sometimes lost concentration	2
Distracted throughout	3

Q 56

{IVRSTU}

[Single Answer]

Which of the following statements best describes the interview situation?

Private location, only the respondent and I were present	1
One or several people were present, but did not interrupt the interview	2
One or several people were present, and did interrupt (e.g. talk to the respondent) the interview	3

skip to Q58

Q 57

{OTHPRESGEND}

[Single Answer]

What gender were the other people present during the interview?

Male only	1
Female only	2
Both male and female	3

Q 58

{RESPCOMFORT}

[Single Answer]

In answering the survey questions, how comfortable did the respondent seem to be?

Extremely comfortable/at ease	1
Moderately comfortable/at ease	2
Somewhat comfortable/at ease	3
Slightly comfortable/at ease	4
Not comfortable at all/uneasy	5

នៅពេលបញ្ចប់នៃការសម្ភាសន៍ ពួកយើងនឹងទទួលបានឯកសារដែលបានកំណត់ទីតាំងនៃអ្នកក្នុងរយៈពេល 1 ឆ្នាំ

ហើយពួកយើងអាចនឹងទទួលបានឯកសារដែលបានកំណត់ទីតាំងនៃអ្នកដែលបានកំណត់ទីតាំងនៃអ្នកក្នុងរយៈពេល 1 ឆ្នាំ ឬក៏យើងអាចទទួលបានឯកសារដែលបានកំណត់ទីតាំងនៃអ្នកក្នុងរយៈពេល 1 ឆ្នាំ ឬក៏យើងអាចទទួលបានឯកសារដែលបានកំណត់ទីតាំងនៃអ្នកក្នុងរយៈពេល 1 ឆ្នាំ

{CONSENT2} តើអ្នកមានចំណង់ចូលរួមក្នុងការសម្ភាសន៍នេះឬ?

ទេ	1
ទេ/ទា	2

បញ្ចប់ការសម្ភាសន៍

ផ្នែកទី 1: ព័ត៌មានប្រកាសសម្ភាសន៍

ឈ្មោះ : _____ {VILLAGE}

ឃុំ : _____ {COMMUNE}

ក្រុម : _____ {DISTRICT}

ខេត្ត : _____ {PROVINCE}

នាម : _____ {GIVENNAME}

នាមត្រកូល : _____ {FAMNAME}

លេខទូរស័ព្ទរបស់អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ (បើមាន) :

លេខទូរស័ព្ទលេខស្រី ឬ

អ្នកជំនាញដែលបានកំណត់ទីតាំង :

(ត្រូវជា _____ ជាមួយនឹងអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍)

លេខទូរស័ព្ទលេខស្រី ឬ

អ្នកជំនាញដែលបានកំណត់ទីតាំង :

(ត្រូវជា _____ ជាមួយនឹងអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍)

លេខទូរស័ព្ទរបស់អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ :

(អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ត្រូវបានកំណត់ទីតាំងរបស់អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ដែលបានកំណត់ទីតាំងនៃអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍)

ផ្នែកទី 2 : គ្រួសារ

Q 1

{COMMUNEYS}

[បង្ហាញឈ្មោះ]

តើអ្នករស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះនេះចំនួនប៉ុន្មាននាក់?

ប្រសិនបើអ្នកជាមួយ ១ នាក់ សូមកត់ 0

សូមកត់ត្រាចំនួនលេខ	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានជំនួសសាធារណ	99

ចំនួនស្តាំ

Q 2

(HHNUMB)

[បង្កើតឡើងដោយប្រព័ន្ធ]

តើមានមនុស្សប៉ុន្មាននាក់រស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះនេះ?

ផ្ទះ ក្នុងន័យនេះគឺសំដៅលើ ក្រុមមនុស្សដែលរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះនោះដែលមានម្ចាស់ជាមួយគ្នា ហើយបរិភោគអាហារជាមួយគ្នា យ៉ាងហោចណាស់ 3 ដងក្នុងមួយសប្តាហ៍

សូមកត់ត្រាចំនួនសមាជិក	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានជំនួសសាធារណ	99

នាក់ សូមបញ្ជាក់ចំនួនសមាជិក ក្នុងផ្ទះ (ប្រសិនបើមានផ្ទះ) ឬ ក្រុមមនុស្សដែលរស់នៅជាមួយគ្នា យ៉ាងហោចណាស់ 3 ដងក្នុងមួយសប្តាហ៍

Q 3a នៅពេលនេះ តើមានមនុស្សអ្នក ពុំក៏អ្នកដែលរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះ

ចំនួនសំណើបំប្លែងស្ថានភាព

លក្ខខណ្ឌទី១: ប្រសិនបើមានមនុស្សរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះ (ID1) ត្រូវបានកែតម្រូវលេខ 1 ដែលជាមេរៀន

លក្ខខណ្ឌទី២: ប្រសិនបើមានមនុស្សរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះ (ID1) ត្រូវបានកែតម្រូវលេខ 2 ឬ 3 ជាក់លាក់ (ID1), នោះមានន័យថាមានមនុស្សរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះជាមួយគ្នា

លេខប្រទេស	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង [ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង]	[ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង] ភេទ	[ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង] អាយុ ឆ្នាំ/ ខែ/ ថ្ងៃ 77 មិនបាន, / 66 មិនបានមិនបាន, / 99 មិនបានមិនបានមិនបាន	[ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង] កម្រិតសិក្សា [ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង]
លេខសំគាល់	{RELATIONHHH}	{SEX}	{AGE}	{EDUC}
		ប្រុស	ស្រី	ក្រុម ១ ឆ្នាំ មុនឆ្នាំ "0"
{ID1}		1	2	
{ID2}		1	2	
{ID3}		1	2	
{ID4}		1	2	
{ID5}		1	2	
{ID6}		1	2	
{ID7}		1	2	
{ID8}		1	2	
{ID9}		1	2	

លេខប្រទេសឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង				លេខប្រទេសកម្រិតសិក្សា	
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	1	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	13	1. មិនបានមិនបានមិនបាន	9. មិនបានមិនបាន (មិនបានមិនបាន)
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	2	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	14	2. មិនបានមិនបាន	10. មិនបានមិនបាន (មិនបានមិនបាន)
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	3	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	15	3. មិនបានមិនបាន (K1-6)	11. មិនបានមិនបាន
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	4	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	16	4. មិនបានមិនបាន (K1-6)	12. មិនបានមិនបាន
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	5	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	17	5. មិនបានមិនបាន (G7-G9)	13. មិនបានមិនបាន (មិនបានមិនបាន)
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	6	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	18	6. មិនបានមិនបាន (G7-G9)	14. មិនបានមិនបាន (មិនបានមិនបាន)
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	7	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	19	7. មិនបានមិនបាន (G10-G12)	15. មិនបានមិនបាន (មិនបានមិនបាន)
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	8	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	20	8. មិនបានមិនបាន (G10-G12)	77. មិនបាន
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	9	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	21		66. មិនបានមិនបាន
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	10	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	22		
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	11	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	77		
ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	12	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	66		
		ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង	99		

ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង DP : លេខប្រទេសឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង 1,2,3

Q 3b លេខសំគាល់អ្នកប្រកាសការប្រកួតប្រជែង {RESPNUM}

စံသင်္ကေတ DP 18/1/2019 နှစ်အတွက် ဖြစ်ပေါ်နေသော အခက်အခဲများကို ဖြေရှင်းပေးရန် အထူးအရေးကြီးသော အခွင့်အရေးများကို ဖြေရှင်းပေးရန်

តើអ្វីខ្លះជាប្រភពចំណូលចំបងចំនួន ៣ ដើម្បីឆ្លើយតបនៅទីតាំងប្រមូលការប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ក្រុមនេះ?

មិនកា សំពត់អ្នកសង្គម សំពត់កសិករ ប្រសិនបើគាត់ប្រមូលទិន្នន័យ (ស្រដៀង ដើម្បីពិចារណា កសិករឬក្រុមប្រភេទជនកាន់ធ្វើ) ហើយមិនដាក់យកកំរិត ឬ លក់មួយចំនែកទិន្នន័យជនកាន់បេសុលបានទេ។ សូមសួរកាន់ថា តើគាត់ពិតជាទទួលបានមិន ឬ បើ គាត់ប្រើប្រាស់ម៉ូឌុល ឧបសគ្គបើកតាមកំរិតទិន្នន័យនោះទេ។ ចង្អុល រួមក្នុងយកមិន ឬ ឆ្លើយ គំ សារទេនោះ។

(សំណួរនេះគឺជាជំនួញដល់សមាជិកទី១នៃក្រុមប្រឹក្សា ១២ ទីតាំងនាយកដ្ឋានសេដ្ឋកិច្ចកែច្នៃផលិតផលនិងរដ្ឋបាល)

[illegible][illegible]

FINAL EVALUATION OF USAID/CAMBODIA'S POLITICAL PROCESSES AND REFORMS PROGRAM | 147

Q 5

{IDPOOR}

[បង្កើតឯកសារ]

តើអ្នកស្ម័គ្រចិត្តបង់ប្រាក់ក្នុងឈ្មោះរបស់អ្នកឬអ្នកដទៃទៀត?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	3
មិនដឹង	77
បង់ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	66
មិនប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	99

Q 6a

{BENFIT}

[បង្កើតឯកសារ]

តើប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់របស់អ្នកឬអ្នកដទៃទៀត?

ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	1
ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់របស់អ្នកឬអ្នកដទៃទៀត	2
ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់របស់អ្នកឬអ្នកដទៃទៀត	3
ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់ (ប្រាក់បង់) :	96
ប្រាក់	88
មិនដឹង	77
បង់ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	66
មិនប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	99

តើប្រាក់ Q7a

តើប្រាក់ Q7a

តើប្រាក់ Q7a

តើប្រាក់ Q7a

Q 6b

{BENAMOUNT}

[បង្កើតឯកសារ]

ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់

ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	
មិនដឹង	77
បង់ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	66
មិនប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	99

Q 7a

{REMIT}

[បង្កើតឯកសារ]

តើអ្នកស្ម័គ្រចិត្តបង់ប្រាក់ក្នុងឈ្មោះរបស់អ្នកឬអ្នកដទៃទៀត? (យោងតាមការស្នើសុំរបស់អ្នក)

(បំណង: បង់ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់របស់អ្នកឬអ្នកដទៃទៀត)

ទេ	1	តើប្រាក់ Q8b	ចំណាំ: ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់ 1819 ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់ Q4 មិនប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់ 1 "ទេ" ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់ Q7 នេះទេ
បាទ/ចាស	2		
មិនដឹង	77	តើប្រាក់ Q8b	
បង់ប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	66	តើប្រាក់ Q8b	
មិនប្រាក់បង់ប្រាក់	99	តើប្រាក់ Q8b	

Q 7b

{REMITAMOUNT}

[បង្កើតតាមប្រភេទ]

ប្រភេទប្រាក់

ជាមធ្យមក្នុង 1 ខែ ក្នុងរយៈពេល 12 ខែ ក្នុងរយៈពេល?

សូមកត់ត្រាចំនួនដល់ប្រាក់សរុប	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានកំណត់	99

ឡូត៍

Q 8a

{REMITSOURCE}

[បង្កើតតាមប្រភេទ]

តើប្រភេទប្រាក់ប្រើប្រាស់សម្រាប់ប្រាក់បញ្ញើរបស់អ្នកនេះ មកពីឯណា?

ប្រភេទ	កូដ	ប្រភេទ	កូដ	ប្រភេទ	កូដ
ផ្គត់ផ្គង់	1	ផ្គត់ផ្គង់	12	លើស	22
តំបន់ផ្សេងៗនៃប្រទេសកម្ពុជា	2	មិន	13	ប្រាក់ជាតិ	23
ប្រទេសថៃ	3	កូរ៉េខាងត្បូង	14	អាហ្វ្រិក	24
ប្រទេសឥណ្ឌូនេស៊ី	4	អូស្ត្រាលី ឌីអូឡូម ហ្វីលីពីន	15	អឺរ៉ុប	25
ម៉ាឡេស៊ី	5	កម្ពុជា	16	សហរដ្ឋអាមេរិក	26
ឥណ្ឌូនេស៊ី	6	កាតា	17	កាណាដា	27
ប្រទេស	7	ប្រទេសអាល្លឺម៉ង់	18	ប្រទេសផ្សេងៗ (បញ្ជាក់) :	96
ហ្វីលីពីន	8	សហរដ្ឋអាមេរិក	19	មិនដឹង	77
ឥណ្ឌូនេស៊ី	9	បារាំង	20	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
ហុល្លង់	10	អ៊ីរ៉ង់	21	មិនត្រូវបានកំណត់	99
ជប៉ុន	11				

Q 8b

{INCOMEALLSOURCE}

[បង្កើតតាមប្រភេទ]

ក្នុងរយៈពេល 12 ខែ ចូលប្រាក់នេះ, តើមធ្យមប្រាក់ចំណូលរបស់អ្នកនេះ មកពីប្រភេទណាដែលជាមធ្យមប្រាក់ចំណូលក្នុង 1 ខែ?

ចំនួនដល់ប្រាក់សរុបនេះ **Q8b** ត្រូវបានកំណត់ដោយស្វ័យប្រវត្តិចំនួនសរុបនៃ **Q4, Q6b, Q7b**

សូមកត់ត្រាចំនួនដល់ប្រាក់សរុប	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានកំណត់	99

ឡូត៍

សូមអ្នកជួយដាក់ពិន្ទុប្រភេទនេះ ពីលេខ 1 ដល់លេខ 10 តាមការវិភាគនៃការងារប្រកួតប្រជែង ដែលបានក្រុមការណ៍បានជួយដល់អ្នកបានស្នើសុំ (ដែល 1 មានន័យថា អ្នកមិនទទួលបានអ្វីនៅតាមការស្នើសុំ និង 10 មានន័យថា អ្នកទទួលបានអ្វីដែលបានស្នើសុំយ៉ាងល្អបំផុត)

(ចំណាំ: គ្រាប់ចំណុចស្នើសុំដែលបានរៀបចំជាមុន អ្នកគ្រាប់ស្នើសុំ ហើយបានទទួល, អ្នកគ្រាប់ស្នើសុំត្រូវបានទទួល, អ្នកគ្រាប់ស្នើសុំត្រូវបានផ្តល់ជូនដល់ដាក់សំណើ)

Q 11c {SERVICECONF} [បន្ទាត់ការងារ] [ប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធាន]

[សូមប្រមូលយកតាមប្រភេទដែលបានកំណត់ដោយគ្រាប់ចំណុចស្នើសុំ សំណង់សេវាកម្ម និងការជួយស្រាវជ្រាវដែលអ្នកកំណត់គ្រាប់ចំណុចស្នើសុំ]

សូមអ្នកជួយដាក់ពិន្ទុពីលេខ 1 ដល់លេខ 10 (ដែល លេខ 1 មានន័យថា អ្នកមិនទទួលបានអ្វីនៅតាមការស្នើសុំ និង 10 មានន័យថា អ្នកទទួលបានអ្វីដែលបានស្នើសុំ)

(ចំណាំ: មិនគ្រាប់ចំណុចស្នើសុំដែលបានរៀបចំជាមុន អ្នកគ្រាប់ចំណុចស្នើសុំប្រសិនបើមានការសំណើ)

	សេវាកម្ម និងជំនួយស្រាវជ្រាវ	Q11a		Q11b & Q11c			
		នេ	បាន/បាន	→	មិនដឹង	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់
		ក្នុងស្រុក	ចំណុចស្នើសុំ				
1	1. ស្នើសុំលិខិតបញ្ជាក់ពីមធ្យមសិក្សាដ៏ល្អបំផុតរបស់អ្នកបោះឆ្នោត	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
2	2. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីមធ្យមសិក្សាប្រចាំឆ្នាំសិក្សា	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
3	3. ស្នើសុំលិខិតសន្យាសហការការងារពីសំណាក់អង្គការស្រុក	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
4	4. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីសំណាក់អង្គការស្រុកក្នុងការងារសិក្សា វិទ្យាស្រាវជ្រាវ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
5	5. ស្នើសុំអនុវត្តប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធាន/ប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធានសំណង់មធ្យមសិក្សា	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
6	6. ស្នើសុំប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធាន/ការប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធាន	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
7	7. ស្នើសុំអនុវត្តប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធានសំណង់មធ្យមសិក្សា	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
8	8. ស្នើសុំប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធានសំណង់មធ្យមសិក្សា	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
9	9. ស្នើសុំប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធានសំណង់មធ្យមសិក្សា	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
10	10. ស្នើសុំប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងធនធានសំណង់មធ្យមសិក្សា	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
11	11. ស្នើសុំលិខិតបញ្ជាក់ពីការងារស្រុក វិទ្យាស្រាវជ្រាវ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
77	មិនដឹង	លេខ: Q12					
66	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	លេខ: Q12					
99	មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់	លេខ: Q12					

Q 13 [ប្រាកដស្រេច] [មិនឆ្លើយតបក្នុងមុខយុទ្ធ]

ប្រសិនបើអ្នកចង់ដឹងថាមានការផ្លាស់ប្តូរណាមួយនៅក្នុងខ្សែអាជីវកម្មរបស់លោក ឬស្រីដែលបានបញ្ជាក់នោះទេ តើគួរតែធ្វើដំណើរយ៉ាងណា? តើមានអ្នកណាដែលបានជួយលោក ឬស្រីដែលបានបញ្ជាក់នោះទេ?

(គណីក្នុងនោះត្រូវបានដើរនៅមជ្ឈមណ្ឌលឯងឯង ហើយអ្នកផ្សេងៗអ្នកទាំងនោះ នោះត្រូវតែបញ្ចូលចូលដែលអ្នកផ្សេងៗទាំងនោះ។)

Q 14 [၁၀ မိနစ်]

តើអ្នកត្រូវចំណាយពេលប្រហែលប៉ុន្មានដើម្បីទៅទីនោះ?

ល.រ	សេវា	Q13 (TRANSMODE)	Q14 (TRANSTIME)			
			កត់ត្រាជានិច្ច	មិនដឹង	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនត្រូវបានចុះឈ្មោះ
1	ប៉ុស្តិ៍សុខភាព ឬ គ្លីនិក/ពេទ្យពិគល ដែលអ្នកនាំយ៉ឺម៉ូនចូលទៅក្លាយជាអ្នកនាំថែទាំជំងឺអ្នកស្រី			77	66	99
2	មន្ទីរពេទ្យបង្អែក			77	66	99
3	មជ្ឈមណ្ឌលថែទាំការពារ (ឧទាហរណ៍ដូចជា៖ គណៈមន្ត្រីយុវ ឆ្នើមៗនៃផ្ទះរបស់អ្នកស្រី ឬ អ្នកស្រី ឬ កន្លែងស្នាក់នៅដែលអ្នកឆ្លើយប្រាប់មិនដឹងដែលអ្នកនាំយ៉ឺម៉ូន ឬពេលមានគ្មានស្នាក់នៅ)			77	66	99
4	មជ្ឈមណ្ឌល			77	66	99
5	គ្លីនិកកំណត់			77	66	99

ප්‍රථම ප්‍රකාශන ක්‍රම විධි				
ප්‍රකාශන ක්‍රම විධි: (TRANSMODE)	විදි	1	මුද්‍ර	7
	සංඛ්‍යා/ලකුණු	2	අක්ෂර අක්ෂර	8
	අංක	3	සංඛ්‍යා	9
	ප්‍රකාශන	4	ප්‍රකාශන (ප්‍රකාශන : _____)	96
	සංඛ්‍යා	5	සංඛ්‍යා	77
	සංඛ්‍යා සංඛ්‍යා (සංඛ්‍යා)	6	ප්‍රකාශන සංඛ්‍යා	66
			සංඛ්‍යා සංඛ්‍යා සංඛ්‍යා	99

Q 15

{ROADTIME}

[កង់ត្រាជាន់លេខ]

តំបន់សំបូរខ្លះខាចក្រោមនេះ, យើងខ្ញុំមិនមែនអ្នកដឹកនាំសាងសង់ផ្លូវថ្នល់។ តាមដានសំខាន់នេះគេនោះមិនមែននោះជាផ្លូវថ្នល់ឬ ផ្លូវថ្នល់ក្រៅផ្លូវ ឬគេនឹងឆ្លើយតប តែតាមសំខាន់ៗត្រូវបានផ្តល់នោះឆ្លើយតប។

អចរអោយឡូនយើងមួយ អត់។ (តើអ្នកចង់ឃើញសេចក្តីស្នើសុំឡើយ? តើអ្នកចង់ឃើញសេចក្តីស្នើសុំរបស់អ្នក នៅក្នុងផ្លូវថ្នល់ដែលខ្ញុំអ្នកមិនមែន ហើយដែលផ្លូវនោះយើងបានឃើញសំខាន់ៗត្រូវបានផ្តល់នោះឆ្លើយតប?)

සුප්‍රසන්නාචාරය	
මිනිසුන්	77
පවුලේ මිනිසුන්	66
මිනිසුන් සමූහය	99

(សូមដាក់ 0 ប្រសិនបើគិតជា ១ នាទី)

Q 16

{ROADTYPE}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើខ្លួនចង់ជួយកម្ពុជាដល់អ្វី? ជាប្រភេទអ្វី?

• ឧបត្ថម្ភ	1
• ឧបត្ថម្ភសេវា	2
• ឧបត្ថម្ភសេវាសង្គម	3
• ឧបត្ថម្ភសេវា	4
សរុប, ក្នុងចំណោម : _____	96
សរុប	77
សរុបសេវាសង្គម	66
សរុបសេវាសង្គម	99

ផ្នែកទី 6: សកម្មភាពនយោបាយ និងចំណេះដឹង

Q 17a

ប្រសិនបើមាន តើមានខ្លះទៅប្រព្រឹត្តទុក្ខដល់អ្នកសាងជីវិតក្រសែឬ ដល់ក្រសែនិរន្តរ៍ដែលទ្វារបើកប្រគល់ជូនអ្នកចំណីគ្រូបង្ហាត់អ្នកសិក្សា? [បន្ទាប់ពីសួរ]

[illegible]

Q 17b

សូមថ្លែងពី ID ពីការចងបោះពុម្ពផ្សាយនេះឡើយ ឬបញ្ជាក់ពីការចងបោះពុម្ពផ្សាយនេះ គឺជាមុនសូមថ្លែងពីការចងបោះពុម្ពផ្សាយនេះ ឬមិនមែន

Q 18

[ចង្អុលដៃមួយគត់]

[បន្តការងារ]

តើការងារនេះជាអ្វី?

Q 19

[ចង្ហើយតែមួយគត់]

[បន្ទាប់មក]

តើការផ្គត់ផ្គង់ថ្នាំប្រឆាំងជំងឺកូវីដ-១៩ ត្រូវបានបង្កើនឡើង (ជាពិសេសនៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានការរីករាលដាលខ្ពស់) តាមការបង្កើនការផ្គត់ផ្គង់ធាតុចូលឡើយ?

Q.1	Q17a {MEMBCODE}	Q17b {IDHHRTER}	Q18 {HIGHESTOFFICE}	Q19 {HIGHESTAPPT}
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

លេខកូដដំណាក់កាលនៃការបង្កើតមេត្រូឡូស៊ី (MEMBCODE):			
មេត្រូឡូស៊ី	1	ជំនួញមូលដ្ឋាន	13
ផ្លូវ	2	ជំនួញមូលដ្ឋាន	14
ប្រព័ន្ធនេស	3	សេវា	15
កូដប្រភេទ	4	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិរបស់អង្គការ	16
កូដប្រភេទ	5	កូដប្រភេទ	17
អំពូល	6	កូដប្រភេទ	18
កូដប្រភេទ	7	សេវាផ្គត់ផ្គង់	19
ជំនួញ	8	សេវាផ្គត់ផ្គង់នៃសេវា	20
ជំនួញ	9	មិនមែនជាមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	21
បទប្បញ្ញត្តិរបស់	10	អ្នកផ្តល់សេវាប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	22
បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	11	មិនមែន	77
ជំនួញមូលដ្ឋាន	12	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិមិនមែន	66
		មិនមែនជាមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	99

នៃលេខ Q20

នៃលេខ Q20

នៃលេខ Q20

កូដនៃការបង្កើតមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	
មេត្រូឡូស៊ីនៃការបង្កើតមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	1
មេត្រូឡូស៊ីនៃការបង្កើតមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	2
មិនមែន	77
បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	66
មិនមែនជាមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	99

តំបន់នៃការបង្កើតមេត្រូឡូស៊ី (HIGHESTOFFICE) and (HIGHESTAPPT)	សេវាកម្មប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	1	មេត្រូឡូស៊ីនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	10
	មេត្រូឡូស៊ី ឬប្រភេទមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	2	សេវាកម្មប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	11
	អតិថិជនប្រភេទ	3	សេវាកម្មប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	12
	អតិថិជនប្រភេទ	4	អតិថិជនប្រភេទ	13
	សេវាកម្មប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	5	អតិថិជនប្រភេទ	14
	សេវាកម្មប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	6	សេវាកម្មប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	15
	មេត្រូឡូស៊ីប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី/អតិថិជនប្រភេទនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	7	អតិថិជនប្រភេទ	16
	មិនមែនជាមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	8	មុខងារនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ីនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	17
	មេត្រូឡូស៊ីប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	9	មេត្រូឡូស៊ីប្រចាំថ្ងៃនៃមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	
	មិនមែន	77		
	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិ	66		
	មិនមែនជាមេត្រូឡូស៊ី	99		

Q 22

{CONTACTCMNE}

ក្នុងចំណោមអ្នកដាំដុះ (មនុស្សដែលអ្នកបានជួបនៅក្នុងតំបន់) តើមានប្រភេទជាច្រើនណាស់ដែលនៅក្នុងឃុំឃ្លាមអ្នក?

ចំនួនមនុស្សដែលអ្នកបានជួបនៅក្នុងតំបន់	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនអ្នកដាំដុះណាមួយ	99

[សូមកត់ត្រាជាលេខ]

Q 23

[បន្ទាត់សាងសង់] [បង្កើតឃុំឃ្លាមឃ្លាម]

សហគមន៍តំបន់ក្រុម : តើអ្នករាល់គ្នាបានដឹងពី សហគមន៍តំបន់ក្រុមដែលបានបង្កើតឡើងនៅក្នុងឃុំឃ្លាមអ្នក?

តើបច្ចុប្បន្នអ្នកជាសហគមន៍, មិនមែនជាសហគមន៍ ឬជាអ្នកសហគមន៍?

ល.រ	ក្រុម	{GROUPMEMB}		អតីតសហគមន៍	មិនដឹង	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនអ្នកដាំដុះណាមួយ
		បច្ចុប្បន្នជាសហគមន៍	បច្ចុប្បន្នមិនមែនជាសហគមន៍				
1	សហគមន៍, សហគមន៍កសិករ នៃសហគមន៍កសិករ/ស្រែចម្ការ	1	2	3	77	66	99
2	សហគមន៍សាងសង់ / ប្រព័ន្ធស្រោចស្រព/ប្រព័ន្ធស្រោចស្រព ក្រុមស្រោចស្រព/ប្រព័ន្ធស្រោចស្រព ក្រុមស្រោចស្រព/ប្រព័ន្ធស្រោចស្រព	1	2	3	77	66	99
3	អង្គការមិនមែនរដ្ឋាភិបាល	1	2	3	77	66	99
4	សហគមន៍បច្ចុប្បន្នបង្កើតឡើងនៅក្នុងឃុំឃ្លាមអ្នក	1	2	3	77	66	99
5	ក្រុមស្រោចស្រព/ក្រុមស្រោចស្រព	1	2	3	77	66	99
6	ក្រុមកសិករ/ក្រុមកសិករកសិករស្រែចម្ការ	1	2	3	77	66	99
7	រដ្ឋបាលឃុំ (គណៈប្រតិភូ មេត្តា អនុម័ត សហគមន៍រដ្ឋបាលឃុំ ជាដើម)	1	2	3	77	66	99

Q 24

{VILLAGEMTG}

[បង្កើតឃុំឃ្លាមអ្នក]

តើមានប្រភេទអ្នកដាំដុះក្នុងឃុំឃ្លាមអ្នក?

ឈ្មោះ	1	នេះគឺជា Q27
ឈ្មោះ/ឈ្មោះ	2	ប្រសិនបើក្នុង 2 សូមបញ្ជាក់ពីឈ្មោះ Q25
មិនដឹង	77	នេះគឺជា Q27
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះគឺជា Q27
មិនអ្នកដាំដុះណាមួយ	99	នេះគឺជា Q27

Q 25

{ATTENDMTG}

[មឡើយតែមួយតំរំ]

កាលពី ៦ ខែកន្លងមក តើអ្នក ឬ សហជីព/អ្នកដទៃ ដែលអ្នកបានជួបជុំ ប្រជុំ ឬ មិនជួបជុំ?

ទេ	1	លេខ: Q27
ឈាត/ចាត	2	ប្រសិនបើ 2 សូមបញ្ជាក់សំណួរ Q26
មិនដឹង	77	លេខ: Q27
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	លេខ: Q27
មិនត្រូវបានជំនួសនាព	99	លេខ: Q27

Q 26

{SPOKEMTG}

[មឡើយតែមួយតំរំ]

កាលពី 6 ខែកន្លងមក តើអ្នកធ្លាប់បញ្ចេញមតិ (យោបល់ ឬ ការសម្តែង) ក្នុងកិច្ចប្រជុំ ឬ មិនជួបជុំ?

ទេ	1
ឈាត/ចាត	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានជំនួសនាព	99

Q 27

{RELIGIONFRQ} [មឡើយតែមួយតំរំ]

តើអ្នកជួបជុំ អ្នកស្នាក់នៅ ឬ អ្នកដទៃ ដែលជាក្រុមប្រឹក្សាបំណែង?

(បំណែង: មិនបំណែង ឬ បំណែង, អាពាហ៍ពិពាហ៍, ភ្នំពេញ ឬ ជនបទ)

មិនជួបជុំ	1	លេខ: Q29
ពិសេសក្នុងក្រុមប្រឹក្សា	2	
ក្នុងក្រុមប្រឹក្សា	3	
ក្នុងក្រុមប្រឹក្សា	4	
ក្រុមប្រឹក្សាស្រី	5	
ក្រុមប្រឹក្សា	6	
មិនដឹង	77	លេខ: Q29
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	លេខ: Q29
មិនត្រូវបានជំនួសនាព	99	លេខ: Q29

Q 25

{ATTENDMTG}

[មឆ្លើយតែមួយគត់]

កាលពី ៦ ខែកន្លងមក តើអ្នក ឬ សហជីព/អ្នកដទៃ របស់អ្នកបានចូលរួមប្រជុំគ្នាដើម្បីបោះឆ្នោត?

ទេ	1	លេខ: Q27
បាទ/ចាស	2	ប្រសិនបើ 2 សូមបញ្ជាក់លេខ: Q26
មិនដឹង	77	លេខ: Q27
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	លេខ: Q27
មិនត្រូវបានជំនួសដោយអ្នកដទៃ	99	លេខ: Q27

Q 26

{SPOKEMTG}

[មឆ្លើយតែមួយគត់]

កាលពី 6 ខែកន្លងមក តើអ្នកធ្លាប់បញ្ចេញមតិ (យោបល់ណាស់អ្នក) ក្នុងពេលប្រជុំគ្នាដើម្បីបោះឆ្នោត?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានជំនួសដោយអ្នកដទៃ	99

Q 27

{RELIGIONFRQ} [មឆ្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកចូលរួមសកម្មភាពសាសនាណាមួយក្នុងចំណោមខាងក្រោម?

(បំណើរ មិនរាប់បញ្ចូល បុព្វសាសនា, អាពាហ៍ពិពាហ៍, ភ្ញៀវភ្នំ ឬ ជម្រកស្រី)

មិនចូលរួមទេ	1	លេខ: Q29
ពិធីបុណ្យក្នុងគ្រួសារ	2	
អ្នកក្នុងគ្រួសារ	3	
ពិធីបុណ្យក្នុងគ្រួសារ	4	
ប្រើប្រាស់សង្កាត់	5	
ប្រើប្រាស់ផ្ទះ	6	
មិនដឹង	77	លេខ: Q29
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	លេខ: Q29
មិនត្រូវបានជំនួសដោយអ្នកដទៃ	99	លេខ: Q29

Q 31

{CONTACTPOLIT}

[បន្ទាត់សាងសង់] [បង្កើតមួយក្នុងមួយឆ្នាំ]

ការដាក់ចេញនូវសេចក្តីណែនាំ និង មន្ត្រីស្តង់ដារនៃស្ថាប័ន

H ការដាក់ចេញនូវសេចក្តីណែនាំ និង មន្ត្រីស្តង់ដារនៃស្ថាប័ននេះដែរឬទេ?

(បំណែងចែកនៃសេចក្តីណែនាំនិង មន្ត្រីស្តង់ដារនៃស្ថាប័ននេះ ត្រូវបានកំណត់ដោយស្របតាមការស្នើសុំ ដែលបានបញ្ជាក់ពីការស្នើសុំ និង ការស្នើសុំស្តង់ដារនៃស្ថាប័ននេះ)

	សេចក្តីណែនាំ និង មន្ត្រីស្តង់ដារនៃស្ថាប័ន	ទេ	ឆ្នាំ/ខែ	មិនដឹង	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនត្រូវបានបញ្ជាក់
1	មេតូមី/ប្រធានគណៈ	1	2	77	66	99
2	សមាជិកក្រុមប្រឹក្សាភិបាល/សមាជិក	1	2	77	66	99
3	សមាជិកមន្ត្រីស្តង់ដារនៃស្ថាប័ន	1	2	77	66	99
4	អគ្គនាយក	1	2	77	66	99
5	សមាជិក មន្ត្រីស្តង់ដារនៃស្ថាប័ន/ក្រុម	1	2	77	66	99
6	អគ្គនាយក	1	2	77	66	99

ចំនួនដាក់ចេញនូវសេចក្តីណែនាំ

Q 32

{COUNCILTOTAL}

[បង្កើតមួយក្នុងមួយឆ្នាំ]

តើក្រុមប្រឹក្សាភិបាលនៃសមាជិកស្ថាប័ននេះដែរឬទេ?

សមាជិកក្រុមប្រឹក្សាភិបាល/សមាជិក	_____ នាក់
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានបញ្ជាក់	99

ប្រសិនបើ 77/66/99 សូមស្នើសុំ "ស្នើសុំ" រួចបញ្ជាក់ពីស្នើសុំ

ស្នើសុំ

(ស្នើសុំចំពោះសមាជិកស្ថាប័ន)

(សូមស្នើសុំលេខ 2 ប្រសិនបើមិនឆ្លើយតាមលេខ 1 ប្រសិនបើមិនឆ្លើយតាមលេខ 2)

Q 33

{COUNCILELECT}

[សមាជិកស្ថាប័ន]

តើការស្នើសុំសមាជិកស្ថាប័ននេះដែរឬទេ?

Year	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

ប្រសិនបើ 77/66/99 សូមស្នើសុំ "ស្នើសុំ" រួចបញ្ជាក់ពីស្នើសុំ

ស្នើសុំ

(ស្នើសុំចំពោះសមាជិកស្ថាប័ន)

(សូមស្នើសុំលេខ 2 ប្រសិនបើមិនឆ្លើយតាមលេខ 1 ប្រសិនបើមិនឆ្លើយតាមលេខ 2)

Q 37

{SOCIALRANK}

[បន្ទាញប្រភព]

[បង្កើតមួយក្នុងមួយជំនាញ]

ឥឡូវនេះ តើ ប្រព័ន្ធប្រភពមួយចំនួនដែលអ្នកដែលប្រភពនោះបានប្រើប្រាស់ តើប្រើប្រាស់មួយចំនួនក្នុងចំណោម ឥឡូវនេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ៣ ដែលអ្នកពិតជាបានដឹងដល់ចំណុច និង ប្រភពអ្នក។
ការប្រើប្រាស់នេះ តើប្រភពនោះយល់ឃើញ និង ប្រើប្រាស់ អ្នកដែលពិតជាប្រើប្រាស់មួយណាដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ក្នុងចំណោម ៣ ហើយ តើប្រើប្រាស់មួយណាដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ជាប់ ១, ២ និង ៣
ដល់ចំណុច និង ប្រភពអ្នក? បញ្ហាដ៏ធំនៃការប្រើប្រាស់នេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ឬទេ? ឥឡូវនេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ឬទេ? ឬទេ? ឬទេ?

បញ្ហាសង្ខេប	Rank	មិនដឹង	បដិសេធន៍	មិនប្រើប្រាស់
សិទ្ធិកាន់កាប់ដីធ្លី		77	66	99
ការបោះឆ្នោតដោយសុវត្ថិភាព និង ប្រសិទ្ធភាព		77	66	99
ការប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធប្រភព		77	66	99
សិទ្ធិសាងសង់ និង សុវត្ថិភាព		77	66	99
សិទ្ធិរបស់ស្ត្រី		77	66	99
ប្រជាជនដែលរស់នៅក្នុងភូមិ		77	66	99
ការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ប្រទេស		77	66	99
បង្កើនការចូលរួមពីសង្គម		77	66	99
មិនដឹង	77			
បដិសេធន៍	66			
មិនប្រើប្រាស់	99			

ផ្នែកទី ៧: ការផ្តល់ព័ត៌មានបន្ថែម

Q 38

[បន្ទាញប្រភព និង ប្រភពព័ត៌មាន]

[បង្កើតមួយក្នុងមួយជំនាញ]

តើ ប្រព័ន្ធប្រភពមួយចំនួនដែលអ្នកដែលប្រភពនោះបានប្រើប្រាស់ តើប្រើប្រាស់មួយចំនួនក្នុងចំណោម ឥឡូវនេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ៣ ដែលអ្នកពិតជាបានដឹងដល់ចំណុច និង ប្រភពអ្នក។
ការប្រើប្រាស់នេះ តើប្រភពនោះយល់ឃើញ និង ប្រើប្រាស់ អ្នកដែលពិតជាប្រើប្រាស់មួយណាដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ក្នុងចំណោម ៣ ហើយ តើប្រើប្រាស់មួយណាដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ជាប់ ១, ២ និង ៣
ដល់ចំណុច និង ប្រភពអ្នក? បញ្ហាដ៏ធំនៃការប្រើប្រាស់នេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ឬទេ? ឥឡូវនេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ឬទេ? ឬទេ? ឬទេ?

ដោយយោងលើការប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធប្រភពមួយចំនួនដែលអ្នកដែលប្រភពនោះបានប្រើប្រាស់ តើប្រើប្រាស់មួយចំនួនក្នុងចំណោម ឥឡូវនេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ៣ ដែលអ្នកពិតជាបានដឹងដល់ចំណុច និង ប្រភពអ្នក។

យើងខ្ញុំ យើងយល់ឃើញថា ២០ ដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធប្រភពមួយចំនួនដែលអ្នកដែលប្រភពនោះបានប្រើប្រាស់ តើប្រើប្រាស់មួយចំនួនក្នុងចំណោម ឥឡូវនេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ៣ ដែលអ្នកពិតជាបានដឹងដល់ចំណុច និង ប្រភពអ្នក។
ការប្រើប្រាស់នេះ តើប្រភពនោះយល់ឃើញ និង ប្រើប្រាស់ អ្នកដែលពិតជាប្រើប្រាស់មួយណាដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ក្នុងចំណោម ៣ ហើយ តើប្រើប្រាស់មួយណាដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ជាប់ ១, ២ និង ៣
ដល់ចំណុច និង ប្រភពអ្នក? បញ្ហាដ៏ធំនៃការប្រើប្រាស់នេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ឬទេ? ឥឡូវនេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ឬទេ? ឬទេ? ឬទេ?

ឥឡូវនេះ តើ ប្រព័ន្ធប្រភពមួយចំនួនដែលអ្នកដែលប្រភពនោះបានប្រើប្រាស់ តើប្រើប្រាស់មួយចំនួនក្នុងចំណោម ឥឡូវនេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ៣ ដែលអ្នកពិតជាបានដឹងដល់ចំណុច និង ប្រភពអ្នក។

[ចំណាំ: អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធប្រភពមួយចំនួនដែលអ្នកដែលប្រភពនោះបានប្រើប្រាស់ តើប្រើប្រាស់មួយចំនួនក្នុងចំណោម ឥឡូវនេះ តើប្រើប្រាស់ ៣ ដែលអ្នកពិតជាបានដឹងដល់ចំណុច និង ប្រភពអ្នក។]

ល.រ	ពិស័យ	ក្រុម	រដ្ឋាភិបាល
		(SECTORTOKEN)	
1	កម្មវិធីស្តុកស្តុកសេវាសុខភាពសាធារណៈ (មន្ទីរពេទ្យ/មន្ទីរសុខភាព/ការសាងសង់កន្លែងស្នាក់នៅ/ស្ថាប័នសុខភាព)		
2	កម្មវិធីសេវាកម្មសេវាសាធារណៈ (ការសាងសង់សាលារៀន/ស្ថាប័នស្រាវជ្រាវ)		
3	កម្មវិធីផ្តល់សេវាសាធារណៈ រ៉ែ/ធនធានស្រូវ ក្រុមការងារសាងសង់/រ៉ែ/ធនធានស្រូវ/ក្រុមការងារសាងសង់/រ៉ែ/ធនធានស្រូវ		
4	កម្មវិធីបង្កើនចំណេះដឹងសម្រាប់សិស្ស និងគ្រូបង្រៀនសាធារណៈ		
5	កម្មវិធីការសាងសង់ និងស្ថាប័នស្រាវជ្រាវសម្រាប់សិស្ស		
6	គម្រោងសាងសង់កន្លែងស្នាក់នៅសាធារណៈនៅក្នុងតំបន់ (ឬសាងសង់កន្លែងស្នាក់នៅសាធារណៈ)		
7	កម្មវិធីសាងសង់កន្លែងស្នាក់នៅសាធារណៈនៅក្នុងតំបន់ (ឬសាងសង់កន្លែងស្នាក់នៅសាធារណៈ)		
8	គម្រោងបង្កើនចំណេះដឹងសម្រាប់សិស្ស/គ្រូបង្រៀនសាធារណៈ		
9	សង្គមភាព និងសុវត្ថិភាព		
10	កិច្ចសហប្រតិបត្តិការសាងសង់/កិច្ចសហប្រតិបត្តិការសាងសង់		
77	មិនដឹង		
66	មិនដឹង/មិនស្គាល់		
99	មិនស្គាល់/មិនស្គាល់		

[illegible]

Q 39a

{VOTED}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកបានឆ្លើយប្រាប់ ប្តី/ស្រី កាលពីឆ្នាំ 2012 កន្លងទៅនេះដែរឬទេ?

ශ්‍රී	1	වෙලඳ Q42
භාග්/භාග්	2	
මිනිස්	77	වෙලඳ Q42
පරිච්ඡේදය	66	වෙලඳ Q42
මිනිස්/මිනිස්	99	වෙලඳ Q42

Q 39b

{VOTEDHERE}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកបានឃើញរូបនៅក្នុងយុំនេះដែរឬទេ? (សំដៅលើយុំដែលកំពុងស្ងួតនេះ)

ឆ្នាំ	1
ឆ្នាំ/ខែ	2
ទីស្រុក	77
ចំនួនផ្ទះ	66
ទីស្រុកស្រុកស្រុក	99

Q 39c

{VOTEDHOME}

[បង្កើតឃ្លាត]

តើអ្នកបានឆ្នោតដល់ប្រភេទណាមួយក្នុងចំណោមប្រភេទទាំងប្រាំបីខាងក្រោមនេះដែរឬទេ?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្នោត	66
មិនប្រកាសលទ្ធផល	99

Q 40

{VOTETIME}

[បង្កើតឃ្លាត]

តើអ្នកចាំបាច់ត្រូវបានជួយដោយអ្នកដទៃក្នុងការបោះឆ្នោត ឬអ្នកបានបោះឆ្នោតដោយខ្លួនឯង?

[បំណុល: សូមកត់សម្គាល់លើស្តីពីការបោះឆ្នោត]

បំណុលសម្រាប់ DP: រយៈពេលមិនមែនជា 480 នាទីនោះទេ

កត់សម្គាល់រយៈពេល		នាទី
មិនដឹង	77	
បដិសេធមិនឆ្នោត	66	
មិនប្រកាសលទ្ធផល	99	

Q 41a

{EVOTING}

[បង្កើតឃ្លាត]

តើបន្ទប់បោះឆ្នោតសម្រាប់ប្រភេទណាមួយក្នុងចំណោមប្រភេទទាំងប្រាំបីខាងក្រោមនេះដែរឬទេ?

ទេ	1	លេខ Q42
បាទ/ចាស	2	បន្តដល់ Q41b
មិនដឹង	77	លេខ Q42
បដិសេធមិនឆ្នោត	66	លេខ Q42
មិនប្រកាសលទ្ធផល	99	លេខ Q42

Q 41b

{MACHBREAK}

[បង្កើតឃ្លាត]

តើមាននរណាបានជួយអ្នកក្នុងការបោះឆ្នោត ឬអ្នកបានបោះឆ្នោតដោយខ្លួនឯង?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្នោត	66
មិនប្រកាសលទ្ធផល	99

ផ្នែកទី 9: ឥទ្ធិពលទៅលើការបោះឆ្នោត

Q 42

[បន្ទាត់តាមការបោះឆ្នោត]

តើការយល់ដឹងបន្ទាត់តាមការបោះឆ្នោតជាមួយនឹងការបោះឆ្នោតដែលបានកំណត់ដោយអង្គការបោះឆ្នោតជាតិ ឬអង្គការបោះឆ្នោតដទៃទៀត តើមានឥទ្ធិពលដល់ការយល់ដឹងអំពីការបោះឆ្នោតដែរឬទេ?

[បន្ទាត់តាមការបោះឆ្នោតលេខ 1 ដល់ 5]

នេះគឺជាការបោះឆ្នោតលេខ 1 ដល់ 5 ដែលលេខ 1 គឺជាលំដាប់ទី 1 និងលេខ 5 គឺជាលំដាប់ទី 5 ក្នុងចំណោមការបោះឆ្នោតទាំងអស់។

[បង្ហាញពីការបោះឆ្នោត]

			មិនមានឥទ្ធិពលដល់ការបោះឆ្នោត → មានឥទ្ធិពលដល់ការបោះឆ្នោត					មិនដឹង	បដិសេធមិនបោះឆ្នោត	មិនបោះឆ្នោតដល់ស្ថានភាព
a	{FACTORFAM}	អំណោយដល់អ្នកបោះឆ្នោត និងអ្នកបោះឆ្នោតដទៃទៀត	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
b	{FACTORPOLICY}	បើគេបានដឹងពីការបោះឆ្នោតរបស់អ្នកបោះឆ្នោតដទៃទៀត តើមានឥទ្ធិពលដល់ការបោះឆ្នោតដែរឬទេ?	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
c	{FACTORGIFT}	អំណោយដល់អ្នកបោះឆ្នោតដទៃទៀត ឬអ្នកបោះឆ្នោតដទៃទៀត	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
d	{FACTORCONNE CT}	សមត្ថភាពរបស់អ្នកបោះឆ្នោតដទៃទៀត ឬអ្នកបោះឆ្នោតដទៃទៀត	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
e	{FACTORFEAR}	ការគិតបោះឆ្នោតដោយមានការរំខាន	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
f	{FACTORHELP}	ការបោះឆ្នោតដោយមានការជំនួយពីអ្នកដទៃ	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99

ផ្នែកទី 10: បញ្ហាប្រឈម

Q 43a

{KNOWCOUNCIL}

[បង្ហាញពីការបោះឆ្នោត]

តើអ្នកបោះឆ្នោតដែលបានបោះឆ្នោតដោយមានការជំនួយពីអ្នកដទៃ តើមានឥទ្ធិពលដល់ការបោះឆ្នោតដែរឬទេ?

(តំលៃដែលបានបោះឆ្នោតដោយមានការជំនួយពីអ្នកដទៃ ត្រូវបានកំណត់ដោយអង្គការបោះឆ្នោតជាតិ ឬអង្គការបោះឆ្នោតដទៃទៀត មិនមែនជាការបោះឆ្នោតដោយមានការជំនួយពីអ្នកដទៃទេ)

លេខ	1	លេខ 1 Q44a
លេខ/តារាង	2	លេខ 2 Q43b
មិនដឹង	77	លេខ 77 Q44a
បដិសេធមិនបោះឆ្នោត	66	លេខ 66 Q44a
មិនបោះឆ្នោតដល់ស្ថានភាព	99	លេខ 99 Q44a

[បង្គោលដៃដូចគ្នា]

[បង្គោលឈើប្រភេទ]

ច្បាប់សាត់ដោះទេ)

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

Q 45a

{KNOWPROV}

[បង្កើតតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកមានស្នាក់នៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនដែរឬទេ?

(តំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើននៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើន ឬក៏ជាតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើន មិនមែនតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើន ឬក៏ជាតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើន)

ទេ	1	នេះនេះ Q46a
ឈាត/ចាត	2	បើឈាត/ចាត សូមបញ្ជាក់ Q45b
មិនដឹង	77	នេះនេះ Q46a
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះនេះ Q46a
មិនប្រកាសឱ្យបានតាម	99	នេះនេះ Q46a

Q 45b

{PROVNUMB}

[បង្កើតតែមួយគត់]

ត្រូវបានដាក់ឈ្មោះ តើមានប្រជាជនច្រើននៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនដែរឬទេ?

1	1
2	2
3	3
មានលើសពី 3, សូមបញ្ជាក់ : _____	96
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសឱ្យបានតាម	99

Q 46a

{KNOWGOV}

[បង្កើតតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកស្នាក់នៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនដែរឬទេ?

(តំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើននៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើន ឬក៏ជាតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើន មិនមែនតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើន ឬក៏ជាតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើន)

ទេ	1	នេះនេះ Q47
ឈាត/ចាត	2	បើឈាត/ចាត សូមបញ្ជាក់ Q46b
មិនដឹង	77	នេះនេះ Q47
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះនេះ Q47
មិនប្រកាសឱ្យបានតាម	99	នេះនេះ Q47

Q 49a

{FRIENDSCOMMUNE}

[បង្កើតឈ្មោះស្រុក]

នៅទីនេះ តើមានការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលិកក្នុងគណៈកម្មាធិការស្រុកដែរឬទេ? តើមានការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលិកក្នុងគណៈកម្មាធិការស្រុកដែរឬទេ?

ចំណាំសំរាប់អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវ: សូមបញ្ជាក់ពីការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលិកក្នុងគណៈកម្មាធិការស្រុក [បញ្ជាក់ការចាត់តាំង]

មិនដឹង	77	លេខ Q49b
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	លេខ Q49b
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវគោលការណ៍	99	លេខ Q49b

Q 49b

{LASTINT}

តើអ្នកធ្លាប់ជួបប្រទះការស្រាវជ្រាវពីមុនដែរឬទេ?

ទេ	1
ឯទេ/ទាប	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវគោលការណ៍	99

អញ្ជើញចូលរួមការស្រាវជ្រាវ

ចំណាត់ការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវ (ក្នុងករណីដែលអ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវ - ដំណើរការចូលរួមស្រាវជ្រាវ)

ចំណាំ: តើមានការចូលរួមពីអ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវដែរឬទេ?

Q 50

{OTHERRESPONDENT}

[បង្កើតឈ្មោះស្រុក]

តើមានអ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវណាមួយ ឬ អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវណាមួយដែលបានចូលរួមក្នុងគណៈកម្មាធិការស្រុកដែរឬទេ?

សមាជិកក្រុមគ្រួសារ (នេះគឺជាមួយគ្នា)	1
សមាជិកក្រុមគ្រួសារ (នេះគឺជាមួយគ្នា)	2
មិត្តភក្តិ/អ្នកជិតខាង	3
ស្រុក	88
ស្រុក/ស្រុក ឬ អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវ: _____	96

Q 49a

{FRIENDSCOMMUNE}

[បង្គោលឈរ]

នៅទីនេះ តើមានការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលិកណាម្នាក់ដែលបានចូលរួមក្នុងការងារនេះដែរឬទេ? តើមានការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលិកណាម្នាក់ដែលបានចូលរួមក្នុងការងារនេះដែរឬទេ?

ចំណាំសំរាប់អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវ៖ សូមបញ្ជាក់ពីការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលិកណាម្នាក់ដែលបានចូលរួមក្នុងការងារនេះ [បញ្ជាក់ការចាត់តាំង]

មិនដឹង	77	លេខ Q49b
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	លេខ Q49b
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវការចាត់តាំង	99	លេខ Q49b

Q 49b

{LASTINT}

តើអ្នកធ្លាប់ចូលរួមការស្រាវជ្រាវនេះ ពីមុនដែរឬទេ?

ទេ	1
ឯទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវការចាត់តាំង	99

អញ្ជើញចូលរួមការស្រាវជ្រាវ

ចំណាត់ការចូលរួមការស្រាវជ្រាវ (ក្នុងករណីដែលអ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវ - ដំណើរការចូលរួមការស្រាវជ្រាវ)

ចំណាំ៖ តើមានការចាត់តាំងបុគ្គលិកណាម្នាក់ដែលបានចូលរួមក្នុងការងារនេះដែរឬទេ?

Q 50

{OTHERRESPONDENT}

[បង្គោលឈរ]

តើមានអ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវណាម្នាក់ ឬ អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវណាម្នាក់ដែលបានចូលរួមក្នុងការងារនេះដែរឬទេ?

សហគមន៍/អង្គភាព (នេះគឺជាឈ្មោះអង្គភាព)	1
សហគមន៍/អង្គភាព (នេះគឺជាឈ្មោះអង្គភាព)	2
មិត្តភក្តិ/អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវ	3
គ្មាន	88
ឆ្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ៖ _____	96

Survey Instrument: Endline Survey (English)**People's Participation Survey**

Questionnaire N {QUESTNUMB}: _____

Date of interview {DATE}:	
Time of interview {TIME}:	
Length of interview {LENGTH}:	
Enumerator's ID {ENUMID}:	
Enumerator's name {ENUMERATOR}:	
Coordinator's name {COORDINATOR}:	

Interview situation	Done by	Yes	No	Signature	Date
Accompanied (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (QC indoor)		1	2		
Accompanied (QC)		1	2		
Tel Back Checked (QC)		1	2		
F2F Back Checked (QC)		1	2		
Data Processing (DP)		1	2		

Standard codes:	1 = No	2 = Yes	66 = Refuse
	77 = Do not know	88 = None	99 = Not Applicable

CONFIDENTIALITY: The interviewer takes the responsibility in guarding the confidentiality of all the information generated through this instrument.

I am from Kantar Cambodia Limited, a Cambodian research firm, which is conducting a survey as part of USAID's program intended to promote constructive civic engagement and participation of women and youth in Cambodia.

Your participation in this survey is important because it is one of the few ways available for understanding the perspective of the Cambodian people on civic engagement. It is important to understand that this survey is for research and evaluation purposes only. Your participation will neither increase nor decrease the likelihood of your community's participation in any USAID program. Your participation in this study does not involve any physical or emotional risk to you beyond that of everyday life.

The survey should take 45 to 60 minutes to complete. Your participation in this survey is voluntary. If you are unable or do not want to answer a question, you may decline, and you can end this interview at any time. All of your responses will be kept strictly confidential and will only be used in a statistical summary.

If you have any questions about the survey, please call 010 333 456 (Mr. Cheat Vuthynun, Supervisor) or 012 520 603 (Mr. Phan Sothea, Associate Research Manager) so that we may assist you.

{CONSENT} Are you willing to proceed?

No	1
Yes	2

Section 1: Respondent information

Address: Phum (Village): _____ {VILLAGE}
 Khum (Commune): _____ {COMMUNE}
 Srok (District): _____ {DISTRICT}
 Khaet (Province): _____ {PROVINCE}
 Given Name: _____ {GIVENNAME}
 Family Name: _____ {FAMNAME}

Respondent's phone number (if any): _____

Phone number of respondent's relative or neighbor that we can contact: _____ (What is he/she to you _____)

Additional phone number of respondent's relative or neighbor that we can contact: _____ (What is he/she to you _____)

Village Chief's number: _____ (Enumerator has to contact supervisor to get the correct number)

Section 2: Household

Q 1 {COMMUNEYRS} [Single Answer]

How many years have you lived in this commune?

If less than 1 year, please put 0

Record number of year(s):		Number
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 2 {HHNUMB} [Single Answer]

How many people reside in this household?

By 'household' I mean a group of people living daily in the same dwelling space and who eat 3 meals together.

Record number of members:	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Members (Household helpers and guests will be included if they have no other house or have been living with the household for 6 months or more)

Q 3a Now I am going to ask you about your household

(1) The interviewer will describe the household roster to the respondent.

Read: Now I am going to ask you about your household. When you were interviewed before, you gave us some information about each household member. I now want to confirm if these individuals are still in the household or if they are no longer members of the household. After this, I will ask you if there are any other individuals, beyond those that I have mentioned, that are members of your household currently. Please be reinform you that 'household' here means a group of people living daily in the same dwelling space and who eat 3 meals together. Are you clear about this definition?

(2) The interviewer will then describe each household member from the hard copy and record their information in the tablet. They will also record whether the individual is still in the household or has left. The answer should be recorded in the new question you have included.

(3) After completing all individuals on the hard copy, the interviewer will ask the respondent "Are any other individuals, beyond those that I have mentioned, members of your household currently?" The enumerator should probe to ensure that any other individuals that the respondent mentions match the definition of a household member.

(4) The interviewer should then ask whether this individual was a houshold member 6 months ago, or whether they are a new household member. Please use The answer should be recorded in the new question you have included.

(5) New members of the household should receive a new unique ID and members of the household from the midline should be given the same unique ID as was assigned to them in the midline.

Note to the interviewer:

*Condition 1: if all family members live together and head of household permanently lives in the household, then **{ID1} must be head of household.***

Condition 2: If the head of household is away or not living permanently at home, then please select code 2 or 3 for {ID1}.

Line No.	Relationship to Household Head [use code]	[Single Answer] Sex		[Record Age in year] Age as of Last Birthday 77 Don't know, 66 Refuse, 99 Not applicable	[Single Answer] Education [use code]
ID	{RELATIONHHH}	{SEX}		{AGE} Less than 1 year, put "0"	{EDUC}
		Male	Female		
{ID1}		1	2		
{ID2}		1	2		
{ID3}		1	2		
{ID4}		1	2		
{ID5}		1	2		
{ID6}		1	2		
{ID7}		1	2		
{ID8}		1	2		
{ID9}		1	2		

Code: Relationship to HH Head				Code: Education	
Head of Household	1	2 nd cousin	13	1. No formal schooling	9. Incomplete University (Undergraduate)
Husband	2	3 rd cousin	14	2. Kindergarten	10. Complete University (Undergraduate)
Wife	3	Grandchildren	15	3. Incomplete primary (K1-6)	11. Graduate degree
Son	4	Parents' sibling	16	4. Complete primary (K1-6)	12. Post graduate
Daughter	5	Niece	17	5. Incomplete secondary (G7-G9)	13. Incomplete technical/vocational
Father	6	Nephew	18	6. Complete secondary (G7-G9)	14. Complete technical/vocational
Mother	7	In-law	19	7. Incomplete high (G10-G12)	15. Do not meet the minimum age to attend school
Grandfather	8	Other relatives	20	8. Complete high (G10-G12)	77. Don't know
Grandmother	9	Family's friend	21		66. Refuse
Brother	10	Household's employee	22		
Sister	11	Don't know	77		
1 st cousin	12	Refuse	66		
		Not applicable	99		

Note to DP: Respondent number here must be code 1, 2, or 3 chosen in the question about relationship to head of household.

Q 3b Respondent number {RESPNUM} **Section 3: Income and Assets**

Note to DP: if code 18 and/or code 19 are chosen, please skip the section asking about its amount and continue asking other sources of income.

Q 4

What are the top 3 sources of income for the household to maintain its needs?

Note for the interviewer: For farmers, if they collect their yield, whether they sell it or not, please ask for the total income if they were to sell all the yield. Please probe for different kinds of crops.

(This question refers to average income each month in the past 12 months of the household member)

Line No.	[Multiple Answers – up to 3 or less than 3] Source of Income [Use code]	What are the gross earnings/month the household receives from this source? (Note: It is the total revenue minus cost of goods sold) [Record amount] 77 Don't know 66 Refuse 99 Not applicable
	{INCSOURCE}	{INCEARNINGS}
1		USD
2		USD
3		USD

Source of income code:		
Code: for {INCCODE}	Fishing	1
	Forest Forager/Resin Collector	2
	Farming	3
	Agricultural/Fishing Wage Laborer	4
	Security Guard	5
	Non-Agricultural/Non-Fishing Manual Worker/Laborer (e.g. construction, stone cutting, mine)	6
	Private Sector Employee, not requiring higher education (e.g. clerk, restaurant server, factory worker)	7
	Private Sector Employee with higher education (education level above high school)	8
	Skilled Professional, requiring higher education (e.g. doctor, teacher, engineer)	9
	Entrepreneur/Personal Business (small/large)	10
	Mechanic	11
	Driver	12
	Carpenter	13
	Religious	14
	Salaried employment in commune government	15
	Salaried employment in provincial government	16
	Other salaried employment in government	17
	Overseas workers' remittances	18
	Domestic workers' remittances	19
	Employment with NGO	20
	Occasional labor provided to private sector (skilled labor)	21
	Occasional labor provided to government	22
	Artist (e.g. sculpting, painting, wood carving)	23
	Armed Police/Military	24
	Police	25
	Student	26
	Housekeeper (for pay)	27
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99
	Other [please specify] _____	96

Q 5

{IDPOOR}

{Single Answer}

Does your household receive benefits from ID Poor?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't have ID Poor	3
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 6a

{BENFIT}

[Multiple Answer]

Of the following, from which source does your household receive monetary benefit?

Pension fund	1	
Support from NGO	2	
Sponsorship	3	
Other (specify _____)	96	
None	88	skip to Q7a
Don't know	77	skip to Q7a
Refuse	66	skip to Q7a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q7a

Q 6b

{BENAMOUNT}

[Single Answer]

If any, approximately how much does your household receive each month in benefit, in the past 12 months?

Amount	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 7a

{REMIT}

[Single Answer]

Does your household receive remittances?

(Note: receive in both foreign and domestic remittances)

No	1	skip to Q8b	Logic note for DP: if code 18 and/or 19 were chosen in Q4 please hide code 1 "No" in Q7a
Yes	2		
Don't know	77	skip to Q8b	
Refuse	66	skip to Q8b	
Not applicable	99	skip to Q8b	

Q 7b

{REMITAMOUNT}

[Single Answer]

If any, how much does your household receive in foreign and domestic remittances each month in the past 12 months?

Total amount		USD
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 8a

{REMITSOURCE}

[Multiple Answers]

Where do these remittances come from?

Source	Code	Source	Code
Phnom Penh	1	Kuwait	16
Other areas in Cambodia	2	Qatar	17
Thailand	3	Saudi Arabia	18
Vietnam	4	UAE	19
Malaysia	5	Bahrain	20
Singapore	6	Israel	21
Brunei	7	Lebanon	22
The Philippines	8	Jordan	23
Indonesia	9	Africa	24
Hong Kong	10	Europe	25
Japan	11	United States of America	26
Taiwan	12	Canada	27
China	13	Other (specify) _____	96
South Korea	14	Don't know	77
Australia and New Zealand	15	Refuse	66
		Not applicable	99

Q 8b

{INCOMEALLSOURCE}

[Single Answer]

In the past 12 months, how much money does your household member receive each month from all sources combined?

The total amount in this **Q8b** must be greater or equal to the total amount of **Q4, Q6b, Q7b**

Record the amount		USD
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 9

{ASSET}

[Show card]

[Multiple Answers]

Now we would like to ask you about your household assets

Does your household have/own the following:	Code:				
	No	Yes	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
A radio	1	2	77	66	99
A television	1	2	77	66	99
A mobile phone	1	2	77	66	99
A refrigerator/freezer	1	2	77	66	99
A gas stove/gas range	1	2	77	66	99
A bicycle/pedicab	1	2	77	66	99
A motorcycle/tricycle	1	2	77	66	99
Car or 4-wheel motorized vehicle	1	2	77	66	99
Refuse	66				

Q 10

{ASSETAMT}

[Single Answer]

If you are to sell all your household assets, how much do you think you would receive in total?

For example, selling everything that you own – including any houses/land that you own, livestock, a radio, television, stove, refrigerator, washing machine, bicycle, motorcycle, car, and any other belongings that you own.

Record the amount		USD
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Section 4: Help from Politicians

Now we would like to know about how easy or difficult it is for a household like yours to receive services and assistance from the government.

Q 11a

{SERVICERQST} [Flashcard]

[Multiple Answer]

First, we would like to show you some flashcards with some examples of services that households like yours might request from the government. Have you or anyone in your household requested the following from the government?

[Have the respondent split the flashcards into two piles: things that they've attempted to request and things that they haven't.]

Q 11b {SERVICEEASE} [show card] [Single Answer per row]

[Take the pile of flashcards that they've previously attempted to request]

For the service and assistance that you've previously attempted to request, can you let us know on a scale of 1 to 10 (where 1 means you were unable to obtain the requested item and 10 means that it was very easy to obtain), how easy or difficult was it to obtain?

[Note: Attempt to request refers to request and get it or don't get it or about to request but give up due to some reasons]

Q 11c {SERVICECONF} [show card] [Single Answer per row]

[Take the pile of flashcards that they've not previously attempted to request]

For the service and assistance that you've not previously attempted to request, can you let us know on a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means that you don't think you would be able to get the requested item and 10 means that you think it would be very easy to obtain, can you please the flashcards on the scale to indicate how confident you are about your household's ability to get the following:

[Note: not previously attempted to request refers to never think of requesting]

	Services and assistance from the government	Q11a		Q11b & Q11c			
		No	Yes	→	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
		Not Attempt	Attempt				
1	1. Endorsement letter from the village chief for employment	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
2	2. Assistance from village chief in borrowing money	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
3	3. Endorsement letter from the district governor for employment	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
4	4. Assistance purchasing or registering land with district governor	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
5	5. Business permit	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
6	6. Land registration	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
7	7. Khmer Identity Card	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
8	8. Voter ID/Registration	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
9	9. Vehicle Registration/License Plates	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
10	10. Registering a birth with the district quarter or village (sangha or phum)	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
11	11. Obtaining death certificate from the district quarter or village (sangha or phum)	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
77	Don't know	skip to Q12					
66	Refuse						
99	Not applicable						

Q 12

[\[Multiple Answers\]](#)[\[Show card\]](#)

What projects and programs have been done or are in progress in your commune (khum) over the past 3 years?

This can include any activity which is undertaken by the government, NGOs, or the community such as festivals, new or improved facilities, services or infrastructure, or support programs for some households.

No.	Sector	Source of Funds
	{PROJSECTOR}	{PROJFUNDS}
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

In order to skip to the next question, please click 'Don't know' if the respondent knows less than 5 projects/programs.

Type of project or program code		
Sector for {PROJSECTOR}	Public Health Services	1
	Public Education Services	2
	Cash or In-Kind Transfer for Emergency/Needy (Household Emergencies)	3
	Water and Sanitation Infrastructure	4
	Road Construction and Rehabilitation	5
	Construction of Community Facilities (e.g. municipal halls, basketball courts)	6
	Business Loans and Private Economic Development Programs (Economic Programs)	7
	Agricultural Assistance/Irrigation Systems	8
	Peace and Security	9
	Community Events/Festivals/Fiestas	10
	Others, please specify _____	96
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99

This will not include MFIs or Banks unless the MFI/Bank is being given funds by the government/NGO/IFI for this purpose

skip to Q13

skip to Q13

skip to Q13

Source of fund code (one main source only):		
Source of funds for (PROJFUNDS)	Member of Commune Council	1
	District Government	2
	Provincial Government	3
	National Government	4
	Other Government Agencies	5
	Charity	6
	NGO	7
	IFI (World Bank, USAID, UN)	8
	Others, please specify _____	96
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99

Section 5: Distance and Ease of Travel to Facilities

Q 13

[show card] [Single Answer per row]

What is the main (dominant) mode of transportation that the household uses/has used/would use to reach [facility name]?

If respondent hasn't been to any following facilities by him/herself, please ask respondent to guess about how most of people in her region travel to those facilities.

[In the case of Primary School, if the child is too young to walk]

Q 14

[Single Answer per row]

How long would it take you to get to the facility (in minutes)?

No.	Facility	Q13 (TRANSMODE)	Q14 (TRANSTIME)			
			Record minutes	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
1	Health post/private clinic where you go for basic care		___ minutes	77	66	99
2	Referral Hospital		___ minutes	77	66	99
3	Day Care Center/Pre-School/Parents' or Relatives' House/Place that you leave your kids to be taken care of when you go to work		___ minutes	77	66	99
4	Elementary School		___ minutes	77	66	99
5	Village Centre		___ minutes	77	66	99

Mode of transportation code:				
Main mode of transportation for {TRANSMODE}	Walk	1	Motorcycle	7
	Horse/Cow/Buffalo	2	Tuk Tuk	8
	Bicycle	3	Hand tractor/Three wheels tractor	9
	Bus	4	Others, please specify _____	96
	Taxi	5	Don't know	77
	Own vehicle	6	Refuse	66
			Not applicable	99

Q 15

{ROADTIME}

[Please record minutes in number]

For this question, I am going to ask you about a road. It is not important whether the road is dirt, asphalt, or some other material. It only matters that the road is at least as wide as a car. How long (in minutes) does it take to walk from your house to the nearest road that is at least as wide as a car?

Record minutes	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Put "0" if less than 1 minute

Q 16

{ROADTYPE}

[Single Answer]

What type of road is the nearest road to your house?

Dirt Road	1
Gravel	2
Asphalt	3
Concrete	4
Others, please specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Section 6: Household Political Activism and Knowledge

Q 17a

[\[Show card\]](#)

If any, is there any person in your household or other family member or relative that are not living in your household who has held a position in the government office?

***** When asking Q17a, first please ask about all the members listed in the household roster in Q3a before asking about other family members or relatives that are not listed in the household roster.**

Q 17b Choose the ID from Household members list (Q3a) whether they are in household or not

Q 18 What is the **highest office/position** ever held by this member?[\[Single Answer\]](#)[\[Show card\]](#)

Q 19 Is this member elected or appointed for this position?

[\[Single Answer\]](#)[\[Show card\]](#)

No.	Q17a {MEMBCODE}	Q17b {IDHHRTER}	Q18 {HIGHESTOFFICE}	Q19 {HIGHESTAPPT}
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

Household member code for Q17 (for MEMBCODE):				
Head of Household	1	2 nd cousin	13	
Husband	2	3 rd cousin	14	
Wife	3	Grandchildren	15	
Son	4	Parents' sibling	16	
Daughter	5	Niece	17	
Father	6	Nephew	18	
Mother	7	In-law	19	
Grandfather	8	Other relatives	20	
Grandmother	9	Family's friend	21	
Brother	10	Household's employee	22	
Sister	11	Don't know	77	skip to Q20
1 st cousin	12	Refuse	66	skip to Q20
		Not applicable	99	skip to Q20

Code for Q19: Office held by member	
Highest elected office	1
Highest appointed office	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Code for highest office held for Q18 for {HIGHESTOFFICE} and {HIGHESTAPPT}	Commune councilor	1	Provincial Police Officer	10
	Mayor or village chief	2	Member of Parliament	11
	District Governor	3	Senator	12
	District Deputy Governor	4	Provincial Governor	13
	Member of District Government	5	Provincial Deputy Governor	14
	Member of Provincial General Secretariat	6	Member of Provincial Cabinet	15
	Provincial Budget Officer/Treasurer/Accountant	7	National Cabinet Minister	16
	Provincial Engineer	8	Other selected or appointed position on a government executive, legislative, or law enforcing body	17
	Provincial Health or Education Officer	9		
	Don't know	77		
	Refuse	66		
	Not applicable	99		

Q 20

[\[Show card\]](#)[\[Single Answer per row\]](#)

People learn what is going on in this country and the world from various sources. For each of the following sources, indicate whether you use it to obtain information daily, weekly, monthly, less than monthly, or never in the last 12 months. This question refers to NEWS only. It does not count if respondents watch only TV series, ads, or other shows besides NEWS.

No.	Source information	Frequency of use {NEWSFRQ}
1	Daily newspaper	
2	Printed magazines	
3	TV news	
4	Radio news	
5	Mobile phone	
6	Email	
7	Social Media/Facebook	
8	Talk with friends or colleagues	

Code for Frequency of use	Daily	1
	Weekly	2
	Monthly	3
	Less than monthly	4
	Never	5
	Don't know	77
	Refuse	66
	Not applicable	99

Q 21

{CONTACTNUMB}

Approximately how many contacts do you have in your phone?

Phone Numbers/Contacts here refer to all the number recorded on phone and on other notes

Number of contacts		<i>[Please record number]</i>
Don't know	77	skip to Q23
Refuse	66	skip to Q23
Not applicable	99	skip to Q23

Q 22

{CONTACTCMNE}

Approximately how many of those people live in this commune?

Number of people		<i>[Please record number]</i>
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 23

Group Membership: How would you describe your membership of a {organization}? Are you currently a member, not currently a member, or a former member?

[Show card] [Single Answer per row]

No.	Group	{GROUPMEMB}		Former member	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
		Currently a member	Not currently a member				
1	Union, farmers' association, or other professional/business association	1	2	3	77	66	99
2	Credit Union/Microfinance Collective including Saving Group, Borrowing Group, Microfinance, Bank	1	2	3	77	66	99
3	Non-Government Organization (NGO)	1	2	3	77	66	99
4	Skills/Trade Training Cooperative	1	2	3	77	66	99
5	Church/Religious group	1	2	3	77	66	99
6	Sports and Recreation Club	1	2	3	77	66	99
7	Village Government	1	2	3	77	66	99

Q 24

{VILLAGEMTG}

[Single Answer]

Does your commune hold village meetings?

No	1	skip to Q27
Yes	2	If yes, continue to Q25
Don't know	77	skip to Q27
Refuse	66	skip to Q27
Not applicable	99	skip to Q27

Q 25

{ATTENDMTG}

[Single Answer]

Over the past 6 months, did you or a member of your household attend any village meetings?

No	1	skip to Q27
Yes	2	If yes, continue to Q26
Don't know	77	skip to Q27
Refuse	66	skip to Q27
Not applicable	99	skip to Q27

Q 26

{SPOKEMTG}

[Single Answer]

Have you, at least once, spoken up during a village meeting in the last 6 months?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 27

{RELIGIONFRQ} [Single Answer]

How often do you attend religious services?

[Note: do not include funeral, wedding, and house warming parties or other kinds of parties]

Does not attend	1	skip to Q29
Less than once a month	2	
Once a month	3	
Twice a month	4	
Weekly	5	
Daily	6	
Don't know	77	skip to Q29
Refuse	66	skip to Q29
Not applicable	99	skip to Q29

Q 28

{RELIGION}

[Multiple Answers]

What religion or denomination do you go to for religious services?

Buddhism, unspecified	1
Theravada Buddhism	2
Shaivism	3
Vaishnavism	4
Islam	5
Christianity	6
Hinduism	7
Judaism	8
Other, please specify _____	9
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 29

[Single Answer]

Can you identify yourself as {Ethnic Group}?

Khmer	1
Indigenous minority	2
Other (specify _____)	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 30

{VOLUNTEER}

[Single Answer]

Over the past 6 months, did you or a member of your household do any volunteer work with a local community organization?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 31

{CONTACTPOLIT}

[Show card]

[Single Answer per row]

Contact with Politicians and Government Officials:

Have you contacted this person in the last year?

(Note: Contact includes all communication for business or personal reasons and includes all normal methods such as email, SMS, phone calls, and in-person visits.)

	Politician or Government Official	No	Yes	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
1	Village Chief	1	2	77	66	99
2	Member of Commune Council	1	2	77	66	99
3	Member of District Government	1	2	77	66	99
4	District Governor	1	2	77	66	99
5	Member of Provincial/Municipal Government	1	2	77	66	99
6	Provincial Governor	1	2	77	66	99

Political Knowledge

Q 32

{COUNCILTOTAL}

[Single Answer]

How many members are on your commune council?

Record number of members	_____ members
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

If code 77/66/99 is chosen please skip the verification section and continue to the next question

Verification

(for enumerator only)

(Please choose code 2 if the answer is correct and code 1 if the answer is incorrect)

Q 33

{COUNCILELECT}

[Record number]

When was the first election for commune council?

Year	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

If code 77/66/99 is chosen please skip the verification section and continue to the next question

Verification

(for enumerator only)

(Please choose code 2 if the answer is correct and code 1 if the answer is incorrect)

Q 34

{GOVERNORNAME} [Single Answer]

What is the name of your district governor?

Name of district governor	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

If code 77/66/99 is chosen please skip the verification section and continue to the next question

Verification

(for enumerator only)

(Please choose code 2 if the answer is correct and code 1 if the answer is incorrect)

Q 35

{FAIRNESS}

[Single Answer]

[Show card]

Do you think most people would try to take advantage of you if they got a chance, or would they try to be fair?

Please show your response on this card, where 1 means that "people would try to take advantage of you" and 10 means that "people would try to be fair" (code 1 number)

	<i>People would try to take advantage of you</i>	→								<i>People would try to be fair</i>	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
People you associate with (friends, family, associates)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	77	66	99
Other people	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	77	66	99

Q 36

{TRUST}

[Single Answer]

Generally speaking, would you say that most people can be trusted or that you need to be very careful in dealing with people? (Code 1 answer)

Most people can be trusted	1
Need to be very careful	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 37

{SOCIALRANK}

[Photo cards]

I will read to you a list of various social issues that are depicted in these flashcards. While these issues can all be considered important, we would like for you to rank them in terms of which ones you think are more important for you and your family. In other words, if it were up to you to decide which of these social issues the government should focus on, how would you prioritize them? Please arrange the flashcards so that the first one is the issue that you would like to prioritize the most, and the last one is the one that you would like to prioritize the least. For this, you will only need to rank the 3 issues that are most important for you and your family. There is no right or wrong answer, and we realize that sometimes issues can be equally important, so all we are asking is for you to try your best.

[NOTE THAT THIS IS A RANKING FROM 1-3, WHERE 1 IS THE MOST IMPORTANT AND 3 THE LEAST IMPORTANT. THIS IS NOT A 1-3 SCALE.]

Social Issue	Rank	Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
Land Rights		77	66	99
Fair Elections		77	66	99
Food Prices		77	66	99
Peace and Security		77	66	99
Women's Rights		77	66	99
Anti-Graft and Corruption		77	66	99
Environmental Conservation		77	66	99
Job Generation (Employment)		77	66	99
Don't know	77			
Refuse	66			
Not applicable	99			

Section 7: Delivery of Services

Q 38

[Flashcards and Tokens] [Multiple Answers]

We know that all governments have to make difficult decisions about what types of goods and services to provide. In your opinion, which of the following sectors are most important to you and your family and should be given more priority for the commune? If it were up to you to decide how the government allocates money for your province, which types of projects and programs would you choose?

We are going to give you 20 tokens to represent an entire government budget for your province. You can allocate your tokens any way that you want and you do not need to specify an amount for each sector – you can even put all of your tokens on just one sector if you want. Feel free also to move your tokens around while you are deciding. Once you're satisfied with your allocation, we will record it.

Now, we are going to give you 20 tokens again, but this time please allocate them the way you think the government would allocate.

NOTE: ENUMERATORS PROVIDE SECTOR WORKSHEET AND TOKENS

No.	Sector	You	Government
		{SECTORTOKEN}	
1	1. Public Health Services (e.g. hospital/clinic/health station construction)		
2	2. Public Education Services (e.g. school/classroom construction)		
3	3. Cash or in-kind transfer/loans/job assistance for emergencies or for individual needy households		
4	4. Water and sanitation infrastructure		
5	5. Road construction and rehabilitation		
6	6. Construction of community facilities (e.g. multipurpose halls, basketball courts)		
7	7. Business loans and other private economic development programs		
8	8. Agricultural assistance/irrigation systems		
9	9. Peace and security		
10	10. Community events/festivals/fiestas		
77	Don't know		
66	Refuse		
99	Not applicable		

We are now going to ask you some questions related to your experience and participation in the 2017 elections.

Q 39a {VOTED} [Single Answer]

Did you happen to vote in the last commune council election of 2017?

No	1	skip to Q42
Yes	2	
Don't know	77	skip to Q42
Refuse	66	skip to Q42
Not applicable	99	skip to Q42

Q 39b {VOTEDHERE} [Single Answer]

Did you vote in this commune?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 39c

{VOTEDHOME}

[Single Answer]

Did you vote in your home commune or commune of temporary/permanent residence?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 40

{VOTETIME}

[Single Answer]

How long did you have to wait, from the time you arrived at the precinct to the time you were able to cast your vote?

[Note: record actual amount of time in minutes]

[Note to DP: the number must be shorter than 480 minutes]

Record number		minutes
Don't know	77	
Refuse	66	
Not applicable	99	

Q 41a

{EVOTING}

[Single Answer]

Did your precinct use electronic voting machines?

No	1	skip to Q42
Yes	2	continue to Q41b
Don't know	77	skip to Q42
Refuse	66	skip to Q42
Not applicable	99	skip to Q42

Q 41b

{MACHBREAK}

[Single Answer]

Did any of your voting machines break down or malfunction?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Section 9: Voting Influences

Q 42

[\[Show card\]](#)

We'll show you some flashcards with factors that commonly influence how people vote. When deciding who you will vote for, which of the following factors influences you the most? *[Show worksheet with 1-5 scale]*. Here is a worksheet with a scale from 1 to 5, where 1 is not important and 5 is very important. Please place flashcards on the scale.

[\[Single Answer per Row\]](#)

			Not important → Very important					Don't know	Refuse	Not applicable
a	{FACTORFAM}	Preferences of your family and friends	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
b	{FACTORPOLICY}	Whether candidates will focus commune policies on things that are important to me and my family	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
c	{FACTORGIFT}	Gift or money from the candidates before the elections	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
d	{FACTORCONNECT}	The candidate's ability to use political connections to get money and projects for the commune	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
e	{FACTORFEAR}	Fear of reprisal from candidates	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
f	{FACTORHELP}	Approachability or helpfulness of the candidate	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99

Section 10: Social Networks

Q 43a {KNOWCOUNCIL} [Single Answer]

Do you know any of the members of the commune council personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q44a
Yes	2	continue to Q43b
Don't know	77	skip to Q44a
Refuse	66	skip to Q44a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q44a

Q 43b {COUNCILNUMB} [Single Answer]

How many commune council members do you know?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 44a {KNOWDIST} [Single Answer]

Do you know any district government officials personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q45a
Yes	2	continue to Q44b
Don't know	77	skip to Q45a
Refuse	66	skip to Q45a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q45a

Q 44b

{DISTNUMB}

[Single Answer]

How many district government officials do you know?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 45a

{KNOWPROV}

[Single Answer]

Do you know any provincial government officials personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q46a
Yes	2	continue to Q45b
Don't know	77	skip to Q46a
Refuse	66	skip to Q46a
Not applicable	99	skip to Q46a

Q 45b

{PROVNUMB}

[Single Answer]

How many provincial government officials do you know?

1	1
2	2
3	3
More: specify _____	96
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Q 46a

{KNOWGOV}

[Single Answer]

Do you know the district governor personally?

[Clarify that this is a real relationship, not just that they know of the person or they know the person's name; i.e. the person also has to know them]

No	1	skip to Q47
Yes	2	continue to Q46b
Don't know	77	skip to Q47
Refuse	66	skip to Q47
Not applicable	99	skip to Q47

Q 46b

{KNOWGOVTYPE}

[Multiple Answers]

How do you know the district governor?

skip to Q49a	Himself / Herself	1	Former classmate	10
	Child	2	Business relationship	11
	Parent	3	Conversations at events	12
	Sibling	4	Family friend	13
	Cousin	5	Former colleague	14
	Grandchild	6	Member or former member of same club or organization as you	15
	Parent's sibling	7	Relative	16
	Nibling (Nephew or Niece)	8	Other, please specify: _____	96
	Grandparent	9	Don't know	77
			Refuse	66
			Not applicable	99

Q 47

{GOVOTHER}

[Single Answer]

Do you know someone that knows the district governor personally?

No	1	skip to Q48
Yes	2	
Don't know	77	skip to Q48
Refuse	66	skip to Q48
Not applicable	99	skip to Q48

Q 48

{OTHERNUMB}

[Single Answer]

If you were to require a personal connection to the district governor, approximately how many people would you need to connect through before you are able to reach the district governor? For example, if you know someone who is a friend of the district governor's relative, then you would need only to connect through two people before you reach the district governor. Note that you and the first person should know each other, the first and second person should know each other personally, all the way to the last person who should know the district governor personally.

Record number	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Allow "0" as an answer

Q 49a

{FRIENDSCOMMUNE}

[Multiple Answer]

Here we have a list of all the communes in the district. Can you let us know which communes you have friends and family in, excluding this commune?

[Note: show the commune worksheet with names of all the communes in the district]

Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

skip to Q49b

skip to Q49b

skip to Q49b

Q 49b

{LASTINT}

Did you ever participate in this survey before?

No	1
Yes	2
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

Thank you very much for your participation

Enumerator Impressions (Do Not Ask Respondents – Questions for Enumerators)

NOTE: FOR ENUMERATORS ONLY

Q 50 {OTHERRESPONDENT} [Multiple Answers]

Who participated in the interview apart from the main respondent?

Family Member (in the household)	1
Family Member (outside the household)	2
Friend/Neighbor	3
None	88
Others, please specify: _____	96

Q 51 {RESPPROB} [Single Answer]

Did the interview have any problems that would affect the integrity of the questions?

No problems	1
Some problems	2
Major problems	3

Q 52 {RESPCLASS} [Single Answer]

What socioeconomic class is the respondent?

Upper middle class	1
Middle class	2
Lower middle class	3
Skilled working class	4
Working class & lowest levels of subsistence	5

Q 53 {RESPCOMPREH} [Single Answer]

How well did the respondent understand the survey questions?

Extremely well	1
Moderately well	2
Somewhat well	3
Slightly well	4
Not well at all	5

Q 54

{RESPWILLING} [Single Answer]

How willing was the respondent in sharing information?

Extremely willing	1
Moderately willing	2
Somewhat willing	3
Slightly willing	4
Not willing at all	5

Q 55

{RESPCONC}

[Single Answer]

Do you think the respondent was concentrating throughout the interview?

Concentrated throughout	1
Sometimes lost concentration	2
Distracted throughout	3

Q 56

{IVRSTU}

[Single Answer]

Which of the following statements best describes the interview situation?

Private location, only the respondent and I were present	1
One or several people were present, but did not interrupt the interview	2
One or several people were present, and did interrupt (e.g. talk to the respondent) the interview	3

skip to Q58

Q 57

{OTHPRESGEND}

[Single Answer]

What gender were the other people present during the interview?

Male only	1
Female only	2
Both male and female	3

Q 58

{RESPCOMFORT}

[Single Answer]

In answering the survey questions, how comfortable did the respondent seem to be?

Extremely comfortable/at ease	1
Moderately comfortable/at ease	2
Somewhat comfortable/at ease	3
Slightly comfortable/at ease	4
Not comfortable at all/uneasy	5

លេខកម្រិត: {QUESTNUMB}:

កាលបរិច្ឆេទសង្គ្រាម {DATE}:	
ម៉ោងសង្គ្រាម {TIME}:	
រយៈពេលសង្គ្រាម {LENGTH}:	
លេខកូដអ្នកសង្គ្រាម {ENUMID}:	
ឈ្មោះអ្នកសង្គ្រាម {ENUMERATOR}:	
ឈ្មោះអ្នកសម្របសម្រួល {COORDINATOR}:	

Interview situation	Done by	Yes	No	Signature	Date
Accompanied (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (FS)		1	2		
Logic Checked (QC indoor)		1	2		
Accompanied (QC)		1	2		
Tel Back Checked (QC)		1	2		
F2F back Checked (QC)		1	2		
Data Processing (DP)		1	2		

អ្នកជាលេខរៀង:	1 = ទេ	2 = កង/ចាស់	66 = ចង្អុលដំបូងឆ្នើម
	77 = មិនដឹង	88 = ក្មេង	99 = មិនប្រកាន់សញ្ញាណ

[illegible]

កាលបរិច្ឆេទនៃការសម្ភាសនេះគឺថា លោកជំទាវបានចុះពីភ្នំពេញមកនៅក្នុងខែកើត ២០ ខែធ្នូ ឆ្នាំ ១៩៧៥ នៅក្នុងអំឡុងពេលដែលមានការដាក់ពន្យារឈ្មោះ និងការបង្កើតសហគមន៍។

ប្រសិនបើអ្នកមានសំណួរទាក់ទងនឹងការសិក្សានេះ សូមទំនាក់ទំនងទៅលេខ 010 333 456 (លេខ ជាតិ ត្រូវបានប្តូរ ប្រសិនបើអ្នកមានសំណួរ) ឬ 012 520 603 (លេខ ឆាន ឌុន, ប្រធានការងារ) ។

{CONSENT} តើអ្នកមានបំណងចង់រួមចំណែកជាមួយយើងដែររឺទេ?

1	1
2	2

មញ្ជូម៉កាសេឡូ សង់

ផ្នែកទី១: ព័ត៌មានរបស់អ្នកបេសកកម្ម

ឈ្មោះ : _____ {VILLAGE}

ឃុំ : _____ {COMMUNE}

ស្រុក : _____ {DISTRICT}

ខេត្ត : _____ {PROVINCE}

នាម : _____ {GIVENNAME}

នាមត្រកូល : _____ {FAMNAME}

លេខទូរស័ព្ទរបស់អ្នកបេសកកម្ម (ម៉ូប៉ាល) :

លេខទូរស័ព្ទលេខស្តីពី

អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវដែលបានកំណត់ : _____

(ឬស្រាប់ជា ជាមួយនឹងអ្នកបេសកកម្ម)

លេខទូរស័ព្ទលេខស្តីពី

អ្នកស្រាវជ្រាវដែលបានកំណត់ : _____

(ឬស្រាប់ជា ជាមួយនឹងអ្នកបេសកកម្ម)

លេខទូរស័ព្ទរបស់អ្នកបេសកកម្ម :

(អ្នកបេសកកម្មស្រាវជ្រាវដែលបានកំណត់អ្នកបេសកកម្មស្រាវជ្រាវដែលបានកំណត់អ្នកបេសកកម្មស្រាវជ្រាវដែលបានកំណត់)

ផ្នែកទី 2 ៖ ក្រសួង

Q 1

(COMMUNEYRS)

[បង្កើតតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នករស់នៅក្នុងឃុំនេះចង់បានសេវាអ្វី?

ប្រសិនបើលិខិតជាង ១ ឆ្នាំ សូមកត់ ០

សូមកត់សម្គាល់ចំនួនលេខ	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាន់បញ្ចូលទិន្នន័យ	99

មិនទាន់

Q 2

(HHNUMB)

[បង្កើតតែមួយគត់]

តើមានមនុស្សចង់បានសេវាអ្វីនៅក្នុងឃុំនេះ?

ផ្ទះ ក្នុងឃុំនេះដែលនៅលើផ្ទះមនុស្សដែលរស់នៅក្នុងឃុំនេះដែលត្រូវបានបង្កើតឡើងដោយប្រព័ន្ធប្រព្រឹត្តិការណ៍សាធារណៈ ឬមនុស្សម្នាក់ៗ

សូមកត់សម្គាល់ចំនួនលេខ	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាន់បញ្ចូលទិន្នន័យ	99

នាង សូមកត់សម្គាល់ចំនួនលេខ អ្នកបំប្លែង (ប្រសិនបើមាន) ឬ ម្ចាស់
ប្រសិនបើមានសេវាដែលមិនទាន់បានបំពេញនៅក្នុងឃុំនេះ

Q 3a

នៅពេលនេះខ្ញុំនឹងបំពេញ ព័ត៌មានអំពីសមាជិកដែលរស់នៅក្នុងឃុំនេះ

- (1) អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ត្រូវរៀបរាប់ពីសមាជិកក្នុងផ្ទះដោយ៖
សូមអាន៖ គណៈកម្មាធិការសមាជិកក្នុងផ្ទះរបស់អ្នក។ កាលពីលើកមុនដែលខ្ញុំ/ក្រុមខ្ញុំបានសម្ភាសន៍អ្នក អ្នកបានផ្តល់ព័ត៌មានខ្លះៗរួចហើយពីសមាជិកនីមួយៗក្នុងផ្ទះរបស់អ្នក។
គណៈកម្មាធិការនឹងត្រូវបានបញ្ជាក់ឡើងវិញថា តើពួកគេនៅក្នុងផ្ទះនេះឡើយ ឬក៏មិនរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះនេះឡើយទេ។
បន្ទាប់មកខ្ញុំនឹងសួរអ្នកក្រែងមានសមាជិកណាម្នាក់ ដែលរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះនេះ ហើយខ្ញុំមិនទាន់បានរៀបរាប់ និងកត់ត្រាទុកនៅឡើយ។
សូមអ្នកចំណាំថា សមាជិកក្នុងផ្ទះនៅទីនេះ គឺសំដៅដល់សមាជិកដែលរស់នៅជាអចិន្ត្រៃយ៍ និងបរិភោគអាហាររួមគ្នាជាមួយគ្នាជាង ៣ ខែ ក្នុងមួយសប្តាហ៍។ តើអ្នកបានយល់ន័យនេះច្បាស់ដែរឬទេ?
- (2) អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍នឹងត្រូវរៀបរាប់ និង បញ្ជាក់ព័ត៌មានរបស់គ្រប់សមាជិកក្នុងផ្ទះ រួចកត់ត្រាព័ត៌មានទាំងនោះម្តងម្នាក់ៗ។ អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ត្រូវបញ្ជាក់នូវសំណួរចុងក្រោយដែលថា តើ សមាជិកនីមួយៗនោះរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះ ឬមិនរស់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះឡើយទេ។
- (3) បន្ទាប់ពីបំពេញបានសព្វគ្រប់ហើយ សូមសួរបញ្ជាក់ថា តើមាននរណាម្នាក់នៅក្នុងផ្ទះដែលមិនទាន់បានរៀបរាប់ឬក៏កត់ត្រាដែរឬទេ។ ហើយបើមានទៀតនោះ អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ត្រូវសួរដេញថា តើគាត់/គាត់បានបញ្ជាក់ពីឈ្មោះនិយមន័យសមាជិកក្នុងផ្ទះដែរឬទេ។
- (4) បើមាន អ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ត្រូវកត់ត្រាព័ត៌មានរបស់គាត់ដោយប្រើប្រាស់(ID) ថ្មី។ សូមសួរបញ្ជាក់អ្នកកត់សម្ភាសន៍ថា សមាជិកនោះ ជាសមាជិកថ្មីទើបមកនៅក៏ចង់ដឹងរយៈពេល ៦ ខែ (ក្រោយMidline) ឬក៏សមាជិកដែលរស់នៅយូរជាង ៦ ខែហើយ (មុនSM idline) ។
- (5) ចំណាំ៖ សមាជិកក្នុងផ្ទះទាំងអស់ត្រូវមាន(ID) ដូចគ្នាជាមួយព័ត៌មានដែលផ្តល់អោយ លើកលែងតែសមាជិកដែលមិនមានក្នុងក្រាហ្វិកដែលផ្តល់អោយប៉ុណ្ណោះដែលនឹងត្រូវកត់ត្រាដោយប្រើប្រាស់(ID) ថ្មី។

ម៉ូឌុលសំណុំប្រតិបត្តិការស្រាវជ្រាវ

លក្ខខណ្ឌទី១: ប្រសិនបើមេម្ចាស់កាត់សំណៅឡើងវិញ (ID1) ត្រូវបានកំណត់ 1 ដែលជាមេម្ចាស់

លក្ខខណ្ឌទី២: ប្រសិនបើមេម្ចាស់មិនបានកំណត់ជាមេម្ចាស់ក្នុងក្រុមនេះ មេម្ចាស់លើកទី 2 ឬ 3 ជាមេម្ចាស់ (ID1), នោះមានន័យថាមេម្ចាស់នេះត្រូវបានកំណត់ជាមេម្ចាស់

លេខសៀវភៅ	ឈ្មោះអ្នកប្រកាសជាមេម្ចាស់ [ស្រី/ប្រុស]	[ប្រភេទប្រកាស] ភេទ	[ស្រី/ប្រុស] អាយុ ឆ្នាំ/ ខែ/ ថ្ងៃ 77 មិនដឹង, / 66 ប្រសិនបើមិនដឹង, / 99 មិនប្រកាស	[ប្រភេទប្រកាស] កម្រិតសិក្សា [ស្រី/ប្រុស]
លេខសំណួរ	{RELATIONHHH}	{SEX}		{AGE}
		ប្រុស	ស្រី	ក្រុម ១ ឆ្នាំ មុនជាង "0"
{ID1}		1	2	
{ID2}		1	2	
{ID3}		1	2	
{ID4}		1	2	
{ID5}		1	2	
{ID6}		1	2	
{ID7}		1	2	
{ID8}		1	2	
{ID9}		1	2	

លេខកូដនិងឈ្មោះកិច្ចការ				លេខកូដកំរិតបច្ចេកវិទ្យា	
មេរ្យោង	1	ជំនួយមូលដ្ឋាន	13	1. វិទ្យាសាស្ត្រនិងការអប់រំ	9. ការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ (បច្ចេកវិទ្យា) (មិនបញ្ចូល)
កម្មវិធី	2	ជំនួយមូលដ្ឋាន	14	2. ការអប់រំ	10. ការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ (បច្ចេកវិទ្យា) (បញ្ចូល)
ប្រភេទ	3	មេរ្យោង	15	3. ការអប់រំ (មិនបញ្ចូល) (K1-6)	11. អនុប្បត្តិ
កម្មវិធី	4	បច្ចេកវិទ្យាបច្ចេកទេស	16	4. ការអប់រំ (បញ្ចូល) (K1-6)	12. បច្ចេកវិទ្យា
កម្មវិធី	5	កម្មវិធី	17	5. អនុប្បត្តិ (មិនបញ្ចូល) (G7-G9)	13. ការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍បច្ចេកវិទ្យា (មិនបញ្ចូល)
កំរិត	6	កម្មវិធី	18	6. អនុប្បត្តិ (បញ្ចូល) (G7-G9)	14. ការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍បច្ចេកវិទ្យា (បញ្ចូល)
កម្មវិធី	7	កម្មវិធី	19	7. អនុប្បត្តិ (មិនបញ្ចូល) (G10-G12)	15. វិទ្យាសាស្ត្រនិងការអប់រំ
កំរិត	8	កម្មវិធី	20	8. អនុប្បត្តិ (បញ្ចូល) (G10-G12)	77. វិទ្យាសាស្ត្រ
កម្មវិធី	9	កម្មវិធី	21		66. បច្ចេកវិទ្យា
បច្ចេកវិទ្យា	10	កម្មវិធី	22		
បច្ចេកវិទ្យា	11	កម្មវិធី	77		
កម្មវិធី	12	កម្មវិធី	66		
		កម្មវិធី	99		

កំណត់សម្គាល់ DP : លេខកូដនិងឈ្មោះកិច្ចការលេខ 1,2,3

Q 3b លេខកូដនិងឈ្មោះកិច្ចការ {RESPNUM}

ផ្នែកទី 3: ការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍បច្ចេកវិទ្យា

កំណត់សម្គាល់ DP ក្រសួងកសិកម្ម/រុក្ខាប្រមាញ់/នេសាទ/ព្រៃកម្រិត និងការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍បច្ចេកវិទ្យា/កសិកម្ម/រុក្ខាប្រមាញ់/នេសាទ/ព្រៃកម្រិត

Q 4

តើវិធីសាស្ត្រប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់អង្គការយូអេសប៊ីអិលអិល គឺជាដូចម្តេច?

ចំណាំ គំរូប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់អង្គការយូអេសប៊ីអិលអិល (សូមជ្រើសរើសចំណុចដែលអង្គការយូអេសប៊ីអិលអិល បានប្រើប្រាស់ក្នុងការងាររបស់ខ្លួន) ហើយពន្យល់ពីរបៀបដែលអង្គការយូអេសប៊ីអិលអិល បានប្រើប្រាស់វិធីសាស្ត្រប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ខ្លួន ដើម្បីធានាបាននូវគុណភាពនៃការងាររបស់ខ្លួន។

(សំណួរនេះត្រូវបានរៀបចំឡើងដើម្បីជួយអង្គការយូអេសប៊ីអិលអិល ក្នុងការវាយតម្លៃការងាររបស់ខ្លួន)

ចំណាំ ប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់អង្គការយូអេសប៊ីអិលអិល គឺជាដូចម្តេច?	
លេខប្រើ	តើអង្គការយូអេសប៊ីអិលអិល បានប្រើប្រាស់វិធីសាស្ត្រប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ខ្លួន ដើម្បីធានាបាននូវគុណភាពនៃការងាររបស់ខ្លួន ដោយប្រើប្រាស់វិធីសាស្ត្រប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ខ្លួន ដើម្បីធានាបាននូវគុណភាពនៃការងាររបស់ខ្លួន? [ប្រើប្រាស់វិធីសាស្ត្រប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ខ្លួន] [សូមប្រើប្រាស់វិធីសាស្ត្រប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ខ្លួន]
	តើអង្គការយូអេសប៊ីអិលអិល បានប្រើប្រាស់វិធីសាស្ត្រប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ខ្លួន ដើម្បីធានាបាននូវគុណភាពនៃការងាររបស់ខ្លួន ដោយប្រើប្រាស់វិធីសាស្ត្រប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ខ្លួន ដើម្បីធានាបាននូវគុណភាពនៃការងាររបស់ខ្លួន? [សូមប្រើប្រាស់វិធីសាស្ត្រប្រតិបត្តិការណ៍ប្រចាំថ្ងៃរបស់ខ្លួន] 77 ទិន្នន័យ 66 បទបញ្ជា 99 ទិន្នន័យ
(INCSOURCE)	
(INCEARNINGS)	
1	ឡើយ
2	ឡើយ
3	ឡើយ

លេខកូដប្រភពចំណូល		
លេខកូដប្រភពចំណូល (INCCODE)	អ្នកទេសនា	1
	អ្នកយកអនុវត្តន៍វិទ្យាល័យ/អ្នកប្រមូលទិន្នន័យ	2
	កសិករ	3
	កម្មករស្មើស្មូនក្នុងគម្រោង/ទេសនា	4
	សង្គម	5
	រៀនពីកម្មករស្មើស្មូនក្នុងគម្រោង/ទេសនា (ឧទាហរណ៍៖ កម្មករសំណង់, អ្នកនាំចេញ, អ្នកជំរុញ)	6
	បុគ្គលិកនៅស្ថាប័នឯកជនដែលមិនត្រូវបានគ្រប់គ្រងដោយរដ្ឋ (ឧទាហរណ៍៖ ស្នើសុំ, អ្នកបម្រើសេវាកម្មសាមគ្គីយ៍, កម្មករ/កម្មករនិរទេស)	7
	បុគ្គលិកនៅស្ថាប័នឯកជនដែលបានគ្រប់គ្រងដោយរដ្ឋ (អំពីការអប់រំលើសពីថ្នាក់ទី ១២)	8
	អ្នកមានសិទ្ធិ/ឯកទេស ដែលត្រូវបានគ្រប់គ្រងដោយរដ្ឋ (ឧទាហរណ៍៖ មេធាវី, អ្នកប្រឹក្សា, អ្នកជំរុញ)	9
	ពលករ ឬអ្នកជំនួញ/ ជំនួញដោយរដ្ឋ (ឧទាហរណ៍៖ ម្ចាស់ហាង, លក់ដូរក្នុងផ្សារ, រ៉ែម៉ូតូ ជាដើម)	10
	យន្តការ/បាលីស្ថាន	11
	អ្នកបើកបរ	12
	ជនរងគ្រោះ	13
	អ្នកបើកទៅទេសនា	14
	មន្ត្រីរដ្ឋបាល/មន្ត្រីស្ថាប័ន	15
	មន្ត្រីរដ្ឋបាល/មន្ត្រីស្ថាប័ន	16
	មន្ត្រីរដ្ឋបាល/មន្ត្រីស្ថាប័ន	17
	រដ្ឋបាល/មន្ត្រីស្ថាប័ន	18
	រដ្ឋបាល/មន្ត្រីស្ថាប័ន	19
	គ្រឹះស្ថានជាមួយអ្នកនាំចេញសំណើឯកជន (បុគ្គលិកស្ថាប័ន)	20
	អ្នកគ្រឹះស្ថានជាមួយអ្នកនាំចេញសំណើឯកជន (បុគ្គលិកស្ថាប័ន)	21
	អ្នកគ្រឹះស្ថានជាមួយអ្នកនាំចេញសំណើឯកជន	22
	វិស័យ/សិប្បករ (ឧទាហរណ៍៖ ស្នេហា, កូរ៉េដ, ក្រុងស្រី)	23
	នាយក	24
	ប៉ូលីស	25
	សិស្ស/និស្សិត	26
	អ្នកបើកទៅទេសនា (ដើម្បីប្រើប្រាស់)	27
	ទីតាំង	77
	បទដ្ឋានទីតាំង	66
	ទីតាំងទីតាំង	99
	ធុរកិច្ច/ធុរកិច្ច (ធុរកិច្ច): _____	
	(ប្រសិនបើប្រភពចំណូលជាប្រភពទិន្នន័យ ឬប្រភពទិន្នន័យ)	96

Q 5

{IDPOOR}

[បង្កើតឱកាស]

តើអ្នកជឿជាក់ដែរឬទេថាប្រព័ន្ធនេះបង្កើនការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកប្រយោជន៍ក្នុងការដោះស្រាយបញ្ហា?

ទេ	1
ធានា/មិន	2
ស្ថានភាពប្រព័ន្ធនេះ	3
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសលទ្ធផលនៃការវាយតម្លៃ	99

Q 6a

{BENFIT}

[បង្កើតឱកាស]

តើប្រព័ន្ធនេះបង្កើនការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកប្រយោជន៍ក្នុងការដោះស្រាយបញ្ហាដែរឬទេ?

ប្រព័ន្ធនេះបង្កើនការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកប្រយោជន៍ក្នុងការដោះស្រាយបញ្ហា	1
ការគាំទ្រពីសំណាក់អង្គការស្រាវជ្រាវ	2
ប្រព័ន្ធនេះបង្កើនការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកប្រយោជន៍ក្នុងការដោះស្រាយបញ្ហា	3
ផ្សេងទៀត (បញ្ជាក់) : _____	96
ស្ថានភាព	88
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសលទ្ធផលនៃការវាយតម្លៃ	99

លេខ: Q7a

លេខ: Q7a

លេខ: Q7a

លេខ: Q7a

Q 6b

{BENAMOUNT}

[បង្កើតឱកាស]

ប្រព័ន្ធនេះបង្កើនការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកប្រយោជន៍ក្នុងការដោះស្រាយបញ្ហា

ស្ថានភាពប្រព័ន្ធនេះបង្កើនការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកប្រយោជន៍ក្នុងការដោះស្រាយបញ្ហា	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសលទ្ធផលនៃការវាយតម្លៃ	99

Q 7a

{REMIT}

[បង្ហាញតាមមូលដ្ឋាន]

តើមនុស្សដែលរស់នៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនបំផុត ត្រូវបានគេស្នើសុំឱ្យប្រើប្រាស់ (យោងលើ 1 នូវមូលដ្ឋាន)

(ម៉ូឌុល៖ ឯកសារគ្រប់គ្រង និង គ្រប់គ្រង)

ឆ្នាំ	1	លេខកូដ Q8b	ចំនាត់ថ្នាក់លេខ 18 រៀងរាល់ 19 ឆ្នាំ ត្រូវបានប្រើប្រាស់ក្នុង Q4 មិនត្រូវបានប្រើប្រាស់ក្នុង 1 "នៃ" នៅក្នុងកូដ Q7 នេះទេ
ឈ្មោះ/ឈ្មោះ	2		
មិនដឹង	77	លេខកូដ Q8b	
បទដ្ឋានប្រើប្រាស់	66	លេខកូដ Q8b	
មិនត្រូវបានប្រើប្រាស់	99	លេខកូដ Q8b	

Q 7b

{REMITAMOUNT}

[បង្ហាញតាមមូលដ្ឋាន]

ប្រើប្រាស់

ជាមធ្យមក្នុង 1 នៃ ក្រុមគ្រួសារ 12 នាក់ក្នុងតំបន់?

ស្រុកកំពង់ចាម	
មិនដឹង	77
បទដ្ឋានប្រើប្រាស់	66
មិនត្រូវបានប្រើប្រាស់	99

ឡើយ

Q 8a

{REMITSOURCE}

[បង្ហាញតាមមូលដ្ឋាន]

តើប្រជាជនដែលរស់នៅក្នុងតំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនបំផុត ត្រូវបានគេស្នើសុំឱ្យប្រើប្រាស់ (យោងលើ 1 នូវមូលដ្ឋាន)?

ប្រភេទ	កូដ	ប្រភេទ	កូដ	ប្រភេទ	កូដ
ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	1	តែម្នាក់	12	លើកលែង	22
តំបន់ដែលមានប្រជាជនច្រើនបំផុត	2	មិន	13	ប្រជាជន	23
ប្រភេទផ្សេងៗ	3	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	14	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	24
ប្រភេទផ្សេងៗ	4	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	15	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	25
មិនដឹង	5	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	16	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	26
មិនដឹង	6	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	17	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	27
ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	7	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	18	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ (បញ្ជាក់) :	96
មិនដឹង	8	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	19	មិនដឹង	77
ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	9	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	20	បទដ្ឋានប្រើប្រាស់	66
ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	10	ក្រុមគ្រួសារ	21	មិនត្រូវបានប្រើប្រាស់	99
មិនដឹង	11				

ផ្នែកទី ៤: ការជួយពីអង្គភាពពលរដ្ឋានិយម

បង្គាប់ឲ្យតុលាការយើងខ្ញុំស្របតាមអ្នក ថាគេបានដកចោលក្របខ័ណ្ឌ ដូច្នេះឯកសារចម្លងក្រុមប្រឹក្សាបានក្រុមការណ៍ក្នុងធនាគារសាធារណៈ ឬ ការជួយ ឲ្យខ្វះខាតដែលបានកំណត់ក្នុងក្របខ័ណ្ឌ

Q 11a {SERVICERQST} [20:00:00:00] [0:00:00:00]

ដំបូង យើងខ្ញុំនឹងចង្អុលឱ្យមេធាវីមួយចំនួនដល់អ្នកដែលមេធាវីនោះនឹងអាចរកយល់សេចក្តីសម្រេចរបស់ខ្លួន ដែលអ្នកក្រសួងអ្នកប្រចាំសាលាដំបូង ដឹងស្តីពីកិច្ចព្រឹត្តិការណ៍។ អ្នកប្រចាំសាលាដំបូង មិនមែនជាមេធាវីនោះទេ។

សេចក្តីសួរដ៏សំខាន់បំផុតនៃសេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះក៏ក្នុងកិច្ចព្រឹត្តិការណ៍ដែលម្នាក់

(សូមអោយអ្នក ធម្មបទ្គាលាង ជាតំរូវការជាពិស្តេក ផ្នែកដែលគេធ្លាប់បិទបង់ស្តើស្តី និង ផ្នែកដែលគេពុំដែលស្តើស្តី។)

Q 11b {SERVICEEASE} {ပရိုဗလီမုဗုဒ္ဓကုဗုဒ္ဓနိုးဝေဒါ}

[សូមប្រមូលយកគំរូរូបភាពដែលគាត់ធ្លាប់មើលចំណូចស្ត្រីស្តី] សំណប់សេវាកម្ម និងការជួយផ្សេងៗដែលអ្នកបានបំណងក្នុងការស្នើសុំ

អង្គបុគ្គលិកជាតិផ្ដន្ទាទោសនេះ ពីលេខ 1 ដល់លេខ 10 នៅតាមព័ត៌មានតារាងខាងក្រោម។ រីឯការកំណត់ចំនួនអ្នកបានស្មើដល់អ្នកបានស្លៀង (ដែល 1 មានន័យថា អ្នកបានចូលបានអ្វីនៅតាមការស្មើគ្នា និង 10 មានន័យថា អ្នកបានចូលបានអ្វីដែលបានស្លៀងចោលខ្យល់)

[illegible]

Q 11c {SERVICECONF} [បង្ហាញឯកសារ] [បង្កើតឬបំប្លែងឯកសារ]

[សូមប្រមូលយកគំនរមេគោរដែលគាត់មិនធ្លាប់មើលឃើញ] សំរាប់សេវាកម្ម និងការជួយផ្សេងៗដែលអ្នកពុំដែលធ្លាប់ស្នើសុំ

[illegible]

(ចំណាំ: វិទ្យាស្ថានប៊ិចប៊ិចស្ទើរស្តីពីសំណើនៅជួបជា អត្ថប្រយោជន៍សិទ្ធិស្តីរបស់ទំនាក់ទំនងនាពេលវេលា)

	សេវាកម្ម និងជំនួយផ្សេងៗពីស្ថាប័ន	Q11a		Q11b & Q11c			
		នេ	ធន/ចាស់	→	មិនដឹង	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវការពិចារណា
		ពុំដែលស្នើសុំ	មិនស្នើសុំ				
1	1. ស្នើសុំលិខិតបញ្ជាក់ពីមធ្យមសិក្សាស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិជាតិស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
2	2. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីមធ្យមសិក្សាស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
3	3. ស្នើសុំលិខិតបញ្ជាក់ពីមធ្យមសិក្សាស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
4	4. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីស្ថាប័នអភិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ចជាតិស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
5	5. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីស្ថាប័នអភិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ចជាតិស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
6	6. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីស្ថាប័នអភិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ចជាតិស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
7	7. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីស្ថាប័នអភិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ចជាតិស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
8	8. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីស្ថាប័នអភិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ចជាតិស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
9	9. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីស្ថាប័នអភិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ចជាតិស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
10	10. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីស្ថាប័នអភិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ចជាតិស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
11	11. ស្នើសុំការជួយពីស្ថាប័នអភិវឌ្ឍន៍សេដ្ឋកិច្ចជាតិស្រីសិទ្ធិស្មើគ្នាជាតិ	1	2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	77	66	99
77	មិនដឹង	នៃចំណុច Q12					
66	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	នៃចំណុច Q12					
99	មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវការពិចារណា	នៃចំណុច Q12					

ក្នុងសំណង់ប្រភពថវិកា (សូមប្រើសម្រាប់ប្រភពថវិកាផ្សេងៗគ្នា)		
ក្នុងសំណង់ប្រភពថវិកា: (PROJFUNDS)	ប្រភេទប្រាក់បៀវត្ស	1
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ប្រតិបត្តិការ	2
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ	3
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ	4
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ	5
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ	6
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ	7
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ (ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ, ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ, ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ)	8
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ	96
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ	77
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ	66
	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ	99

ផ្នែកទី ៨: បញ្ហា និង ការពិចារណាស្របតាមការស្នើសុំដើម្បីឱ្យមានការសម្រេច

Q 13

[បញ្ហាសាងសង់]

[បញ្ហាប្រតិបត្តិការ]

តើមានបញ្ហាណាមួយដែលបានកើតឡើងក្នុងការងាររបស់អ្នកដែលបានបញ្ជាក់ខាងលើនេះ?

ប្រសិនបើមានបញ្ហាណាមួយដែលបានកើតឡើងក្នុងការងាររបស់អ្នកដែលបានបញ្ជាក់ខាងលើនេះ តើអ្នកបានរក្សាទុកវាទុកឱ្យមានការសម្រេច?

(ករណីដែលអ្នកបានបញ្ជាក់ពីបញ្ហាណាមួយដែលបានកើតឡើងក្នុងការងាររបស់អ្នកដែលបានបញ្ជាក់ខាងលើនេះ)

Q 14

[បញ្ហាប្រតិបត្តិការ]

តើអ្នកត្រូវបានបញ្ជាក់ពីបញ្ហាណាមួយដែលបានកើតឡើងក្នុងការងាររបស់អ្នកដែលបានបញ្ជាក់ខាងលើនេះ?

ល.រ	សេចក្តីពិពណ៌នា	Q13 (TRANSMODE)	Q14 (TRANSTIME)			
			កត់សម្គាល់	ប្រាក់បៀវត្ស	ប្រាក់បៀវត្ស	ប្រាក់បៀវត្ស
1	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ (ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ, ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ, ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ)			77	66	99
2	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ			77	66	99
3	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ (ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ, ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ, ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ)			77	66	99
4	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ			77	66	99
5	ប្រាក់បៀវត្សសម្រាប់ការងារ			77	66	99

ಕೃಷಿ ಮಹಾಭಾರತದ ಮಹತ್ವ				
ಕೃಷಿ ಮಹಾಭಾರತದ ಮಹತ್ವ (TRANSMODE)	ದೇಶ	1	ಕೃಷಿ	7
	ಕಾಲ/ವರ್ಷ	2	ಕೃಷಿ ಕೃಷಿ	8
	ಕಾಲ	3	ಕಾಲ	9
	ಕೃಷಿ ಕೃಷಿ	4	ಕೃಷಿ (ಕೃಷಿ : _____)	96
	ಕಾಲ	5	ಕಾಲ	77
	ಕಾಲ (ಕೃಷಿ)	6	ಕಾಲ (ಕೃಷಿ)	66
			ಕೃಷಿ (ಕೃಷಿ)	99

Q 15

{ROADTIME}

[តង់ត្រាជានេះ]

ដំបូងគឺគួរតែចាត់តាំងអ្នកប្រឹក្សាដើម្បីជួយក្នុងការកំណត់តួនាទីនេះ។ តាមការសម្ភាសន៍នេះគេបានឃើញថាមានការប្រឈមជាមួយការប្រកួតប្រជែងគ្នា ឬការប្រកួតប្រជែងគ្នា ក្នុងការកំណត់តួនាទីនេះ។ តែការសម្ភាសន៍នេះបានបង្ហាញថាមានការប្រកួតប្រជែងគ្នា ក្នុងការកំណត់តួនាទីនេះ។

អ្នកប្រឹក្សាដើម្បីជួយក្នុងការកំណត់តួនាទីនេះគឺជាអ្នកប្រឹក្សាដើម្បីជួយក្នុងការកំណត់តួនាទីនេះ។ តែការសម្ភាសន៍នេះបានបង្ហាញថាមានការប្រកួតប្រជែងគ្នា ក្នុងការកំណត់តួនាទីនេះ។

សូមអង្គរ្វាជានាធិ	
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកួតប្រជែងនឹងគាត់	99

(សូមដាក់ 0 ប្រសិនបើគិតជា ១ នាទី)

Q 16

{ROADTYPE}

[បង្ហាញតាមប្រភេទ]

ကျွန်ုပ်တို့၏အသံကို ဖြည့်စွက်ပေးရန် ငါ့အဖေအဖို့?

අයිතමය	1
අයිතමය ප්‍රකාශය	2
අයිතමය ප්‍රකාශය සඳහා	3
අයිතමය ප්‍රකාශය	4
අයිතමය ප්‍රකාශය	96
අයිතමය ප්‍රකාශය	77
අයිතමය ප්‍රකාශය	66
අයිතමය ප්‍රකාශය	99

ផ្នែកទី 6: សកម្មភាពនយោបាយ និងចំណេះដឹង

Q 17a

ប្រសិនបើមានអតិថិជនណាម្នាក់ដែលបានបង្កើនការចំណាយលើការប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធប្រកបដោយសុវត្ថិភាព តើមានន័យដូចម្តេច? [បន្ទាត់ឆ្លើយ]

*** នៅពេលអ្នកសំណួរ Q17a, អ្នកចាប់ផ្តើមដោយអ្នកពិពណ៌នាអំពីជនច្រកកាតាមស្ថានភាពរបស់ពួកគេនៅពេលដែលពួកគេបានមកទៅកាន់កាប់។ [Q3a], រួចហើយអ្នកបន្តអ្នកសំណួរអំពីសមាជិកក្រុមនោះ។ អ្នកសំណួរនឹងស្រាវជ្រាវពីសមាជិកនៃក្រុមនោះនៅពេលពួកគេបានមកទៅកាន់កាប់នៅពេលពួកគេបានមកទៅកាន់កាប់។ [Q3a]។

Q 17b

សូមទ្រើសរើស ID ពីតារាងទិន្នន័យក្នុងប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងឯកសារឌីជីថលនេះ ដើម្បីបញ្ជាក់ថាអ្នកស្ម័គ្រចិត្តចង់ទទួលបានសេវា និងប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធគ្រប់គ្រងឯកសារឌីជីថលនេះ។

Q 18

[បង្កើតតែមួយគត់]

[ប្រសាសន៍]

តើគាត់មានជាន់ជាអ្វី?

Q 19

[បង្កើតឡើងវិញ]

[បន្តការងារ]

តើតាំងនាមក្រុមបានតេឡេក្រាម ឬ តេឡេតេឡេ (ឯកតិកាតេឡេតេ) សំដៅលើការតេឡេតេដែលក្រុមបាន ការបោះពុម្ពសាធារណៈ?

Q.1	Q17a {MEMBCODE}	Q17b {IDHHRTER}	Q18 {HIGHESTOFFICE}	Q19 {HIGHESTAPPT}
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

លេខកូដនៃឯកតិកាដែលបានបង្កើតឡើង (MEMBCODE):			
មេម្ចាស់	1	ជំនួយមួយ ទី២	13
អ្នក	2	ជំនួយមួយ ទី៣	14
ប្រធាន	3	មេ	15
កូដប្រធាន	4	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិប្រធាន	16
កូដប្រធាន	5	កូដប្រធាន	17
អ្នក	6	កូដប្រធាន	18
ម្ចាស់	7	សាច់ប្រាក់	19
ជំនួយ	8	សាច់ប្រាក់នៃកូដ	20
ជំនួយ	9	មិនមែនកូដប្រធាន	21
បទប្បញ្ញត្តិប្រធាន	10	អ្នកប្រកាសប្រកាសប្រធាន	22
បទប្បញ្ញត្តិប្រធាន	11	មិនមែន	77
ជំនួយមួយ ទី១	12	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិប្រធាន	66
		មិនមែនបទប្បញ្ញត្តិប្រធាន	99

លេខ Q20

លេខ Q20

លេខ Q20

កូដនៃឯកតិកាដែលបានបង្កើតឡើង	
សាច់ប្រាក់នៃឯកតិកាដែលបានបង្កើតឡើង	1
សាច់ប្រាក់នៃឯកតិកាដែលបានបង្កើតឡើង	2
មិនមែន	77
បទប្បញ្ញត្តិប្រធាន	66
មិនមែនបទប្បញ្ញត្តិប្រធាន	99

តំណភ្ជាប់សាច់ប្រាក់ (HIGHESTOFFICE) for Q18 for and (HIGHESTAPPT)	សាច់ប្រាក់ប្រធានប្រកាស	1	មេម្ចាស់ប្រធានប្រកាស	10
	មេម្ចាស់ ឬប្រធានប្រកាស	2	សាច់ប្រាក់ប្រធានប្រកាស	11
	អគ្គិសនីប្រធានប្រកាស	3	សាច់ប្រាក់ប្រធានប្រកាស	12
	អគ្គិសនីប្រធានប្រកាស	4	អគ្គិសនីប្រធានប្រកាស	13
	សាច់ប្រាក់ប្រធានប្រកាសប្រកាស	5	អគ្គិសនីប្រធានប្រកាស	14
	សាច់ប្រាក់ប្រធានប្រកាសប្រកាស	6	សាច់ប្រាក់ប្រធានប្រកាសប្រកាស	15
	មេម្ចាស់ប្រធានប្រកាស/ប្រធានប្រកាសប្រកាស	7	អគ្គិសនីប្រធានប្រកាស	16
	មិនមែនប្រធានប្រកាស	8	មុខងារនៃសាច់ប្រាក់ប្រកាស និងតំណភ្ជាប់	17
	មេម្ចាស់ប្រធានប្រកាស និង មេម្ចាស់ប្រធានប្រកាស	9		
	មិនមែន	77		
	បទប្បញ្ញត្តិប្រធាន	66		
	មិនមែនបទប្បញ្ញត្តិប្រធាន	99		

Q 20

[ប្រភេទស្ថាប័ន] [មន្ត្រីមួយក្រុមមួយនាក់]

មនុស្សមួយចំនួនខ្លះបានរំលឹកឡើងវិញពីការដែលគេបានឮនូវការប្រកាសស្តីពី ឬ ពិភពលោក តាមរយៈប្រភពស្មើគ្នាជាច្រើន។ ក្នុងចំណោមប្រភពទាំងនេះ តើមានប្រភពណាមួយដែលបានប្រាប់អ្នកអំពីការប្រកាសស្តីពី ឬ ពិភពលោក តាមរយៈប្រភពស្មើគ្នាជាច្រើន?

ចំណាំ៖ តំបន់នេះគឺជាតំបន់ដែលមានការប្រកាសស្តីពី ឬ ពិភពលោក តាមរយៈប្រភពស្មើគ្នាជាច្រើន។ មិនមែនជាការប្រកាសស្តីពី ឬ ពិភពលោក តាមរយៈប្រភពស្មើគ្នាជាច្រើនទេ។

ល.រ	ប្រភពព័ត៌មាន	តារាងប្រភេទនៃការប្រកាសស្តីពី (NEWSFRQ)
1	ការប្រកាសស្តីពី (ការប្រកាសស្តីពីប្រជាជន)	
2	ឧបករណ៍ស្តីពីការប្រកាសស្តីពី	
3	ព័ត៌មានតាមរយៈទូរស័ព្ទ	
4	ព័ត៌មានតាមរយៈវីដេអូ	
5	ទូរស័ព្ទ	
6	សារអត្ថបទស្តីពី (អ៊ីម៉ែល)	
7	បណ្ណាល័យស្តីពី / ប្រភេទផ្សេងៗ	
8	តាមរយៈមិត្តភក្តិ ឬ អ្នកស្នាក់នៅជាមួយ	

តារាងប្រភេទនៃការប្រកាសស្តីពី	ប្រភេទស្តីពី	1
	ប្រភេទស្តីពីសង្គម	2
	ប្រភេទស្តីពី	3
	តំបន់មួយដែលបានប្រកាសស្តីពី	4
	មិនដែល	5
	មិនដែល	77
	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
	មិនប្រកាសស្តីពីការប្រកាសស្តីពី	99

Q 21

[CONTACTNUMB]

តើអ្នកបានឮនូវការប្រកាសស្តីពី ឬ ពិភពលោក តាមរយៈប្រភពណាមួយ?

លេខស្តីពីការប្រកាសស្តីពី ឬ ពិភពលោក តាមរយៈប្រភពណាមួយដែលបានប្រកាសស្តីពី ឬ ពិភពលោក តាមរយៈប្រភពណាមួយ?

ចំនួនមនុស្សដែលបានឮនូវការប្រកាសស្តីពី		[សូមបញ្ចូលលេខ]
មិនដែល	77	លេខនេះ Q23
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	លេខនេះ Q23
មិនប្រកាសស្តីពីការប្រកាសស្តីពី	99	លេខនេះ Q23

Q 22

{CONTACTCMNE}

ក្នុងចំណោមអ្នកដាច់ខាត (មនុស្សដែលអ្នកបានជួបនៅក្នុងការស្ទង់ប្រជាជន) តើមានប្រជាជនជាច្រើនជាងដែលនៅក្នុងឃុំឃ្លាតអ្នក?

ចំនួនមនុស្សដែលអ្នកបានជួបនៅក្នុងឃុំ	
មិនដឹង	77
បទដ្ឋានមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវគោលការណ៍	99

[ស្របតាមការស្ទង់ប្រជាជន]

Q 23

[ប្រជាជន] [ប្រើប្រាស់ឃុំឃ្លាត]

សហគមន៍សហគមន៍ : តើអ្នកអាចប្រើប្រាស់ឃុំឃ្លាតសហគមន៍អ្នកនៅក្នុងឃុំឃ្លាតបានដែរឬទេ?

តើបច្ចុប្បន្នអ្នកជាសហគមន៍, មិនមែនជាសហគមន៍ ឬជាអ្នកសហគមន៍?

ល.រ	ប្រភេទ	{GROUPMEMB}		អតីតសហគមន៍	មិនដឹង	បទដ្ឋានមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវគោលការណ៍
		បច្ចុប្បន្នជាសហគមន៍	បច្ចុប្បន្នមិនមែនជាសហគមន៍				
1	សហគមន៍, សហគមន៍កសិកម្ម វិស័យកសិកម្ម/កសិកម្ម/កសិកម្ម	1	2	3	77	66	99
2	សហគមន៍កសិកម្ម / ក្រុមសហគមន៍កសិកម្ម/កសិកម្ម/កសិកម្ម ក្រុមសហគមន៍កសិកម្ម/កសិកម្ម/កសិកម្ម កសិកម្ម	1	2	3	77	66	99
3	អង្គការមិនមែនរដ្ឋាភិបាល	1	2	3	77	66	99
4	សហគមន៍បច្ចេកទេស/កសិកម្ម/កសិកម្ម	1	2	3	77	66	99
5	ក្រុមសហគមន៍/ក្រុមសហគមន៍	1	2	3	77	66	99
6	ក្រុមសហគមន៍/ក្រុមសហគមន៍	1	2	3	77	66	99
7	រដ្ឋបាលក្រុម (ឧទាហរណ៍ មេត្តា អនុម័ត សហគមន៍រដ្ឋបាលក្រុម ជាដើម)	1	2	3	77	66	99

Q 24

{VILLAGEMTG}

[ប្រើប្រាស់ឃុំឃ្លាត]

តើយើងប្រើប្រាស់ឃុំឃ្លាតដែរឬទេ?

ទេ	1	នេះគឺជា Q27
បាទ/ចាស	2	ប្រសិនបើក្នុង 2 អ្នកបច្ចុប្បន្ននៅក្នុង Q25
មិនដឹង	77	នេះគឺជា Q27
បទដ្ឋានមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះគឺជា Q27
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវគោលការណ៍	99	នេះគឺជា Q27

Q 25

{ATTENDMTG}

[បង្កើតតែមួយគត់]

តារាង ៦ ខែកន្លងមក តើអ្នក ឬ សហជីពក្រុមណាមួយបានចូលរួមប្រជុំក្នុងវីដេអូ?

ទេ	1	នេះនេះ Q27
ឯក/សាស	2	ប្រសិនបើ 2 អ្នកបង្កើតនេះ Q26
មិនដឹង	77	នេះនេះ Q27
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះនេះ Q27
មិនត្រូវបានស្នើសុំឡើយ	99	នេះនេះ Q27

Q 26

{SPOKEMTG}

[បង្កើតតែមួយគត់]

តារាង 6 ខែកន្លងមក តើអ្នកធ្លាប់បញ្ចេញមតិ (យោបល់ណាមួយ) ក្នុងពេលប្រជុំក្នុងវីដេអូ?

ទេ	1
ឯក/សាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានស្នើសុំឡើយ	99

Q 27

{RELIGIONFRQ}

[បង្កើតតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកចូលរួមសកម្មភាពសាសនាណាមួយក្នុងអំឡុងពេល?

(បំណកៈ មិនរាប់បញ្ចូល បុណ្យសព, អាពាហ៍ពិពាហ៍, ឡើងវិញ ឬ ដល់ស្រេច)

មិនចូលរួមឡើយ	1	នេះនេះ Q29
ក្នុងពេលបុណ្យសព	2	
ក្នុងពេលអាពាហ៍ពិពាហ៍	3	
ក្នុងពេលបុណ្យសព	4	
ក្នុងពេលបុណ្យសព	5	
ក្នុងពេលបុណ្យសព	6	
មិនដឹង	77	នេះនេះ Q29
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះនេះ Q29
មិនត្រូវបានស្នើសុំឡើយ	99	នេះនេះ Q29

Q 28

{RELIGION}

[បង្កើតបានស្រើង]

តើអ្នកអនុវត្ត/កាន់សាសនាអ្វី?

សាសនាព្រះពុទ្ធ, ព្រះមហាក្សត្រ	1
សាសនាព្រះពុទ្ធ, ហិនយាន	2
សាសនាស៊ីន	3
សាសនាគ្រិស្ត	4
សាសនាឥស្លាម	5
សាសនាហ្វឹស្ត	6
សាសនាហិណ្ឌូ	7
សាសនាជ្វីស	8
ផ្សេងៗ, បញ្ជាក់ : _____	9
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសទីសាសនា	99

Q 29

[បង្កើតបានមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកអនុវត្ត/កាន់សាសនាអ្វី (ជាសាសនា) អ្វី : {Ethnic Group}?

ខ្មែរ	1
ខ្មែរជនជាតិដើម (ជនជាតិសាសនា)	2
ផ្សេងៗ (សូមបញ្ជាក់ _____)	96
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសទីសាសនា	99

Q 30

{VOLUNTEER}

[បង្កើតបានមួយគត់]

តាមលំដាប់ តើអ្នក ឬ សហជីពក្នុងក្រុមអ្នកអនុវត្តការងារស្រាវជ្រាវជាមួយអង្គការសហប្រតិបត្តិការអន្តរជាតិ ឬ អង្គការមូលដ្ឋានក្នុងស្រុក?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសទីសាសនា	99

Q 31

{CONTACTPOLIT}

[ចម្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ] [ចម្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ]

ការដាក់ពន្ធនាគារ សហគមន៍យុវជន និង មន្ត្រីរដ្ឋបាលស្រុក

H ការស្នើសុំ តើអ្នកធ្លាប់បានដាក់ពន្ធនាគារនេះមកមុនឬនៅ?

(បំណាំ: ក្នុងនាមអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ដាក់ពន្ធនាគារនេះមកមុនឬនៅនេះការស្នើសុំ តាមរយៈការស្នើសុំដាក់ពន្ធនាគារនេះជាមុន ឬក៏មិន តាមរយៈការស្នើសុំដាក់ពន្ធនាគារនេះជាមុន ឬក៏មិន តាមរយៈការស្នើសុំដាក់ពន្ធនាគារនេះជាមុន)

	សហគមន៍យុវជន និង មន្ត្រីរដ្ឋបាលស្រុក	ទេ	ឈរ/តាម	មិនដឹង	បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	មិនត្រូវបានដាក់ពន្ធនាគារ
1	មេត្តាស្នើសុំ/ប្រធានគណៈ	1	2	77	66	99
2	សហគមន៍យុវជន/ស្រី	1	2	77	66	99
3	សហគមន៍យុវជន/ស្រី	1	2	77	66	99
4	អធិបតី	1	2	77	66	99
5	សហគមន៍យុវជន/ស្រី	1	2	77	66	99
6	អធិបតី	1	2	77	66	99

បំណាំដាក់ពន្ធនាគារ

Q 32

{COUNCILTOTAL}

[ចម្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ]

តើអ្នកស្នើសុំប្រើប្រាស់សហគមន៍យុវជននេះ?

សូមកត់សម្គាល់សហគមន៍យុវជន	_____ ដាក់
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានដាក់ពន្ធនាគារ	99

ប្រសិនបើ 77/66/99 សូមស្នើសុំ "ស្នើសុំ"

ប្រសិនបើ 77/66/99 សូមស្នើសុំ "ស្នើសុំ"

ស្នើសុំ

(ស្នើសុំបំពេញតាមការស្នើសុំ)

(សូមស្នើសុំលេខ 2 ប្រសិនបើមិនឆ្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ និងលេខ 1 ប្រសិនបើមិនឆ្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ)

Q 33

{COUNCILELECT}

[សូមកត់សម្គាល់]

តើការស្នើសុំប្រើប្រាស់សហគមន៍យុវជននេះ?

Year	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

ប្រសិនបើ 77/66/99 សូមស្នើសុំ "ស្នើសុំ"

ប្រសិនបើ 77/66/99 សូមស្នើសុំ "ស្នើសុំ"

ស្នើសុំ

(ស្នើសុំបំពេញតាមការស្នើសុំ)

(សូមស្នើសុំលេខ 2 ប្រសិនបើមិនឆ្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ និងលេខ 1 ប្រសិនបើមិនឆ្លើយតាមការស្នើសុំ)

Q 34

{GOVERNORNAME}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអតិថិជនរូបម្យាបាលស្រុកណាមួយ?

Name of district governor	
Don't know	77
Refuse	66
Not applicable	99

ប្រសិនបើ 77/66/99 សូមលេខស្រុក "ស្រុក" ឬប្រសិនបើ 77/66/99 សូមលេខស្រុក "ស្រុក"

ស្រុក

(ស្រុកនេះមិនមានស្រុកណាមួយ)

(សូមប្រើប្រាស់លេខ 2 ប្រសិនបើមិនមែនជាស្រុក និងលេខ 1 ប្រសិនបើមិនមែនជាស្រុក)

Q 35

{FAIRNESS}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

[ឬច្បាប់]

តើអ្នកគិតថាមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកបានល្អប្រសើរជាងមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកដទៃទៀត?

សូមប្រើស្រង់ចម្លើយរបស់អ្នកសម្រាប់ការវាយតម្លៃ ១ មានន័យថា តើស្រុកបានល្អប្រសើរជាងមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកដទៃទៀត ឬ ០ មានន័យថា តើស្រុកបានល្អប្រសើរជាងមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកដទៃទៀត

	តើស្រុកបានល្អប្រសើរជាងមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកដទៃទៀត	→								តើស្រុកបានល្អប្រសើរជាងមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកដទៃទៀត	មិនដឹង	មិនសូវដឹង	មិនសូវដឹង
មនុស្សដែលបានស្នើសុំ (ឬម្ចាស់)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	77	66	99
មនុស្សដែលបានស្នើសុំ	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	77	66	99

Q 36

{TRUST}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកគិតថាមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកបានល្អប្រសើរជាងមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកដទៃទៀត?

មនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកបានល្អប្រសើរជាងមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកដទៃទៀត	1
មនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកបានល្អប្រសើរជាងមនុស្សគ្រប់គ្រងស្រុកដទៃទៀត	2
មិនដឹង	77
មិនសូវដឹង	66
មិនសូវដឹង	99

Q 37

[SOCIALRANK]

[បន្ទាញរូបភាព]

[បង្កើតមូលដ្ឋានទិន្នន័យ]

ឥឡូវនេះខ្ញុំរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនដល់អ្នកដែលប្រធានការងារបន្ទាញពីបញ្ហាមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម សូមអ្នកជ្រើសរើសបញ្ហា ៣ ដែលអ្នកពិតជាមានការសង្ស័យចំពោះ និង ក្រុមអ្នក។
ការប្រើប្រាស់ជាប់លេចនេះគឺជាការយល់ឃើញនិង ជ្រើសរើស អ្នកដែលពិតជាបញ្ហាសង្គមមួយនាពេលវេលាដែលវាពិតជាឆ្លើយតបចិត្តអ្នកជាក់។ ហើយតើបញ្ហាមួយនាពេលវេលាដែលសំខាន់ក្នុងចំណោមទី ១, ទី ២ និង ទី ៣ សំខាន់អ្នក និង ក្រុមអ្នក? បញ្ហាជាប់លេចនេះគឺជាបញ្ហាដែលសំខាន់បំផុត ឬមិន សូមអ្នកកុំប្រើប្រាស់និងបង្កើតបញ្ហាឡើយ។

បញ្ហាសង្គម	Rank	ទី ១	ទី ២	ទី ៣
សិទ្ធិកាន់កាប់ដីធ្លី		77	66	99
ការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី		77	66	99
អំពើហិង្សា		77	66	99
សន្តិសុខ និង សុវត្ថិភាព		77	66	99
សិទ្ធិប្រកួតប្រជែង		77	66	99
ប្រាក់ចំណូល		77	66	99
ការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍		77	66	99
បង្កើតការងារសមស្រប		77	66	99
ទី ១	77			
ទី ២	66			
ទី ៣	99			

ផ្នែកទី ៧: ការផ្តល់ជូនសេវា

Q 38

[បន្ទាញរូបភាព និង ប្រព័ន្ធប្រតិបត្តិការ]

[បង្កើតមាតិកា]

ពួកយើងបានដឹងហើយថាពួកវាពិតជាមានការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី និង ក្រុមអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម។ តើមានអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម តើវាជាការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី និង ក្រុមអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម តើវាជាការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី និង ក្រុមអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម?

និយាយប្រាប់ប្រព័ន្ធប្រតិបត្តិការ, ប្រសិនបើអ្នកជាអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម តើវាជាការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី និង ក្រុមអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម តើវាជាការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី និង ក្រុមអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម?

យើងខ្ញុំរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួន 20 ដែលគំរោងប្រព័ន្ធប្រតិបត្តិការមូលដ្ឋានសំខាន់ៗក្នុងសង្គម សូមអ្នកជ្រើសរើសបញ្ហាមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម តើវាជាការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី និង ក្រុមអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម តើវាជាការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី និង ក្រុមអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម?

ឥឡូវនេះអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម តើវាជាការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី និង ក្រុមអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម?

[ចំណាំ: អ្នកសង្កេតឃើញបញ្ហាជាច្រើនក្នុងសង្គម និង អោយយល់ពីការរំលោភបំពានដល់សិទ្ធិស្រ្តី និង ក្រុមអ្នកដែលរង់ចាំបន្ទាញរូបភាពមួយចំនួនក្នុងសង្គម]

ល.រ	ពិស័យ	ក្រុម	រដ្ឋាភិបាល
		{SECTORTOKEN}	
1	កម្មវិធីស្តុកស្តុកសេវាសុខភាពសាធារណៈ (មន្ទីរពេទ្យ/មន្ទីរសុខភាព/ការសាងសង់កន្លែងស្នាក់នៅស្តុកស្តុកសាង)		
2	កម្មវិធីសេវាកម្មអប់រំសាធារណៈ (ការសាងសង់សាលារៀន/ស្ថាប័នសិក្សា)		
3	កម្មវិធីផ្តល់សេវាសុខភាពសាធារណៈ វិស័យសេវាសុខភាព ក្នុងតំបន់សាងសង់/ក្រុមប្រឹក្សាសុខភាព/ក្រុមការងារសុខភាពសាធារណៈ		
4	កម្មវិធីសេវាកម្មសុខភាពសាធារណៈ និងសេវាសុខភាពសាធារណៈ		
5	កម្មវិធីសេវាកម្មសុខភាពសាធារណៈ និងសេវាសុខភាពសាធារណៈ		
6	កម្មវិធីសាងសង់សាលាសិក្សាសាធារណៈ (ឬសាលាសិក្សាសាធារណៈ)		
7	កម្មវិធីសាងសង់សាលាសិក្សាសាធារណៈ និងកម្មវិធីសាងសង់សាលាសិក្សាសាធារណៈ		
8	កម្មវិធីសាងសង់សាលាសិក្សាសាធារណៈ និងកម្មវិធីសាងសង់សាលាសិក្សាសាធារណៈ		
9	សង្គ្រោះ និងសុវត្ថិភាព		
10	កម្មវិធីសាងសង់សាលាសិក្សាសាធារណៈ/កម្មវិធីសាងសង់សាលាសិក្សាសាធារណៈ		
77	មិនដឹង		
66	មិនដឹង		
99	មិនដឹង		

ឥឡូវនេះយើងខ្ញុំ សូមស្រុកដូចគ្នាមួយចំនួនដែលជាកំណត់ចិត្តបងប្អូនស្រី និង ការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកចង់ការនោះន្ទាត់យុវស្ថានកំណត់ឆ្នាំ 2017.

Q 39a

{VOTED}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកបានដោះស្រាយ ប្រាំ/សប្តាហ៍ កាលពីឆ្នាំ 2017 កន្លងទៅនេះដែរឬទេ?

අයි	1	බෙලනේ Q42
කන/පාස	2	
මිලද්ද	77	බෙලනේ Q42
පවිලෙඩ්මිලද්ද	66	බෙලනේ Q42
මිලද්ද/මිලද්ද	99	බෙලනේ Q42

Q 39b

{VOTEDHERE}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកបានបោះឆ្នោតនៅក្នុងឃុំនេះដែរឬទេ? (សំដៅលើឃុំដែលកំពុងសួរនេះ)

ទេ	1
ឆាន/ចាស់	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាន់វិទ្យាសាស្ត្រ	99

Q 39c

{VOTEDHOME}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកបានបោះឆ្នោតនៅឃុំកំណើតរបស់អ្នក ឬ នៅឃុំដែលអ្នកស្នាក់នៅបច្ចុប្បន្ន/អចិន្ត្រៃយ៍?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
មិនសូវដឹងឡើយ	66
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវច្បាប់	99

Q 40

{VOTETIME}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើការបោះឆ្នោតដែលអ្នកនៅជិតបំផុតបោះឆ្នោត ឬការបោះឆ្នោតដែលអ្នកបានធ្វើការបោះឆ្នោត តើអ្នកប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់/ចាត់ អស់រយៈពេលប៉ុន្មាន?

[ចំណាំ: សូមអត់ប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់ពីការបោះឆ្នោត]

ចំណាំសម្រាប់ DP: រយៈពេលមិនអាចស្មើនឹង 480 នាទីនោះទេ

អត់ប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់រយៈពេល	
មិនដឹង	77
មិនសូវដឹងឡើយ	66
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវច្បាប់	99

នាទី

Q 41a

{EVOTING}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើបន្ទប់បោះឆ្នោតសម្រាប់អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ឯកជនបោះឆ្នោតអភិប្រវត្តិសាស្ត្រដែរឬទេ?

ទេ	1	សេចក្តី Q42
បាទ/ចាស	2	បន្តនៅសំណួរ Q41b
មិនដឹង	77	សេចក្តី Q42
មិនសូវដឹងឡើយ	66	សេចក្តី Q42
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវច្បាប់	99	សេចក្តី Q42

Q 41b

{MACHBREAK}

[ចម្លើយតែមួយគត់]

តើឯកជនបោះឆ្នោតនៅក្នុងបន្ទប់សម្រាប់អ្នក ឬ មិនដឹងការដោះស្រាយ?

ទេ	1
បាទ/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
មិនសូវដឹងឡើយ	66
មិនប្រកាន់ខ្ជាប់នូវច្បាប់	99

ផ្នែកទី 9: ឥទ្ធិពលទៅលើការបោះឆ្នោត

Q 42

[បន្ទាត់សាងសង់]

តើអ្នកយល់ឃើញថា ប្រជាជនកម្ពុជា ដែលបានឆ្នើមនាពេលបោះឆ្នោត តើមានការយល់ច្រឡំ ឬទេ? តើមានការយល់ច្រឡំ ឬទេ?

[បន្ទាត់សាងសង់លេខ 1 ដល់ 5]

នេះគឺជាតារាងកំណត់លេខ 1 ដល់ 5 ដែលលេខ 1 គឺជាលំដាប់ទី 1 និងលេខ 5 គឺជាលំដាប់ទី 5 ។

[បង្ហាញប្រភេទទិន្នន័យ]

			មិនមានឥទ្ធិពលទាល់តែសោះ → មានឥទ្ធិពលខ្លាំង					មិន ដឹង	មិន ស្របច្បាប់	មិន ត្រូវបានបញ្ជាក់
a	{FACTORFAM}	អំណាចរបស់គ្រួសារ និងមិត្តភក្តិរបស់អ្នក	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
b	{FACTORPOLICY}	បើគោលនយោបាយរបស់បេក្ខជនឈរឈ្មោះបោះឆ្នោត ត្រូវបានសម្រេច នៅលើផ្ទៃដី ដែលអ្នកនិយមគ្រួសារអ្នកកំពុងរស់នៅ?	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
c	{FACTORGIFT}	អំណោយ ឬឈ្នួលដោយបេក្ខជនឈរឈ្មោះបោះឆ្នោត	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
d	{FACTORCONNE CT}	សមត្ថភាពរបស់បេក្ខជនក្នុងការដាក់ចេញនយោបាយ ដើម្បីឱ្យប្រជាជនក្នុងតំបន់ ដឹងអំពីការបោះឆ្នោត	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
e	{FACTORFEAR}	ការរើសអើង ឬការគំរាមកំហែងបេក្ខជន	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99
f	{FACTORHELP}	ការជួយបេក្ខជនក្នុងការដាក់ចេញនយោបាយបេក្ខជន	1	2	3	4	5	77	66	99

ផ្នែកទី 10: បណ្តាញសង្គម

Q 43a

{KNOWCOUNCIL}

[បង្ហាញប្រភេទទិន្នន័យ]

តើអ្នកមានសំណើសុំប្រើប្រាស់បណ្តាញសង្គម ឬទេ?

(តើសំណើសុំប្រើប្រាស់បណ្តាញសង្គម ឬទេ? តើអ្នកប្រើប្រាស់បណ្តាញសង្គម ឬទេ? តើអ្នកប្រើប្រាស់បណ្តាញសង្គម ឬទេ?)

ទេ	1	លេខ 44a
បាទ/ចាស	2	មើល ឬមិនមើល 43b
មិនដឹង	77	លេខ 44a
មិនស្របច្បាប់	66	លេខ 44a
មិនត្រូវបានបញ្ជាក់	99	លេខ 44a

Q 43b

{COUNCILNUMB}

[មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

ប្រសិនបើមាន តើមានសមាជិកក្រុមប្រឹក្សាឃុំ/សង្កាត់ចំនួនចំនួននាក់ ដែលអង្គប្រជុំ?

1	1
2	2
3	3
មានលើសពី 3, សូមបញ្ជាក់ : _____	96
មិនដឹង	77
មិនសូវដឹងឡើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានបំពេញ	99

Q 44a

{KNOWDIST}

[មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកមានស្គាល់មន្ត្រីពលករក្រៅស្រុក ជាសមាជិកក្រុមប្រឹក្សាឃុំ/សង្កាត់ដែរឬទេ?

(តើសំដៅលើក្រុមប្រឹក្សាឃុំ/សង្កាត់ដែលមានសមាជិកក្រុមប្រឹក្សាឃុំ/សង្កាត់ ឬជាសមាជិកក្រុមប្រឹក្សាឃុំ/សង្កាត់ ហើយស្គាល់អ្នកដែរ ឬមិនមែនក្រុមប្រឹក្សាឃុំ/សង្កាត់ដែលស្គាល់ស្រាប់តែទេ)

ទេ	1	នេះគឺជា Q45a
បាទ/ចាស	2	បើបាទ/ចាសសូមបញ្ជាក់ Q44b
មិនដឹង	77	នេះគឺជា Q45a
មិនសូវដឹងឡើយ	66	នេះគឺជា Q45a
មិនត្រូវបានបំពេញ	99	នេះគឺជា Q45a

Q 44b

{DISTNUMB}

[មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

ប្រសិនបើមាន តើមានមន្ត្រីពលករក្រៅស្រុកចំនួនចំនួននាក់ ដែលអង្គប្រជុំ?

1	1
2	2
3	3
មានលើសពី 3, សូមបញ្ជាក់ : _____	96
មិនដឹង	77
មិនសូវដឹងឡើយ	66
មិនត្រូវបានបំពេញ	99

Q 45a

{KNOWPROV}

[បង្កើតឱ្យបានត្រឹមត្រូវ]

តើអ្នកមានស្នូលមតិយោបល់ណាមួយដែលបានកើតឡើងក្នុងអំឡុងពេលប្រជុំប្រចាំខែឬទេ?

(តើសំណួរនេះបានរៀបចំឡើងសម្រាប់អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធអ្នកដែរ ឬទេ? តើមានការកែសម្រួលអ្វីមួយទៀតដែរ ឬទេ? តើមានការកែសម្រួលអ្វីមួយទៀតដែរ ឬទេ?)

ឈ្មោះ	1	លេខសំណួរ Q46a
ឈ្មោះ/ឈ្មោះ	2	លេខសំណួរ/ឈ្មោះ សូមបញ្ជាក់ Q45b
លេខសំណួរ	77	លេខសំណួរ Q46a
លេខសំណួរ/ឈ្មោះ	66	លេខសំណួរ Q46a
លេខសំណួរ/ឈ្មោះ	99	លេខសំណួរ Q46a

Q 45b

{PROVNUMB}

[បង្កើតឱ្យបានត្រឹមត្រូវ]

តើមានការកើនឡើងនៃការចូលរួមរបស់អ្នកក្នុងការងារណាមួយដែរ ឬទេ?

1	1
2	2
3	3
មានលើសពី 3, សូមបញ្ជាក់ : _____	96
លេខសំណួរ	77
លេខសំណួរ/ឈ្មោះ	66
លេខសំណួរ/ឈ្មោះ	99

Q 46a

{KNOWGOV}

[បង្កើតឱ្យបានត្រឹមត្រូវ]

តើអ្នកមានអំណត់សម្គាល់ណាមួយដែលបានកើតឡើងក្នុងអំឡុងពេលប្រជុំប្រចាំខែឬទេ?

(តើសំណួរនេះបានរៀបចំឡើងសម្រាប់អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ប្រព័ន្ធអ្នកដែរ ឬទេ? តើមានការកែសម្រួលអ្វីមួយទៀតដែរ ឬទេ? តើមានការកែសម្រួលអ្វីមួយទៀតដែរ ឬទេ?)

ឈ្មោះ	1	លេខសំណួរ Q47
ឈ្មោះ/ឈ្មោះ	2	លេខសំណួរ/ឈ្មោះ សូមបញ្ជាក់ Q46b
លេខសំណួរ	77	លេខសំណួរ Q47
លេខសំណួរ/ឈ្មោះ	66	លេខសំណួរ Q47
លេខសំណួរ/ឈ្មោះ	99	លេខសំណួរ Q47

Q 49a

{FRIENDSCOMMUNE}

[មន្ត្រីយានដ្ឋាន]

នៅទីនេះ តើមានការចេញឆ្នាំចម្បងណាមួយដែលអ្នកកំពុងរស់នៅ តើអ្នកអាចប្រាប់ពីឈ្មោះនៃឆ្នាំនោះដែលអ្នកកំពុងរស់នៅឬ ឬឆ្នាំនោះដែលអ្នកកំពុងរស់នៅ?

ចំណាំសំណួរស្រាវជ្រាវ: សូមប្រាប់ពីឆ្នាំចម្បងណាមួយដែលអ្នកកំពុងរស់នៅ [ប្រាប់ពីឆ្នាំចម្បង]

មិនដឹង	77	នេះនេះ Q49b
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66	នេះនេះ Q49b
មិនប្រកាសពីលទ្ធផល	99	នេះនេះ Q49b

Q 49b

តើអ្នកធ្លាប់ចូលរួមការសម្ភាសន៍នេះ ក្នុងរយៈពេល?

{LASTINT}

ទេ	1
ឯង/ចាស	2
មិនដឹង	77
បដិសេធមិនឆ្លើយ	66
មិនប្រកាសពីលទ្ធផល	99

ការប្រកាសពីលទ្ធផល

ចំណាត់ការប្រកាសពីលទ្ធផល (ក្នុងករណីដែលអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ - ដំណើរការសម្ភាសន៍)

ចំណាំ: តើអ្នកនេះត្រូវបានសម្ភាសន៍ពីមុនឬទេ?

Q 50

{OTHERRESPONDENT}

[មន្ត្រីយានដ្ឋាន]

តើមានអ្នកផ្សេងទៀត ឬ មន្ត្រីយានដ្ឋានណាមួយដែលអ្នកកំពុងរស់នៅ តើអ្នកកំពុងរស់នៅឬ ឬឆ្នាំនោះដែលអ្នកកំពុងរស់នៅ?

សមាជិកគ្រួសារ (នេះគឺជាមួយគ្នា)	1
សមាជិកគ្រួសារ (នេះគឺជាផ្សេងទៀត)	2
មិត្តភក្តិ/អ្នកជិតខាង	3
ស្រាវជ្រាវ	88
ផ្សេងទៀត សូមបញ្ជាក់ : _____	96

Q 51

{RESPPROB}

[មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

តើដំណើរការនៃកិច្ចសម្ភាសន៍មានបញ្ហាអ្វីដែលអាចជះឥទ្ធិពលដល់ការស្រាវជ្រាវក្នុងការកំណត់យល់ពីអ្វីដែលអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍បានឃើញ?

គ្មានបញ្ហា	1
មានបញ្ហាខ្លះ	2
បញ្ហាធំៗ	3

Q 52

{RESPCLASS}

[មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ មានជំនាញដូចម្តេច?

គ្មាន	1
មធ្យម	2
ក្រោមមធ្យម	3
អ្នកធ្វើការមានជំនាញ	4
ធ្វើការប្រើប្រាស់បច្ចេកវិទ្យា ឬ អ្នកស្នើសុំក្នុងកំរិតទាប	5

Q 53

{RESPCOMPREH}

[មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍យល់ពីសំណួរនេះដែរឬទេ?

យល់ខ្លាំង	1
យល់	2
យល់ល្អ	3
យល់តិចៗ	4
មិនយល់ទាល់តែសោះ	5

Q 54

{RESPWILLING} [មឡើយតែមួយគត់]

តើអ្នកសម្ភាសន៍ចង់កំរិតណាក្នុងការកំណត់យល់ពីអ្វី?

ចង់ខ្លាំង	1
ចង់	2
ចង់ល្អ	3
ចង់តិចៗ	4
មិនចង់ទាល់តែសោះ	5

Q 55

{RESPCONC}

[បង្កើតឯកសារ]

តើអ្នកពិចារណាថា អ្នកបេសកកម្មសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិក្នុងការបេសកកម្មសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ ត្រូវបានបង្កើតឡើងដើម្បីអ្វី?

យកចិត្តទុកដាក់	1
ពេលខ្លះត្រូវបានយកចិត្តទុកដាក់	2
មិនយកចិត្តទុកដាក់	3

Q 56

{IVRSTU}

[បង្កើតឯកសារ]

តើម្ចាស់ឈ្មោះអាចប្រើប្រាស់ឈ្មោះ ឬឈ្មោះដែលបានកំណត់ក្នុងឈ្មោះសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិបានឬទេ?

នៅក្នុងតំបន់ប្រជាជន ឬក្នុងតំបន់ដែល អ្នកបេសកកម្មសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ ត្រូវបានបង្កើតឡើង	1	នេះគឺជា Q58
មានមនុស្សម្នាក់ៗដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ឈ្មោះសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ តែម្នាក់ឯង	2	
មានមនុស្សម្នាក់ៗដែលបានប្រើប្រាស់ឈ្មោះសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ តែម្នាក់ឯង (ដូចជា ឈ្មោះសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ ក្នុងតំបន់ប្រជាជន)	3	

Q 57

{OTHPRESGEND}

[បង្កើតឯកសារ]

តើអ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ឈ្មោះសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ ត្រូវបានបង្កើតឡើងដើម្បីអ្វី?

ប្រើប្រាស់ឈ្មោះសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ	1
ប្រើប្រាស់ឈ្មោះសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ	2
មានឈ្មោះសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ តែម្នាក់ឯង	3

Q 58

{RESPCOMFORT}

[បង្កើតឯកសារ]

តើអ្នកបេសកកម្មសហប្រតិបត្តិការជាតិ ត្រូវបានបង្កើតឡើងដើម្បីអ្វី?

មានការពិចារណាស្របតាមការប្រើប្រាស់	1
មានការពិចារណាស្របតាមការប្រើប្រាស់	2
មានការពិចារណាស្របតាមការប្រើប្រាស់	3
មានការពិចារណាស្របតាមការប្រើប្រាស់	4
មិនមានការពិចារណាស្របតាមការប្រើប្រាស់	5

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ANNEX V: REGRESSION TABLES

The tables below report the full regression results from the coefficient plots above. In Tables A.1 to A.10, column one reports the results of the pooled treatment regression (corresponding to the first equation in the data analysis section) and column two reports the results allowing for separate coefficients for the two different treatment arms (corresponding to the second equation in the data analysis section).

Table A.1: Treatment effects: Number of Female Candidates

	(1)	(2)
	Number of Female Candidates	Number of Female Candidates
Pooled Treatment	3.07 ⁺ (1.65)	
SMS Treatment Only		3.38 ⁺ (1.92)
SMS and MOC Treatment		2.76 (1.92)
Constant	15.9*** (1.35)	15.9*** (1.35)
Observations	150	150

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.2: Treatment effects: Share of Female Candidates

	(1)	(2)
	Share of Female Candidates	Share of Female Candidates
SMS Treatment Only	0.028* (0.01)	
SMS and MOC Treatment	0.012 (0.01)	
Pooled Treatment		0.020 ⁺ (0.01)
Constant	0.20*** (0.01)	0.20*** (0.01)
Observations	150	150

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.3: Treatment effects by party: Number of Female Candidates in the CPP

	(1)	(2)
	CPP Female Candidates	CPP Female Candidates
SMS Treatment Only	0.64* (0.31)	
SMS and MOC Treatment	0.36 (0.31)	
Pooled Treatment		0.50+ (0.27)
Constant	3.48*** (0.22)	3.48*** (0.22)
Observations	150	150

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.4: Treatment effects by party: Share of Female Candidates in the CPP

	(1)	(2)
	CPP Share of Female Candidates	CPP Share of Female Candidates
SMS Treatment Only	0.011 (0.01)	
SMS and MOC Treatment	-0.0030 (0.01)	
Pooled Treatment		0.0043 (0.01)
Constant	0.18*** (0.01)	0.18*** (0.01)
Observations	150	150

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.5: Treatment effects by party: Number of Female Candidates in the CNRP

	(1)	(2)
	CNRP Female Candidates	CNRP Female Candidates
SMS Treatment Only	0.64 (0.42)	
SMS and MOC Treatment	0.68 (0.42)	
Pooled Treatment		0.66+ (0.36)
Constant	2.28*** (0.30)	2.28*** (0.29)
Observations	150	150

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.6: Treatment effects by party: Share of Female Candidates in the CNRP

	(1)	(2)
	CNRP Share of Female Candidates	CNRP Share of Female Candidates
SMS Treatment Only	0.021 (0.02)	
SMS and MOC Treatment	0.020 (0.02)	
Pooled Treatment		0.021 (0.02)
Constant	0.13*** (0.01)	0.13*** (0.01)
Observations	150	150

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.7: Treatment effects by party: Number of Female Candidates in the LDP

	(1)	(2)
	LDP Female Candidates	LDP Female Candidates
SMS Treatment Only	0.12 (0.61)	
SMS and MOC Treatment	-0.36 (0.61)	
Pooled Treatment		-0.12 (0.52)
Constant	3.34*** (0.43)	3.34*** (0.43)
Observations	150	150

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.8: Treatment effects by party: Share of Female Candidates in the LDP

	(1)	(2)
	LDP Share of Female Candidates	LDP Share of Female Candidates
SMS Treatment Only	0.0045 (0.03)	
SMS and MOC Treatment	-0.014 (0.03)	
Pooled Treatment		-0.0055 (0.03)
Constant	0.25*** (0.02)	0.25*** (0.02)
Observations	101	101

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.9: Treatment effects by party: Number of Female Candidates in the FUNCINPEC

	(1)	(2)
	FUNCINPEC Female Candidates	FUNCINPEC Female Candidates
SMS Treatment Only	2.10** (0.69)	
SMS and MOC Treatment	1.44* (0.69)	
Pooled Treatment		1.77** (0.60)
Constant	3.26*** (0.49)	3.26*** (0.49)
Observations	150	150

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.10: Treatment effects by party: Share of Female Candidates in the FUNCINPEC

	(1)	(2)
	FUNCINPEC Share of Female Candidates	FUNCINPEC Share of Female Candidates
SMS Treatment Only	0.073* (0.03)	
SMS and MOC Treatment	0.024 (0.03)	
Pooled Treatment		0.048+ (0.03)
Constant	0.24*** (0.02)	0.24*** (0.02)
Observations	115	115

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

The tables below report the full regression results from the individual level coefficient plots above, restricting the sample to female respondents. Regressions include triplet fixed effects and standard errors clustered by commune. Each column is labeled with the dependent variable, and the treatment effect pools both treatment arms.

Table A.11: Individual-level treatment effects: Political Engagement

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Politician in Household	Contacted Politician	Voted
Pooled Treatment	0.0075 (0.02)	0.060 (0.04)	-0.013 (0.01)
Constant	0.27*** (0.02)	6.85*** (0.03)	0.94*** (0.01)
Observations	2044	2044	2044

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors clustered by commune in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.12: Individual-level treatment effects: Political Engagement Commune Meetings

	(1)	(2)
	Attended Commune Meeting	Spoke at Commune Meeting
Pooled Treatment	-0.0019 (0.03)	0.0046 (0.01)
Constant	0.71*** (0.02)	0.15*** (0.01)
Observations	1967	1933

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors clustered by commune in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.13: Individual-level treatment effects: Social Engagement

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Volunteered	All Associational Memberships	Coop Member	Religious Group Member	Recreation Group Member
Pooled Treatment	0.0085 (0.01)	0.014+ (0.01)	0.014 (0.01)	0.019* (0.01)	0.0052 (0.00)
Constant	0.020*** (0.01)	0.076*** (0.01)	0.027*** (0.01)	0.038*** (0.01)	0.013*** (0.00)
Observations	2044	2035	2023	2029	2028

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors clustered by commune in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.14: Individual-level treatment effects: Social Contacts

	(1)	(2)
	Phone Contacts	Friends in the Commune
Pooled Treatment	0.83 (0.51)	-0.058 (0.09)
Constant	6.76*** (0.44)	2.06*** (0.07)
Observations	1852	2044

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors clustered by commune in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.15: Individual-level treatment effects: Top Social Issues Reported

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Land Rights	Food Prices	Fair Elections	Security
Pooled Treatment	-0.011 (0.02)	0.0025 (0.02)	-0.040+ (0.02)	-0.025 (0.02)
Constant	0.45*** (0.02)	0.45*** (0.02)	0.57*** (0.02)	0.38*** (0.02)
Observations	2044	2044	2044	2044

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors clustered by commune in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

Table A.16: Individual-level treatment effects: Top Social Issues Reported

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Women's Rights	Corruption	Environment	Jobs
Pooled Treatment	0.031+ (0.02)	0.0075 (0.02)	0.039* (0.02)	-0.0047 (0.02)
Constant	0.32*** (0.01)	0.29*** (0.02)	0.22*** (0.01)	0.31*** (0.01)
Observations	2044	2044	2044	2044

Linear regression with triplet fixed effects. Standard errors clustered by commune in parentheses. + $p < .1$, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < .001$

ANNEX VI: TIMELINE OF POLITICAL EVENTS

The experimental intervention and impact evaluation project coincided with large scale political changes as Hun Sen implemented new elections and policies, while consolidating his rule as Cambodia's Prime Minister. He marks his 34th consecutive year in power in 2019. His party, Cambodian People's Party (CPP), has placed first in national elections consistently throughout this time period. However, these electoral victories have been met with allegations of voter harassment (1998) and electoral irregularities (2008, 2013) resulting in international condemnation and mass domestic protests in 2013 and 2014 (BBC).

Hun Sen's political opposition has long faced adversity in holding the ruling party to account. The former opposition leader, Sam Rainsy, has been repeatedly stripped of immunity by parliament and forced into exile abroad. His party, Cambodia National Rescue Party (CNRP), made electoral gains in the 2013 national election and 2017 commune elections (Human Rights Watch). Rainsy was sentenced in absentia to five years in prison in 2016 for alleged defamation. Parliament amended a law to ban anyone convicted of an offence from running for office in 2017, and Rainsy was forced to resign as head of CNRP (BBC).

Recent political events implied a further tightening of control by CPP in the lead-up to the general elections on July 29, 2018, as illustrated chronologically in Figure 13.

Figure 13: Political Events in Cambodia March 2017 – July 2018

March 2017	• Kem Sokha, a human rights activist, is appointed the new leader of CNRP (BBC)
June 2017	• Commune elections are held amidst allegations of threats and harassment towards the opposition and civil society groups (Human Rights Watch)
September 2017	• Sokha is arrested and charged with treason (BBC) • Cambodia Daily, an independent newspaper, is forced to close when the General Department of Taxation claims it owes over USD \$6 million in taxes (Human Rights Watch, BBC) • The government revokes licenses for independent radio outlets including Voice of America, Radio Free Asia, and Voice of Democracy (Human Rights Watch)
August 2017	• Ministry of Foreign Affairs orders the closure of the National Democratic Institute, an American-funded NGO, and expels its non-Khmer staff (Human Rights Watch)
October 2017	• Government suspends registration for two other NGOs: Equitable Cambodia and the Federation of Cambodian Intellectuals and Students (Human Rights Watch)
November 2017	• Cambodia's Supreme Court dissolves CNRP and bans 118 CNRP members of parliament and party officials from political activity for five years (Human Rights Watch)
March 2018	• Owner of The Phnom Penh Post, arguably Cambodia's last independent daily newspaper, forced to sell the business after General Department of Taxation claims it owes over USD \$3.9 million in taxes (BBC) • New owner is the director of a public relations firm that lists Hun Sen as a former client
July 2018	• CPP wins all 125 seats in the National Assembly, heralding another five-year term for Hun Sen (VOA) • Opposition raises concerns about pre-election tactics and election logistics (VOA)

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